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Allianz Vision[™] Variable Annuity **Prospectus**

A flexible-payment deferred variable annuity: Allianz Life® Variable Account B

For Vision contracts issued on or after April 29, 2013

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ALLIANZ VISIONSM VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT issued on or after April 29, 2013

Issued by Allianz Life® Variable Account B and Allianz Life Insurance Company of North America (Allianz Life®, we, us, our)

This prospectus describes an individual flexible purchase payment variable deferred annuity contract (Contract) issued by Allianz Life Insurance Company of North America (Allianz Life®, we, us, our).

The Base Contract offers you, the Owner, standard features including: multiple variable investment options (Investment Options) and annuitization options (Annuity Options), a free withdrawal privilege, a seven-year withdrawal charge period, and a death benefit (Traditional Death Benefit). The Contract offers **optional benefits** for an additional charge: Bonus Option provides a 6% bonus on the money you put into the Contract (Purchase Payments) subject to a vesting schedule. Bonus annuity contracts generally have higher charges than contracts without a bonus and therefore, the charges may be greater than the bonus.

Quarterly Value Death Benefit locks in any quarterly investment gains (Quarterly Anniversary Value) to potentially provide an increased death benefit.

Income Focus provides guaranteed lifetime income (Income Focus Payments, which are similar to Lifetime Plus Payments) until annuitization. We base payments on a percentage of adjusted Purchase Payments, and that percentage can potentially increase by 1% each year if your Contract Value increases. Income Focus was available from April 29, 2013 through April 24, 2015 and is described in Appendix F.

Income Protector provides guaranteed lifetime income (Lifetime Plus Payments) until annuitization. We base payments on a value (Benefit Base) that is at least equal to total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals plus a quarterly simple interest increase (Annual Increase).

Income Protector allows access to your investment value (Contract Value) and death benefit for a period of time after payments begin. Payments can begin once the minimum exercise age is met, or as late as age 90. If you are required to annuitize your Contract as a result of current tax law, which may occur at age 95 or later, we provide an annuity option with payments at least equal to the Lifetime Plus Payments you are then receiving as described in section 9, The Annuity Phase – When Annuity Payments Begin.

Investment Protector provides a level of protection for your principal and any annual investment gains (Target Value), on a future date if you hold the Contract for the required period.

If you select the Quarterly Value Death Benefit, you must also select either Income Protector or Investment Protector (an Additional Required Benefit). However, you can select Income Protector or Investment Protector separately without selecting the Quarterly Value Death Benefit. If you select Income Protector or Investment Protector, we restrict your Investment Option selection and allocations and rebalance your Contract Value quarterly. Withdrawals reduce the guaranteed values provided by the Quarterly Value Death Benefit, Income Protector and Investment Protector, and may cause these benefits to end prematurely. For optional benefit availability, see section 11, Selection of Optional Benefits and check with your Financial Professional, the person who provided you advice regarding this Contract. For information on the rates used to calculate the guaranteed values and benefits for the Income Protector and Investment Protector riders, please see the Rate Sheet Supplement. Please see Appendix G of this prospectus for information regarding the rates for previously available Income Protector and Investment Protector riders issued before April 27, 2015.

All guarantees under the Contract are the obligations of Allianz Life and are subject to the claims paying ability of Allianz Life.

Please read this prospectus before investing and keep it for future reference. It contains important information about your annuity and Allianz Life that you ought to know before investing. This prospectus is not an offering in any state, country, or jurisdiction in which we are not authorized to sell the Contracts. You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to give you different information.

Allianz Life Variable Account B is the Separate Account that holds the assets that underlie the Contract. Additional information about the Separate Account has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is available upon written or oral request without charge, or on the EDGAR database on the SEC's website (www.sec.gov). A Statement of Additional Information (SAI) dated the same date as this prospectus includes additional information about the annuity offered by this prospectus. The SAI is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The SAI is filed with the SEC and is available without charge by contacting us at the telephone number or address listed at the back of this prospectus. The SAI's table of contents appears after the Privacy and Security Statement in this prospectus. The prospectus, SAI and other Contract information are also available on the EDGAR database.

The SEC has not approved or disapproved these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. An investment in this Contract is not a deposit of a bank or financial institution and is not federally insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other federal government agency. An investment in this Contract involves investment risk including the possible loss of principal. Variable annuity contracts are complex insurance and investment vehicles. Before you invest, be sure to ask your Financial Professional about the Contract's features, benefits, risks, and fees, and whether the Contract is appropriate for you based upon your financial situation and objectives.

Dated: April 25, 2016

Versions of Optional Benefits That Are No Longer Available

The prospectus appendices include information on features and charges for the following versions of benefits we no longer offer. The benefit version identifier (for example, (07.12)) is located in your rider.

Appendix	Benefit Version No Longer Available	Available From	Available Through
D	Original Traditional Death Benefit(1)	November 20, 2012	April 26, 2013
Е	Original Quarterly Value Death Benefit(1)	November 20, 2012	April 26, 2013
F	Income Focus	April 29, 2013	April 24, 2015
G	Income Protector (10.12)	April 29, 2013	April 24, 2015
Income Protector (04.15)		April 27, 2015	April 22, 2016
	Investment Protector (07.12)	April 29, 2013	July 19, 2013
	Investment Protector (07.13)	July 22, 2013	April 24, 2015
	Investment Protector (04.15)	April 27, 2015	April 22, 2016

⁽¹⁾ This death benefit was available in some states until July 19, 2013 or October 11, 2013 as indicated in Appendix D and Appendix E.

If you select one of the living benefits-Income Protector or Investment Protector-we restrict your Investment Option selection and allocations, and rebalance your Contract Value allocations quarterly.

All of the Investment Options below are available to a Contract with no living benefit. Investment Options available with a living benefit are as follows.

- (1) Income Protector
- (2) Investment Protector

INVESTMENT OPTIONS AVAILABLE UNDER THE CONTRACT

ALLIANZ

RCM Dynamic Multi-Asset Plus VIT Portfolio(1)

ALLIANZ FUND OF FUNDS

AZL® Balanced Index Strategy Fund(2)

AZL® DFA Multi-Strategy Fund(2)

AZL MVP FusionSM Balanced Fund^{(1),(2)}

AZL MVP FusionSM Conservative Fund(1),(2)

AZL MVP FusionSM Growth Fund⁽²⁾

AZL MVP FusionSM Moderate Fund^{(1),(2)}

AZL® MVP Balanced Index Strategy Fund(1),(2)

AZL® MVP BlackRock Global Allocation Fund(1)

AZL® MVP DFA Multi-Strategy Fund(1)

AZL® MVP Franklin Templeton Founding Strategy Plus Fund(1)

AZL® MVP Growth Index Strategy Fund(1),(2)

AZL® MVP Invesco Equity and Income Fund(1)

AZL® MVP T. Rowe Price Capital Appreciation Fund⁽¹⁾

BLACKROCK

AZL® BlackRock Capital Appreciation Fund(2)

AZL® Enhanced Bond Index Fund(1),(2)

AZL® Government Money Market Fund(1).(2)

AZL® International Index Fund(2)

AZL® Mid Cap Index Fund(2)

AZL® Russell 1000 Growth Index Fund(2)

AZL® Russell 1000 Value Index Fund(2)

AZL® S&P 500 Index Fund(2)

AZL® Small Cap Stock Index Fund

BlackRock Global Allocation V.I. Fund(2)

BOSTON COMPANY

AZL® Boston Company Research Growth Fund(2)

DAVIS

Davis VA Financial Portfolio

FEDERATED

AZL® Federated Clover Small Value Fund

FIDELITY

Fidelity VIP FundsManager 50% Portfolio⁽²⁾ Fidelity VIP FundsManager 60% Portfolio⁽²⁾

FRANKLIN TEMPLETON

AZL® Franklin Templeton Founding Strategy Plus Fund⁽²⁾

Franklin Founding Funds Allocation VIP Fund

Franklin High Income VIP Fund

Franklin Income VIP Fund(1),(2)

Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund(2)

Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund(1),(2)

Templeton Global Bond VIP Fund(1),(2)

Templeton Growth VIP Fund(2)

GATEWAY

AZL® Gateway Fund(2)

INVESCO

AZL® Invesco Equity and Income Fund⁽²⁾ AZL® Invesco Growth and Income Fund⁽²⁾

AZL® Invesco International Equity Fund(2)

J.P. MORGAN

AZL® JPMorgan International Opportunities Fund⁽²⁾ AZL® JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund⁽²⁾

JPMorgan Insurance Trust Core Bond Portfolio(2)

METWEST

AZL® MetWest Total Return Bond Fund(1),(2)

MFS

AZL® MFS Investors Trust Fund(2) AZL® MFS Mid Cap Value Fund(2)

AZL® MFS Value Fund(2)

MFS VIT Total Return Bond Portfolio(2)

MORGAN STANLEY

AZL® Morgan Stanley Global Real Estate Fund

MORGAN STANLEY and J.P. MORGAN

AZL® Multi-Manager Mid Cap Growth Fund(2)

NF.I

AZL® NFJ International Value Fund⁽²⁾
Allianz NFJ Dividend Value VIT Portfolio⁽²⁾

OPPENHEIMER FUNDS

AZL® Oppenheimer Discovery Fund

PIMCO

PIMCO VIT All Asset Portfolio(1),(2)

PIMCO VIT CommodityRealReturn® Strategy

Portfolio

PIMCO VIT Emerging Markets Bond Portfolio

PIMCO VIT Global Advantage Strategy Bond

Portfolio(1),(2)

PIMCO VIT Global Bond Portfolio (Unhedged)

PIMCO VIT Global Dividend Portfolio(2)

PIMCO VIT Global Multi-Asset Managed Allocation

Portfolio(2)

PIMCO VIT Global Multi-Asset Managed Volatility

Portfolio(1)

PIMCO VIT High Yield Portfolio(1),(2)

PIMCO VIT Real Return Portfolio(1),(2)

PIMCO VIT Total Return Portfolio(1),(2)

PIMCO VIT Unconstrained Bond Portfolio(1),(2)

PYRAMIS

AZL® Pyramis® Total Bond Fund(1),(2)

SCHRODER

AZL® Schroder Emerging Markets Equity Fund

T. ROWE PRICE

AZL® T. Rowe Price Capital Appreciation Fund(2)

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GLOSSARY

This prospectus is written in plain English. However, there are some technical words or terms that are capitalized and are used as defined terms throughout the prospectus. For your convenience, we included this glossary to define these terms.

Accumulation Phase – the initial phase of your Contract before you apply your total Contract Value to Annuity Payments. The Accumulation Phase begins on the Issue Date.

Additional Required Benefit – an additional optional benefit you must have if you choose the Quarterly Value Death Benefit. Additional Required Benefits include Income Protector, Investment Protector, and the previously available Income Focus.

Annual Increase – an amount used to determine the Benefit Base under Income Protector before Lifetime Plus Payments begin as discussed in section 11.a. If selected at issue, it is equal to total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals plus a quarterly simple interest increase. We then reset this value to equal the current Contract Value if greater, and apply future quarterly simple interest to this reset value.

Annual Increase Percentage – the simple interest increase we apply quarterly to the Annual Increase as discussed in section 11.a. The Annual Increase Percentage for the Income Protector rider is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement that you receive at the time you select the benefit and that is in effect on your Rider Effective Date. Please see Appendix G for the Annual Increase Percentage for previously available Income Protector riders issued before April 27, 2015.

Annuitant – the individual upon whose life we base the Annuity Payments. Subject to our approval, the Owner designates the Annuitant, and can add a joint Annuitant for the Annuity Phase. There are restrictions on who can become an Annuitant.

Annuity Date – the date we begin making Annuity Payments to the Payee from the Contract.

Annuity Options – the annuity income options available to you under the Contract.

Annuity Payments – payments made by us to the Payee pursuant to the chosen Annuity Option.

Annuity Phase – the phase the Contract is in once Annuity Payments begin.

Base Contract – the Contract without any optional benefits.

Beneficiary – unless otherwise required by the Contract, the person(s) or entity the Owner designates to receive any death benefit.

Benefit Anniversary – a twelve-month anniversary of the Benefit Date, or any subsequent twelve-month Benefit Anniversary.

Benefit Base – the amount we use to determine the initial annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment as discussed in section 11.a.

Benefit Date – the date you begin receiving Lifetime Plus Payments under Income Protector or Income Focus Payments under Income Focus.

Benefit Year – any period of twelve months beginning on the Benefit Date, or on a subsequent Benefit Anniversary.

Bonus Option – an optional benefit available for an additional charge that provides a 6% bonus on Purchase Payments we receive before the older Owner reaches age 81 (subject to a three-year vesting schedule) as discussed in section 11.d. This benefit has an additional M&E charge and a higher and longer withdrawal charge schedule.

Bonus Value – if you have the Bonus Option, the total Contract Value plus any unvested bonus amounts.

Business Day – each day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading, except when an Investment Option does not value its shares. Allianz Life is open for business on each day that the New York Stock Exchange is open. Our Business Day closes when regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange closes, which is usually at 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time.

Charge Lock Date – this is the date after which your Income Protector or Income Focus rider charge does not change.

Charge Lock Option – a rider that may be available to you if you have Income Protector or Income Focus and we increase your benefit's rider charge. The Charge Lock Option rider allows you to keep your benefit at the current rider charge, but with reduced guaranteed values and payments, and no opportunity for future payment increases. The Charge Lock Option rider for Income Protector is discussed in section 11.a, and for Income Focus it is discussed in Appendix F.

Contract – the individual flexible purchase payment variable deferred annuity contract described by this prospectus.

Contract Anniversary – a twelve-month anniversary of the Issue Date or any subsequent twelve-month Contract Anniversary.

Contract Value – on any Business Day, the sum of the values in your selected Investment Options. The Contract Value reflects the deduction of any contract maintenance charge, transfer fee, M&E charge and rider charge, but does not reflect the deduction of any withdrawal charge. If you have the Bonus Option, Contract Value includes only vested bonus amounts; it does not include unvested bonus amounts.

Contract Year – any period of twelve months beginning on the Issue Date or a subsequent Contract Anniversary.

Covered Person(s) – the person(s) upon whose age and lifetime(s) we base Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments. There are restrictions on who can become a Covered Person.

Daily Transactions – On a Business Day, any additional Purchase Payments received, any withdrawals taken, or transfer fees deducted. Withdrawals include Lifetime Plus Payments, Income Focus Payments and Excess Withdrawals.

Determining Life (Lives) – the person(s) designated at Contract issue and named in the Contract on whose life we base the guaranteed Traditional Death Benefit or Quarterly Value Death Benefit.

Earliest Anniversary – the earliest available initial Target Value Date that you can select as discussed in section 11.b. In the Contract the Earliest Anniversary is called the Earliest Target Value Anniversary. The Earliest Anniversary for the Investment Protector rider is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement that you receive at the time you select the benefit and that is in effect on your Rider Effective Date. Please see Appendix G for the Earliest Anniversary for previously available Investment Protector riders issued before April 27, 2015.

Excess Withdrawal – if you select Income Protector or have Income Focus, the amount of any withdrawal you take while you are receiving Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments that, when added to other withdrawals taken during the Benefit Year, is greater than your annual maximum permitted payment. Excess Withdrawals reduce your Contract Value and any guaranteed values, and may end your Contract.

Financial Professional – the person who advises you regarding the Contract.

Future Anniversary – the number of Rider Anniversaries that occur between the initial Target Value Date and each subsequent Target Value Date as discussed in section 11.b. The Future Anniversary for the Investment Protector rider is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement that you receive at the time you select the benefit and that is in effect on your Rider Effective Date. Please see Appendix G for the Future Anniversary for previously available Investment Protector riders issued before April 27, 2015.

Good Order – a request is in "Good Order" if it contains all of the information we require to process the request. If we require information to be provided in writing, "Good Order" also includes providing information on the correct form, with any required certifications, guarantees and/or signatures, and received at our Service Center after delivery to the correct mailing, email, or website address, which are all listed at the back of this prospectus. If you have questions about the information we require, or whether you can submit certain information by fax, email or over the web, please contact our Service Center. If you send information by email or upload it to our website, we send you a confirmation number that includes the date and time we received your information.

Guarantee Percentage – a percentage we use to calculate the Target Value as discussed in section 11.b. The Guarantee Percentage for the Investment Protector rider is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement that you receive at the time you select the benefit and that is in effect on your Rider Effective Date. Please see Appendix G for the Guarantee Percentage for previously available Investment Protector riders issued before April 27, 2015.

Guarantee Years – the maximum number of years that you can receive simple interest increases under the Annual Increase as discussed in section 11.a. The Guarantee Years for the Income Protector rider are stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement that you receive at the time you select the benefit and that is in effect on your Rider Effective Date. Please see Appendix G for the Guarantee Years for previously available Income Protector riders issued before April 27, 2015.

Income Focus – an optional benefit described in Appendix F that has an additional rider charge and is intended to provide a payment stream for life in the form of partial withdrawals. **Income Focus provides no payment until the younger Covered Person is at least age 60.**

Income Focus Payment – the payment we make to you under Income Focus based on Income Value(s) and associated Income Value Percentage(s).

Income Protector – an optional benefit described in section 11.a that has an additional rider charge and is intended to provide a payment stream for life in the form of partial withdrawals. Income Protector provides no payment until the younger Covered Person meets the minimum exercise age stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement for the Income Protector rider, or stated in Appendix G for the previously available Income Protector riders issued before April 27, 2015.

Income Value(s) – if you have Income Focus, we establish an Income Value for all Purchase Payments received in a specific time period that have the same associated Income Value Percentage as stated in Appendix F. We adjust each Income Value for subsequent withdrawals. A single Contract may have multiple Income Values. We use Income Value(s) to calculate the annual maximum Income Focus Payment.

Income Value Percentage(s) – a percentage we apply to each Income Value to determine the annual maximum Income Focus Payment. We establish a separate Income Value Percentage for each Income Value as discussed in Appendix F. Each Income Value Percentage can potentially increase by 1% each year if your Contract Value increases.

Increase Base – an amount we use to determine the Annual Increase as discussed in section 11.a. If you selected Income Protector at issue, it is initially equal to total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals. On Quarterly Anniversaries, if we reset the Annual Increase to equal the current Contract Value, we also reset the Increase Base to equal the current Contract Value.

Investment Options – the variable investments available to you under the Contract. Investment Option performance is based on the securities in which they invest.

Investment Protector – an optional benefit described in section 11.b and Appendix G that has an additional rider charge and is intended to provide a level of protection for your principal and any annual investment gains on a specific date in the future.

Issue Date – the date shown on the Contract that starts the first Contract Year. Contract Anniversaries and Contract Years are measured from the Issue Date. We must receive your initial Purchase Payment and all necessary information before we issue the Contract.

Joint Owners – two Owners who own a Contract.

Last Increase Date – if you have Income Protector and select the Charge Lock Option rider, this is the date after which you no longer receive automatic increases to your guaranteed values and payments.

Last Performance Increase Date – if you have Income Focus and select the Charge Lock Option rider, this is the date after which your Income Value Percentages no longer receive Performance Increases.

Lifetime Plus Payment – the payment we make to you under Income Protector based on the Benefit Base.

Non-Qualified Contract – a Contract that is not purchased under a pension or retirement plan qualified for special tax treatment under sections of the Internal Revenue Code.

Owner – "you," "your" and "yours." The person(s) or entity designated at Contract issue and named in the Contract who may exercise all rights granted by the Contract.

Payee – the person or entity who receives Annuity Payments during the Annuity Phase.

Payment Percentages – a percentage we use to calculate the annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment as discussed in section 11.a. The Payment Percentages table for the Income Protector rider is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement that you receive at the time you select the benefit and that is in effect on your Rider Effective Date. Please see Appendix G for the Payment Percentages table for previously available Income Protector riders issued before April 27, 2015.

Performance Increase – a 1% annual increase to each Income Value Percentage if your annual Contract Value increases. A Performance Increase occurs for an Income Value Percentage only if it is associated with an Income Value we have had for at least one full Rider Year.

Purchase Payment – the money you put into the Contract.

Qualified Contract – a Contract purchased under a pension or retirement plan qualified for special tax treatment under sections of the Internal Revenue Code (for example, 401(a) and 401(k) plans), Individual Retirement Annuities (IRAs), or Tax-Sheltered Annuities (referred to as TSA or 403(b) contracts). Currently, we issue Qualified Contracts that may include, but are not limited to Roth IRAs, Traditional IRAs and Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) IRAs.

Quarterly Anniversary – the day that occurs three calendar months after the Issue Date or any subsequent Quarterly Anniversary.

Quarterly Anniversary Value – the highest Contract Value on any Quarterly Anniversary before age 91, adjusted for subsequent Purchase Payments and withdrawals, used to determine Income Protector's Benefit Base as discussed in section 11.a, and the Quarterly Value Death Benefits in section 11.c and Appendix E.

Quarterly Value Death Benefit – an optional benefit described in section 11.c and Appendix E that has an additional M&E charge and is intended to provide an increased death benefit. Also requires selection of an Additional Required Benefit.

Rate Sheet Supplement – the supplement that must accompany this prospectus that contain the rates for the values used to calculate the benefits provided by the Income Protector and Investment Protector riders that you receive at the time you select the benefit and that is in effect on your Rider Effective Date. The Rate Sheet Supplement has the values for the Annual Increase Percentage, Guarantee Years and Payment Percentages table for Income Protector; and the values for the Guarantee Percentage, Earliest Anniversary and Future Anniversary for Investment Protector. Once these rates are established for your Contract, they will not change while your benefit is in effect.

Rider Anniversary – a twelve-month anniversary of the Rider Effective Date or any subsequent twelve-month Rider Anniversary.

Rider Anniversary Value – the highest Contract Value on any Rider Anniversary, adjusted for subsequent Purchase Payments and withdrawals, used to determine Investment Protector's Target Value as discussed in section 11.b.

Rider Effective Date – the date shown on the Contract that starts the first Rider Year if you select Income Protector or Investment Protector, or have Income Focus. Rider Anniversaries and Rider Years are measured from the Rider Effective Date.

Rider Year – any period of twelve months beginning on the Rider Effective Date or a subsequent Rider Anniversary.

Separate Account – Allianz Life Variable Account B is the Separate Account that issues your Contract. It is a separate investment account of Allianz Life. The Separate Account holds the Investment Options that underlie the Contracts. The Separate Account is divided into subaccounts, each of which invests exclusively in a single Investment Option.

Service Center – the area of our company that issues Contracts and provides Contract maintenance and routine customer service. Our Service Center address and telephone number are listed at the back of this prospectus. The address for mailing applications and/or checks for Purchase Payments may be different and is also listed at the back of this prospectus.

Target Value – if you select Investment Protector at issue, it is the greater of total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals, or the Rider Anniversary Value multiplied by the Guarantee Percentage on each Target Value Date as stated in section 11.b.

Target Value Date – the date on which we guarantee your Contract Value cannot be less than the Target Value.

Total Income Value – the sum of all your individual Income Value(s). We use the Total Income Value to determine your Income Focus rider charge.

Traditional Death Benefit – the death benefit provided by the Contract that is equal to the greater of Contract Value, or total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals described in section 10 and Appendix D.

Valid Claim – the documents we require to be received in Good Order at our Service Center before we pay any death claim. This includes the death benefit payment option, due proof of death, and any required governmental forms. Due proof of death includes a certified copy of the death certificate, a decree of court of competent jurisdiction as to the finding of death, or any other proof satisfactory to us.

Withdrawal Charge Basis – the total amount under your Contract that is subject to a withdrawal charge.

FEE TABLES

These tables describe the fees and expenses you pay when purchasing, owning and taking a withdrawal from the Contract, or transferring Contract Value between Investment Options. For more information, see section 7, Expenses.

OWNER TRANSACTION EXPENSES

Withdrawal Charge During Your Contract's Initial Phase, the Accumulation Phase⁽¹⁾ (as a percentage of each Purchase Payment withdrawn)⁽²⁾

Number of Complete	Withdrawal Charge Amount(3)			
Years Since Purchase Payment	Base Contract ⁽⁴⁾	Bonus Option ⁽⁵⁾		
0	8.5%	8.5%		
1	8.5%	8.5%		
2	7.5%	8.5%		
3	6.5%	8%		
4	5%	7%		
5	4%	6%		
6	3%	5%		
7	0%	4%		
8	0%	3%		
9 years or more	0%	0%		

Transfer Fee ⁽⁶⁾	\$25
(for each transfer after twelve in a Contract Year)	
Premium Tax ⁽⁷⁾	3.5%
(as a percentage of each Purchase Payment)	

OWNER PERIODIC EXPENSES

Contract Maintenance Charge⁽⁸⁾......\$50 (per Contract per year)

- (1) The Contract provides a free withdrawal privilege that allows you to withdraw 12% of your total Purchase Payments annually without incurring a withdrawal charge as discussed in section 8, Access to Your Money Free Withdrawal Privilege.
- (2) The Withdrawal Charge Basis is the amount subject to a withdrawal charge as discussed in section 7, Expenses Withdrawal Charge.
- (3) In Florida, the total withdrawal charge on a partial or full withdrawal cannot be greater than 10% of the Contract Value withdrawn.
- (4) In Mississippi, the withdrawal charge is 8.5%, 7.5%, 6.5%, 5.5%, 5%, 4%, 3% and 0% for the time periods referenced.
- (5) Not available in Connecticut or Oregon. In Mississippi, the withdrawal charge is 8%, 8%, 8%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 3.5%, 1.5% and 0% for the time periods referenced.
- (6) We count all transfers made in the same Business Day as one transfer. Program and benefit related transfers are not subject to the transfer fee and do not count against the free transfers we allow as discussed in section 7, Expenses Transfer Fee. Transfers are subject to the market timing policies discussed in section 5, Investment Options Excessive Trading and Market Timing.
- (7) Not currently deducted, but we reserve the right to do so in the future. This is the maximum charge we could deduct if we exercise this right as discussed in section 7, Expenses Premium Tax.
- (8) Waived if the Contract Value is at least \$100,000 as discussed in section 7, Expenses Contract Maintenance Charge.

Mortality and Expense Risk (M&E) Charge⁽⁹⁾ (as a percentage of each

Investment Options' net asset value)

Base Contract without optional benefits	1.40%
Base Contract with Quarterly Value Death Benefit(10)	1.70%
Base Contract with the Bonus Option(11)	1.70%
Base Contract with the Bonus Option and	2.00%
Quarterly Value Death Benefit(10),(11)	

	Rider Charge		
Currently Available Riders	Maximum	Current ⁽¹²⁾	
Income Protector(13)			
Single Lifetime Plus Payments (as a percentage of the Benefit Base)	2.50%	1.40%	
Joint Lifetime Plus Payments (as a percentage of the Benefit Base)	2.75%	1.40%	
Investment Protector (as a percentage of the Target Value)	2.50%	1.30%	

		Rider Charge			
Previously Available Income		Maximum		Current ⁽¹²⁾	
Protector and Income Focus Riders (Version Identifier)	Available Dates	Single Payments	Joint Payments	Single Payments	Joint Payments
Income Protector with Lifetime Plus Payments ⁽¹³⁾ (as a percentage of the Benefit Base)					
Income Protector (10.12)	4/29/2013 – 4/24/2015	2.50%	2.75%	1.20%	1.20%
Income Focus with Income Focus Payments(13) (as a percentage of the Total Income Value)					
Income Focus	4/29/2013 - 4/24/2015	2.75%	2.95%	1.30%	1.30%

Previously Available Investment Protector Riders		Rider Charge (as a percentage of the Target Value)		
(Version Identifier)	Available Dates	Maximum	Current ⁽¹²⁾	
Investment Protector (07.13)	7/22/2013 – 4/24/2015	2.50%	1.30%	
Investment Protector (07.12)	4/29/2013 - 7/19/2013	2.50%	1.30%	

ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES OF THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS

Following are the minimum and maximum total annual operating expenses charged by any of the Investment Options for the period ended December 31, 2015, before the effect of any contractual expense reimbursement or fee waiver. We show the expenses as a percentage of an Investment Option's average daily net assets.

	Minimum	Maximum
Total annual Investment Option operating expenses(14)		
(including management fees, distribution or 12b-1 fees, and other expenses)		
before fee waivers and expense reimbursements	0.49%	1.86%

- (9) We do not assess the M&E charge during the Annuity Phase. See section 7, Expenses Mortality and Expense Risk (M&E) Charge.
- (10) If you remove an Additional Required Benefit from your Contract without simultaneously replacing it, we no longer assess the additional 0.30% M&E charge for the Quarterly Value Death Benefit after the rider termination date.
- (11) Not available in Connecticut or Oregon.
- (12) The current rider charge may increase or decrease on each Quarterly Anniversary. For Income Protector and Investment Protector see section 7, Expenses Rider Charge. For Income Focus see Appendix F.
- (13) If you select the Charge Lock Option rider, the rider charge for Income Protector or Income Focus is fixed at the rate in effect on the Charge Lock Date. You will continue to pay the rider charge after the Charge Lock Date as long as your selected benefit is in effect and your Contract Value is positive. For Income Protector see section 7, Expenses Rider Charge. For Income Focus see Appendix F.
- (14) Some of the Investment Options or their affiliates may also pay service fees to us or our affiliates. Amounts may be different for each Investment Option. The maximum current fee is 0.25%. If these fees are deducted from Investment Option assets, they are reflected in the above table and disclosed in Appendix A. Appendix A contains annual operating expense details for each Investment Option.

EXAMPLES

These examples are intended to help you compare the cost of investing in this Contract with the costs of other variable annuity contracts. These examples assume you make a \$10,000 investment and your selected Investment Options earn a 5% annual return. They also assume the maximum potential fees and charges for each period and are not a representation of past or future expenses. Your Contract expenses may be more or less than the examples below, depending on the Investment Option(s) and optional benefits you select, and whether and when you take withdrawals.

We deduct the \$50 contract maintenance charge in the examples on each Contract Anniversary during the Accumulation Phase (or the next Business Day if the Contract Anniversary is not a Business Day), and we deduct it from each Annuity Payment during the Annuity Phase. We may waive this charge under certain circumstances, as described in section 7, Expenses – Contract Maintenance Charge. A transfer fee may apply, but is not reflected in these examples (see section 7, Expenses – Transfer Fee).

All figures in the examples below reflect the most expensive combination of benefits, which is the Base Contract with Bonus Option, Quarterly Value Death Benefit, and Income Protector with joint payments (8.5% declining withdrawal charge, 2.00% M&E charge and a maximum rider charge of 2.75%).

1) If you surrender your Contract (take a full withdrawal) at the end of each time period.

Total annual Investment Option operating expenses before any fee waivers or expense reimbursements of:	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
1.86% (the maximum Investment Option operating expense)	\$1,583	\$3,072	\$4,439	\$7,607
0.49% (the minimum Investment Option operating expense)	\$1,443	\$2,674	\$3,809	\$6,536

2) If you annuitize your Contract and begin Annuity Payments at the end of each time period. The earliest available Annuity Date (the date Annuity Payments begin) is two years after the Issue Date (the date we issue the Contract) in all states except Florida, which is one year after the Issue Date.

Total annual Investment Option operating expenses before any fee waivers or expense reimbursements of:	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
1.86% (the maximum Investment Option operating expense)	-	\$2,222	\$3,739	\$7,607
0.49% (the minimum Investment Option operating expense)	-	\$1,824	\$3,109	\$6,536

3) If you do not surrender your Contract.

Total annual Investment Option operating expenses before any fee waivers or expense reimbursements of:	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
1.86% (the maximum Investment Option operating expense)	\$733	\$2,222	\$3,739	\$7,607
0.49% (the minimum Investment Option operating expense)	\$593	\$1,824	\$3,109	\$6,536

See Appendix B for condensed financial information regarding the accumulation unit values (AUVs) for Contracts offered as of December 31, 2015.

NOTE FOR CONTRACTS ISSUED BEFORE APRIL 27, 2015: In example 1 (if you surrender your Contract) and example 3 (if you do not surrender your Contract), the most expensive combination of benefits in Year 1 are for the Base Contract with Bonus Option, Quarterly Value Death Benefit, and Income Focus with joint payments (8.5% declining withdrawal charge, 2.00% M&E charge and a maximum rider charge of 2.95%). Please see Appendix I for expense example 1 (full surrender) and 3 (no surrender) for these Contracts.

1. THE VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT

An annuity is a contract between you as the Owner, and an insurance company (in this case Allianz Life), where you make payments to us and the money is invested in Investment Options available through the Contract. Depending on market conditions, your Contract can gain or lose value based on your selected Investment Options' performance. When you are ready to take money out, we make payments to you according to your instructions and any restrictions associated with the payout option you select that is described in this prospectus. We do not make any changes to your Contract without your permission except as may be required by law.

The Contract has an Accumulation Phase and an Annuity Phase.

The Accumulation Phase is the first phase of your Contract, and it begins on the Issue Date. During the Accumulation Phase, your money is invested in the Investment Options you select on a tax-deferred basis. Tax deferral means you are not taxed on any earnings or appreciation on the assets in your Contract until you take money out of your Contract. (For more information, see section 12, Taxes.)

During the Accumulation Phase you can take withdrawals (subject to any withdrawal charge) and you can make additional Purchase Payments subject to the restrictions set out in section 3, Purchasing the Contract – Purchase Requirements. The Contract also offers the following optional benefits, for an additional charge.

Currently Available Riders

- Income Protector (see section 11.a) provides guaranteed lifetime income called Lifetime Plus Payments that can begin once the minimum exercise age is met, or as late as age 90. We base payments on the Benefit Base that is at least equal to the Annual Increase (total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals plus a quarterly simple interest increase). You must be age 80 or younger to select Income Protector. Appendix G contains information specific to previously available versions of this benefit.
- Investment Protector (see section 11.b) provides a Target Value (a level of protection for your principal and any annual investment gains) that is available on a future date if you hold the Contract for the required period. You must be age 80 or younger to select Investment Protector. Appendix G contains information specific to previously available versions of this benefit.
- The Quarterly Value Death Benefit (see section 11.c) potentially provides an increased death benefit based on the highest quarterly Contract Value adjusted for withdrawals (Quarterly Anniversary Value). The Quarterly Value Death Benefit is only available at issue and requires you to also select an Additional Required Benefit (either Income Protector, Income Focus, or Investment Protector). Appendix E contains information specific to previously available versions of this benefit.
- **The Bonus Option** (see section 11.d) provides a 6% bonus on Purchase Payments received before age 81 subject to a three-year vesting schedule. The Bonus Option has a higher and longer withdrawal charge schedule and is only available at issue.

Previously Available Rider

• Income Focus (see Appendix F) provides guaranteed lifetime income called Income Focus Payments (which are similar to Lifetime Plus Payments) that can begin from age 60 to age 90. We base payments on a percentage (Income Value Percentage) of each Income Value (Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals). Income Value Percentages can potentially increase by 1% each year if your Contract Value increases (Performance Increases). Income Focus was available from April 29, 2013 through April 24, 2015.

The Accumulation Phase ends upon the earliest of the following.

- The Business Day before the Annuity Date. A Business Day is any day the New York Stock Exchange is open, except when an Investment Option does not value its shares.
- The Business Day we process your request for a full withdrawal.
- Upon the death of any Owner (or the Annuitant if the Contract is owned by a non-individual), the Business Day we first receive a Valid Claim from any one Beneficiary, unless the surviving spouse/Beneficiary continues the Contract. If there are multiple Beneficiaries, the remaining Contract Value continues to fluctuate with the performance of the Investment Options until the complete distribution of the death benefit.

If you request Annuity Payments, your Contract enters the Annuity Phase. During the Annuity Phase we make regular periodic payments (Annuity Payments) based on the life of a person you choose (the Annuitant). We send Annuity Payments to you (the Payee). You can choose when Annuity Payments begin (the Annuity Date), subject to certain restrictions. We base Annuity Payments on your Contract Value and the payout rates for the Annuity Option you select. Your Annuity Payments do not change unless an Annuitant dies. The Annuity Phase ends when we make the last Annuity Payment under your selected Annuity Option. For more information, see section 9, The Annuity Phase.

STATE SPECIFIC CONTRACT RESTRICTIONS

If you purchase a Contract, it is subject to the law of the state in which it is issued. Some of the features of your Contract may differ from the features of a Contract issued in another state because of state-specific legal requirements. Features for which there are state-specific Contract provisions include the following.

- Free look/right to examine provisions.
- The withdrawal charge.
- Restrictions on additional Purchase Payments, joint Covered Persons, Contract assignments and the earliest Annuity Date.
- Availability of the Bonus Option, Investment Protector rider, Charge Lock Option rider and waiver of withdrawal charge benefit.
- Termination of the Income Protector and Income Focus riders.

All material state variations in the Contract are disclosed in this prospectus. If you would like more information regarding state-specific Contract provisions, you should contact your Financial Professional or contact our Service Center at the toll-free telephone number listed at the back of this prospectus. Our "Service Center" is the area of our company that issues Contracts and provides Contract maintenance and routine customer service.

WHEN THE CONTRACT ENDS

The Contract ends when:

- all applicable phases of the Contract (Accumulation Phase and/or Annuity Phase) have ended, and/or
- if we received a Valid Claim, all applicable death benefit payments have been made.

For example, if you purchase a Contract and later take a full withdrawal of the total Contract Value, both the Accumulation Phase and the Contract end even though the Annuity Phase never began and we did not make any death benefit payments.

OWNERS, ANNUITANTS, AND OTHER SPECIFIED PERSONS

OWNER

You, as the Owner, have all the rights under the Contract. The Owner is designated at Contract issue. The Owner may be a non-individual, which is anything other than an individual person, which could be a trust, qualified plan, or corporation. Qualified Contracts can only have one Owner.

JOINT OWNERS

Non-Qualified Contracts can be owned by up to two individual Owners. If a Contract has Joint Owners, we generally require the signature of both Owners on any forms that are submitted to our Service Center.

ANNUITANT

The Annuitant is the individual on whose life we base Annuity Payments. Subject to our approval, you designate an Annuitant when you purchase a Contract. For Qualified Contracts, before the Annuity Date the Owner must be the Annuitant unless the Contract is owned by a qualified plan or is part of a custodial arrangement. You can change the Annuitant on an individually owned Non-Qualified Contract at any time before the Annuity Date, but you cannot change the Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual (for example, a qualified plan or trust). Subject to our approval, you can add a joint Annuitant on the Annuity Date. For Qualified Contracts, the ability to add a joint Annuitant is subject to any plan requirements associated with the Contract. For jointly owned Contracts, if the Annuitant dies before the Annuity Date, the younger Owner automatically becomes the new Annuitant, but the Owner can subsequently name another Annuitant.

Designating different persons as Owner(s) and Annuitant(s) can have important impacts on whether a death benefit is paid, and on who receives it as indicated below. For more examples, please see the Appendix to the SAI. Use care when designating Owners and Annuitants, and consult your Financial Professional if you have questions.

UPON THE DEATH OF A SOLE OWNER

Action if the Contract is in the Accumulation Phase

- We pay a death benefit to the person you designate (the Beneficiary) unless the Beneficiary is the surviving spouse and continues the Contract.
- If the deceased Owner was a Determining Life and the surviving spouse Beneficiary continues the Contract:
 - we increase the Contract Value to equal the guaranteed death benefit value if greater and available, and the death benefit ends,
 - the surviving spouse becomes the new Owner,
 - the Accumulation Phase continues, and
 - upon the surviving spouse's death, his or her Beneficiary(s) receives the Contract Value.

(The guaranteed death benefit value is total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals if the Traditional Death Benefit applies, or the Quarterly Anniversary Value if the Quarterly Value Death Benefit applies.)

 If the deceased Owner was not the Determining Life the Traditional Death Benefit or Quarterly Value Death Benefit are not available.

Action if the Contract is in the Annuity Phase

- The Beneficiary becomes the Payee. If we are still required to make Annuity Payments under the selected Annuity Option, the Beneficiary also becomes the new Owner.
- If the deceased was not an Annuitant, Annuity Payments to the Payee continue. No death benefit is payable.
- If the deceased was the only surviving Annuitant, Annuity Payments end or continue as follows.
 - Annuity Option 1 or 3, payments end.
 - Annuity Option 2 or 4, payments end when the guarantee period ends.
 - Annuity Option 5, payments end and the Payee may receive a lump sum refund.
- If the deceased was an Annuitant and there is a surviving joint Annuitant, Annuity Payments to the Payee continue during the lifetime of the surviving joint Annuitant. No death benefit is payable.

DETERMINING LIFE (LIVES)

The Determining Life (Lives) are the individuals on whose life we base the guaranteed Traditional Death Benefit or Quarterly Value Death Benefit. We establish the Determining Life (Lives) at Contract issue and they generally do not change. For an individually owned Contract the Determining Life (Lives) are the Owner(s). For a non-individually owned Contract the Determining Life is the Annuitant. After the Issue Date the Determining Life (Lives) only change as follows:

- If you remove a Joint Owner due to divorce we also remove that person as a Determining Life, or
- If you establish a jointly owned Non-Qualified Contract and change ownership to a Trust, we remove the prior Owner who is not the Annuitant as a Determining Life.

BENEFICIARY

The Beneficiary is the person(s) or entity you designate at Contract issue to receive any death benefit. You can change the Beneficiary or contingent Beneficiary at any time before your death unless you name an irrevocable Beneficiary. If a Beneficiary predeceases you, or you and a Beneficiary die simultaneously as defined by applicable state law or regulation, that Beneficiary's interest in this Contract ends unless your Beneficiary designation specifies otherwise. If there are no surviving Beneficiaries or if there is no named Beneficiary, we pay the death benefit to your estate or the Owner if the Owner is a non-individual.

NOTE FOR JOINTLY OWNED CONTRACTS: The sole primary Beneficiary is the surviving Joint Owner regardless of any other named Beneficiaries. Spousal Joint Owners may also appoint contingent Beneficiaries. However, Joint Owners who are not spouses may not appoint contingent Beneficiaries. If both Joint Owners who were never spouses die before we pay the death benefit, we pay the death benefit to the estate of the Joint Owner who died last.

If both spousal Joint Owners die simultaneously as defined by applicable state law or regulation, we pay the death benefit to the named contingent Beneficiaries, or to the estate of the spousal Joint Owner who died last if there are no named contingent Beneficiaries.

COVERED PERSON(S)

If you select Income Protector or have Income Focus, we base Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments (lifetime payments) on the lives of the Covered Person(s). Their ages determine availability of the benefit, when lifetime payments can begin and the Lifetime Plus Payment percentage or initial Income Value Percentage as applicable. When you select one of these benefits, you choose whether you want payments based on your life (single lifetime payments), or the lifetime of you and your spouse (joint lifetime payments). Joint Owners and joint Covered Persons must be spouses within the meaning of federal tax law. **Joint lifetime payments are not available if there is more than a 30-year age difference between spouses.** Based on your payment selection, we determine the Covered Persons as follows.

For single lifetime payments and:

- solely owned Contracts, the Covered Person is the Owner.
- jointly owned Contracts, Joint Owners must be spouses and you can choose which Owner is the Covered Person.
- Contracts owned by a non-individual, the Covered Person is the Annuitant.

For joint lifetime payments, Covered Persons must be spouses and:

- Non-Qualified Contracts:
 - spouses must be Joint Owners; or
 - one spouse must be the sole Owner and Annuitant and the other spouse must be the sole primary Beneficiary.
- Qualified Contracts:
 - one spouse must be the sole Owner and Annuitant and the other spouse must be the sole primary Beneficiary; or
 - if the Owner is a qualified plan or a custodian, then one spouse must be the Annuitant and the other spouse must
 be the sole contingent Beneficiary because we also require the qualified plan or custodian to be the sole primary
 Beneficiary. This structure allows the surviving non-Annuitant spouse to continue to receive lifetime payments.

You cannot add, remove or replace a Covered Person after the rider effective date if you select Income Protector, or if you have Income Focus.

Joint Covered Persons must qualify as spouses under federal tax law until the benefit ends. Until then, if at any time joint Covered Persons are no longer spouses you must send us written notice, and we will remove one former spouse from the Contract as a Covered Person and also as an Owner, Joint Owner and Annuitant.

For Income Protector or Income Focus riders issued in states other than California, Connecticut, or New Jersey, following an assignment or change of ownership/Annuitant/Beneficiary, if a Covered Person no longer has the required relationship stated here, he or she is removed from the Contract as a Covered Person.

If we remove one joint Covered Person, we do not change your rider charge; we continue to assess the charge associated with joint lifetime payments. We also calculate lifetime payments based on the originally named joint Covered Persons and their ages. However, lifetime payments will continue and end based on the life of the remaining Covered Person. If we remove all Covered Persons from the Contract, the benefit and any lifetime payments end.

Once we remove a Covered Person, he or she cannot be reinstated.

NOTE:

- For Joint Owners selecting single lifetime payments: If you are no longer spouses on the date of an Owner's death and the Contract Value is positive, we pay the death benefit to the Beneficiary and the benefit and any lifetime payments end. This means Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments are no longer available even if a Covered Person is still alive.
- For Income Protector or Income Focus riders issued to civil union partners in New Jersey: We allow civil union partners to be Joint Owners and/or joint Covered Persons. However, civil union partners are treated differently from persons who are recognized as spouses under the federal tax law and this affects how long lifetime payments continue. Upon the death of one federally recognized spouse, the survivor can continue the Contract and lifetime payments also continue if the survivor is a Covered Person. This type of continuation is not allowed for a surviving civil union partner under the federal tax law. However, if the Contract Value reduces to zero before the one year anniversary of the first civil union partner's death, lifetime payments can continue as Annuity Payments if the survivor is a Covered Person and the survivor chooses not to take the death benefit. If instead the Contract Value is positive at this time, or if the survivor chooses to take the death benefit, lifetime payments stop.

PAYEE

The Payee is the person or entity who receives Annuity Payments during the Annuity Phase. The Owner receives tax reporting on those payments. Generally we require the Payee to be an Owner. However, we may allow you to name a charitable trust, financial institution, qualified plan, or an individual specified in a court order as a Payee subject to our approval. For Qualified Contracts owned by a qualified plan, the qualified plan must be the Payee.

ASSIGNMENTS, CHANGES OF OWNERSHIP AND OTHER TRANSFERS OF CONTRACT RIGHTS

You can assign your rights under this Contract to someone else during the Accumulation Phase. An assignment may be absolute or limited, and includes changes of ownership, collateral assignments, or any other transfer of specific Contract rights. After an assignment, you may need the consent of the assignee of record to exercise certain Contract rights depending on the type of assignment and the rights assigned.

You must submit your request to assign the Contract in writing to our Service Center and we must approve it in writing. To the extent permitted by state law, we reserve the right to refuse to consent to any assignment at any time on a nondiscriminatory basis. We will not consent if the assignment would violate or result in noncompliance with any applicable state or federal law or regulation.

Upon our consent, we record the assignment. We are not responsible for the validity or effect of the assignment. We are not liable for any actions we take or payments we make before we receive your request in Good Order and record it. A request is in "Good Order" when it contains all the information we require to process it. Assigning the Contract does not change, revoke or replace the originally named Annuitant or Beneficiary; if you also want to change the Annuitant or Beneficiary you must make a separate request.

An assignment may be a taxable event. In addition, there are other restrictions on changing the ownership of a Qualified Contract and Qualified Contracts generally cannot be assigned absolutely or on a limited basis. You should consult with your tax adviser before assigning this Contract.

NOTE:

- An assignment does not change the Determining Life (Lives) or Covered Person(s), or a Covered Person for Contracts with Income Protector or Income Focus.
- We cannot restrict assignments for Contracts and riders issued in California, Florida, Ohio, Oregon, New Jersey, and Wisconsin. For Contracts and riders issued in Connecticut we can only restrict assignments to settlement companies and institutional investors as described in your Contract. The Traditional Death Benefit and Quarterly Value Death Benefit are only available on the death of a Determining Life. If you assign the Contract and the Determining Life (Lives) are no longer an Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual) the Traditional Death Benefit or Quarterly Value Death Benefit may not be available to your Beneficiary(s).
- For Income Protector or Income Focus riders issued in states other than California, Connecticut, or New Jersey: Following an assignment or change of ownership/Annuitant/Beneficiary, if all Covered Persons no longer have the required relationship as stated under "Covered Person(s)" in this section (Owner, Annuitant or sole Beneficiary) your selected benefit and any lifetime payments end. Any existing Contract assignment must be removed before you begin receiving lifetime payments. We may make exceptions to the removal of a Contract assignment in order to comply with applicable law. This means that Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments may end even if the Covered Person is still alive.
- For Income Protector or Income Focus riders issued in California, Connecticut, and New Jersey: Following an assignment or change of ownership/Annuitant/Beneficiary, if a Covered Person who was previously an Owner or Annuitant no longer has that position, the benefit and any lifetime payments end based on the earlier of the date of death of an individual Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual) or last surviving Covered Person. However, if the deceased's spouse continues the Contract, the benefit and lifetime payments continue until the earlier of the date of death of the surviving spouse or last surviving Covered Person. For riders issued in New Jersey involving civil union partners, the benefit and lifetime payments may end even earlier because Contract continuation is not allowed for a surviving civil union partner. This means that Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments may end even if the Covered Person is still alive.

3. PURCHASING THE CONTRACT

PURCHASE REQUIREMENTS

To purchase this Contract, all Owners and the Annuitant must be age 80 or younger on the Issue Date.

The Purchase Payment requirements for this Contract are as follows.

- The minimum initial Purchase Payment due on the Issue Date is \$10,000.
- If you do not select Income Protector or Investment Protector, and do not have Income Focus, you can make additional Purchase Payments of \$50 or more during the Accumulation Phase.
- If you select Income Protector or Investment Protector, or have Income Focus, we restrict additional Purchase Payments. Each rider year that we allow additional payments you cannot add more than your initial amount without our prior approval. If you select Income Protector or have Income Focus, we do not allow additional payments on or after the date Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments begin (Benefit Date). If you select Investment Protector we do not allow additional payments on or after the third rider anniversary.
 - Your initial amount is all Purchase Payments received before the first Quarterly Anniversary of the first Contract Year. A Contract Year is a period of twelve months beginning on the Issue Date or any subsequent Contract Anniversary. A Contract Anniversary is a twelve-month anniversary of your Contract's Issue Date. If your benefit is effective on the Issue Date, we allow you to add up to the initial amount in the remainder of the first Contract Year (the first Quarterly Anniversary to the last Business Day before the first Contract Anniversary).

If you remove Income Protector, Income Focus or Investment Protector, these restrictions no longer apply.

- If you select the Quarterly Value Death Benefit, you must also select an Additional Required Benefit.
- We do not accept additional Purchase Payments on or after the Annuity Date.
- The maximum total Purchase Payments we accept without our prior approval is \$1 million including amounts already invested in other Allianz Life variable annuities.

We may, at our sole discretion, waive the minimum Purchase Payment requirements.

Once we receive your initial Purchase Payment and all necessary information in Good Order at our Service Center, we issue the Contract within two Business Days and allocate your payment to your selected Investment Options. If you do not give us all of the information we need, we contact you or your Financial Professional. If for some reason we are unable to complete this process within five Business Days, we either send back your money or get your permission to keep it until we get all of the necessary information. If you make additional Purchase Payments, we add this money to your Contract on the Business Day we receive it in Good Order. Our Business Day closes when regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange closes.

If you submit a Purchase Payment and/or application to your Financial Professional, we do not begin processing the payment and/or application until we receive it. A Purchase Payment is "received" when it arrives at our Service Center from the address for mailing checks listed at the back of this prospectus regardless of how or when you submitted them. We forward Purchase Payments we receive at the wrong address to the last address listed at the back of this prospectus, which may delay processing.

We may terminate your ability to make additional Purchase Payments because we reserve the right to decline any or all Purchase Payments at any time on a non-discriminatory basis. This applies to Contracts issued in all states except those listed in the following Note. If mandated under applicable law, we may be required to reject a Purchase Payment. If we exercise our right to no longer allow additional Purchase Payments this may limit your ability to fund your Contract's guaranteed benefits such as Income Protector's Benefit Base, Income Focus' Income Values, Investment Protector's Target Value or the Quarterly Value Death Benefit's Quarterly Anniversary Value.

NOTE:

- For Contracts issued in Florida, Maryland, Oregon and New Jersey: We can only decline a Purchase Payment if it would cause total Purchase Payments to be more than \$1 million, or if it would otherwise violate the Purchase Payment restrictions for your Contract (for example, the initial amount for Income Protector).
- For Contracts issued in Mississippi: We do not accept additional Purchase Payments on or after the first Contract Anniversary. During the first Contract Year, we allow additional Purchase Payments on or after the first Quarterly Anniversary and before the first Contract Anniversary up to the initial amount (which is all Purchase Payments received before the first Quarterly Anniversary).
- For Contracts issued in Florida and Massachusetts: If you select Investment Protector we do not accept additional Purchase Payments on or after the third Contract Anniversary. This restriction continues to apply even if you later remove Investment Protector from your Contract. Contracts issued in Florida and Massachusetts with Investment Protector are issued as individual limited purchase payment variable deferred annuity contracts.

APPLICATIONS SENT ELECTRONICALLY

We accept manually signed applications that are in Good Order and are sent by fax, or email, or uploaded to our website. It is important to verify receipt of any faxed application, or to receive a confirmation number when using email or the web. We are not liable for applications that we do not receive. A manually signed application sent by fax, email or over the web is considered the same as an application delivered by mail. Our electronic systems (fax, email or website) may not always be available; any electronic system can experience outages or slowdowns which may delay application processing. Although we have taken precautions to help our system handle heavy use, we cannot promise complete reliability. If you experience problems, please submit your written application by mail to our Service Center. We reserve the right to discontinue or modify our electronic application policy at any time and for any reason.

ALLOCATION OF PURCHASE PAYMENTS

You must allocate your money to the Investment Options in whole percentages. If you have the Bonus Option, we allocate the bonus in the same way as the corresponding Purchase Payment. Currently we allow you to invest in up to 15 Investment Options at any one time. We may change this maximum in the future, but you can always invest in at least five Investment Options.

You can instruct us how to allocate additional Purchase Payments. If you do not instruct us, we allocate them according to your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions. Contract Value transfers between Investment Options do not change your future allocation instructions, or how we rebalance your Contract Value quarterly if you select Income Protector or Investment Protector, or have Income Focus. For more information, see section 5, Investment Options – Electronic Investment Option Transfer and Allocation Instructions.

You can change your future allocation instructions at any time without fee or penalty. Future allocation instruction changes are effective on the Business Day we receive them in Good Order at our Service Center. We accept changes to future allocation instructions from any Owner unless you instruct otherwise. We may allow you to authorize someone else to change allocation instructions on your behalf.

AUTOMATIC INVESTMENT PLAN (AIP)

The AIP makes additional Purchase Payments during the Accumulation Phase on a monthly or quarterly basis by electronic money transfer from your savings, checking or brokerage account. You can participate in AIP by completing our AIP form. Our Service Center must receive your form in Good Order by the 15th of the month (or the next Business Day if the 15th is not a Business day) in order for AIP to begin that same month. We process AIP Purchase Payments on the 20th of the month, or the next Business Day if the 20th is not a Business Day. We allocate AIP Purchase Payments according to your future allocation instructions which must comply with the allocation requirements and restrictions stated in this section, and if you select Income Protector or Investment Protector, or have Income Focus, they must also comply with the allocation restrictions stated in section 11.a, section 11.b or Appendix F. AIP has a maximum of \$1,000 per month. We must receive your request to stop or change AIP at our Service Center by 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the Business Day immediately before the Business Day we process AIP to make the change that month. If you select Income Protector or Investment Protector, or have Income Focus, and/or choose to begin Annuity Payments, AIP ends automatically as follows.

- If you begin Annuity Payments, AIP ends on the Business Day before the Annuity Date.
- If you select Income Protector or have Income Focus, AIP ends on the Benefit Date.
- If you select Investment Protector, AIP ends on the third rider anniversary.

We reserve the right to discontinue or modify AIP at any time and for any reason.

NOTE: For Owners of Qualified Contracts, AIP is not available if your Contract is funding a plan that is tax qualified under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING (DCA) PROGRAM

The DCA program transfers Contract Value or Bonus Value (Contract Value plus any unvested bonus amounts if you select Bonus Option) monthly from the AZL Government Money Market Fund to your selected Investment Options. By allocating on a regularly scheduled basis, as opposed to making a one-time allocation, your Contract Value may be less susceptible to market fluctuations. However, dollar cost averaging does not directly result in a Contract Value gain or protect against a market loss.

You can participate in either the six- or twelve-month DCA program by completing our DCA form. You can participate in this program, during the Accumulation Phase, one or more times. There are no fees for DCA transfers and currently, we do not count them as a free transfer. We reserve the right to discontinue or modify the DCA program at any time and for any reason.

If you choose to participate immediately in this program, we apply 100% of the initial Purchase Payment (including any applicable bonus) to the AZL Government Money Market Fund. If you choose to participate later, you must allocate at least \$1,500 to the AZL Government Money Market Fund. Each month while the program is in effect, we transfer Contract Value (or Bonus Value, if applicable) applied to the DCA program from the AZL Government Money Market Fund according to your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions.

Information on the AZL Government Money Market Fund can be found in section 5, Investment Options; Appendix A – Annual Operating Expenses for Each Investment Option; and in the AZL Government Money Market Fund prospectus that you can obtain from your Financial Professional or us by calling the toll-free telephone number at the back of this prospectus.

We make DCA transfers on the tenth of the month, or the next Business Day if the tenth is not a Business Day. We must receive your DCA form in Good Order at our Service Center by 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the Business Day before we process these transfers or your participation does not begin until next month.

Your participation ends on the earliest of the following:

- the Benefit Date that Lifetime Plus Payments begin if you select Income Protector;
- you request to end the program (your request must be received at our Service Center by 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the Business Day immediately before the tenth to end that month);
- the DCA program period ends (which is either six or twelve months); or
- your Contract ends.

If the DCA program ends at your request or because you request Lifetime Plus Payments, on the Business Day your program ends we transfer any remaining DCA program Contract Value in the AZL Government Money Market Fund according to your future allocation instructions.

NOTE:

- For Contracts with Income Protector or Investment Protector, quarterly rebalancing transfers under these benefits do not move Contract Value allocated to the DCA program into or out of the AZL Government Money Market Fund.
- This program is not available if you have Income Focus.

FREE LOOK/RIGHT TO EXAMINE PERIOD

If you change your mind about owning the Contract, you can cancel it within ten days after receiving it (or the period required in your state). If you cancel within the allowed period, in most states we return your Contract Value as of the day we receive your cancellation request. This may be more or less than your initial Purchase Payment. If you cancel a Contract with the Bonus Option, you forfeit the entire bonus amount (see section 11.d, Bonus Option). In states that require us to return Purchase Payments less withdrawals if you cancel your Contract, we return Contract Value less withdrawal charges if greater.

IRA Qualified Contracts require us to return Purchase Payments less withdrawals in most states. For IRA Qualified Contracts issued in a state that requires return of Contract Value (such as Pennsylvania), we return the greater of Purchase Payments less withdrawals or Contract Value. For IRA Qualified Contracts issued in a state that requires return of Purchase Payments less withdrawals, we return Contract Value less withdrawal charges if greater.

Some states and certain IRA Qualified Contracts require return of Purchase Payments. For these Contracts, we reserve the right to allocate your initial Purchase Payment (and any bonus) to the AZL Government Money Market Fund until the free look period ends, and then re-allocate your money, less fees and charges, according to your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions. If we do this, we return the greater of Purchase Payments less withdrawals, or Contract Value. In the Contract, the free look provision is also called the right to examine.

NOTE FOR CONTRACTS ISSUED TO PERSONS AGES 60 OR OLDER IN CALIFORNIA: For Owners age 60 or older (or Annuitants age 60 or older for non-individually owned Contracts), we are required to allocate your money to the AZL Government Money Market Fund during the free look period unless you specify otherwise on the appropriate form.

4. VALUING YOUR CONTRACT

Your Contract Value (and Bonus Value, if applicable) increases and decreases based on Purchase Payments (and any bonus), transfers, withdrawals, deduction of fees and charges, and your selected Investment Options' performance.

We place Purchase Payments you allocate to the Investment Options into subaccounts under our Separate Account (Allianz Life Variable Account B). Each subaccount invests exclusively in one Investment Option. We use accumulation units to account for all amounts allocated to or withdrawn from each subaccount.

ACCUMULATION UNITS

When we receive a Purchase Payment at our Service Center, we credit your Contract with accumulation units based on the Purchase Payment (and any bonus) amount and daily price (accumulation unit value) for the subaccount of your selected Investment Option. A subaccount's accumulation unit value is based on the price (net asset value) of the underlying Investment Option. An Investment Option's net asset value is typically determined at the end of each Business Day, and any Purchase Payment received at or after the end of the current Business Day receives the next Business Day's price.

We arbitrarily set the initial accumulation unit value for each subaccount. On the Issue Date, the number of accumulation units in each subaccount is equal to the initial Purchase Payment (and any bonus) amount allocated to a subaccount, divided by that subaccount's accumulation unit value.

Example

- On Wednesday, we receive at our Service Center an additional Purchase Payment of \$3,000 from you before the end
 of the Business Day.
- When the New York Stock Exchange closes on that Wednesday, we determine that the accumulation unit value is \$13.25 for your selected Investment Option.

We then divide \$3,000 by \$13.25 and credit your Contract on Wednesday night with 226.415094 subaccount accumulation units for your selected Investment Option.

At the end of each Business Day, we adjust the number of accumulation units in each subaccount as follows. Additional Purchase Payments (and any bonus) and transfers into a subaccount increase the number of accumulation units. Withdrawals, transfers out of a subaccount, and the deduction of any Contract charge other than the M&E charge decrease the number of accumulation units. The M&E charge reduces the accumulation unit value, not the number of accumulation units.

At the end of each Business Day for each subaccount, we multiply the accumulation unit value at the end of the prior Business Day by the percentage change in value of an Investment Option since the prior Business Day. The percentage change includes both the market performance of the Investment Option and the assessed M&E Charge.

COMPUTING CONTRACT VALUE AND BONUS VALUE

We calculate your Contract Value or Bonus Value (Contract Value plus any unvested bonus amounts) at the end of each Business Day by multiplying each subaccount's accumulation unit value by its number of accumulation units, and then adding those results together for all subaccounts. If you have a Bonus Contract, we compute your Contract Value by deducting the unvested bonus amount from the Bonus Value. Additional Purchase Payments increase your Contract Value, withdrawals and Contract charges reduce your Contract Value.

5. INVESTMENT OPTIONS

The following table lists this Contract's Investment Options and their associated investment advisers and subadvisers, investment objectives, and primary investments. Depending on market conditions, you can gain or lose value by investing in the Investment Options. In the future, we may add, eliminate or substitute Investment Options to the extent permitted by the federal securities laws and, when required, the Securities & Exchange Commission. Certain Investment Options listed here may not be available to you as disclosed in the list of Investment Options at the front of this prospectus.

You should read the Investment Options' prospectuses carefully. The Investment Options invest in different types of securities and follow varying investment strategies. There are potential risks associated with each of these types of securities and investment strategies. The operation of the Investment Options and their various risks and expenses are described in the Investment Options' prospectuses. We send you the current copy of the Investment Options' prospectus when we issue the Contract. (You can also obtain the current Investment Options' prospectus by contacting your Financial Professional or calling us at the toll-free telephone number listed at the back of this prospectus.)

Currently, the Investment Options are not publicly traded mutual funds. They are available only as investment options in variable annuity contracts or variable life insurance policies issued by life insurance companies or in some cases, through participation in certain qualified pension or retirement plans. A material conflict of interest may arise between insurance companies, owners of different types of contracts, and retirement plans or their participants. Each Investment Option's Board of Directors monitors for material conflicts, and determines what action, if any, should be taken.

The names, investment objectives and policies of certain Investment Options may be similar to the names, investment objectives and policies of other portfolios managed by the same investment advisers. Although the names, objectives and policies may be similar, the Investment Options investment results may be higher or lower than these other portfolios' results. The investment advisers cannot guarantee, and make no representation, that these similar funds' investment results will be comparable even though the Investment Options have the same names, investment advisers, objectives, and policies.

Each Investment Option offered by the Allianz Variable Insurance Products Fund of Funds Trust (Allianz VIP Fund of Funds Trust) is a "fund of funds" and diversifies its assets by investing primarily in shares of several other affiliated mutual funds.

The Investment Options may pay 12b-1 fees to the Contracts' distributor, our affiliate, Allianz Life Financial Services, LLC, for distribution and/or administrative services. In addition, we may enter into certain arrangements under which we, or Allianz Life Financial Services, LLC, are compensated by the Investment Options' advisers, distributors and/or affiliates for administrative services and benefits we provide to the Investment Options. The compensation amount usually is based on the Investment Options' aggregate assets purchased through contracts we issue or administer. Some advisers may pay us more or less than others. The maximum service fee we currently receive is 0.35% annually of the average aggregate amount invested by us in the Investment Options.

The Allianz VIP Fund of Funds Trust underlying funds do not pay 12b-1 fees or service fees to the Trust, and the Trust does not charge 12b-1 fees or service fees. The Allianz VIP Fund of Funds Trust underlying funds or their advisers may pay service fees to us and our affiliates for providing customer service and other administrative services to you. Service fees may vary depending on the underlying fund.

We offer other variable annuity contracts that may invest in these Investment Options. These contracts may have different charges and may offer different benefits more appropriate to your needs. For more information about these contracts, please contact our Service Center.

The following advisers and subadvisers are affiliated with us through common ownership: Allianz Investment Management LLC, Allianz Global Investors Fund Management LLC, NFJ Investment Group LLC, and Pacific Investment Management Company LLC.

INVESTMENT OPTIONS

Investment Management Company and Adviser/Subadviser	Name of Investment Option	Asset Category	Objective(s)	Primary Investments (Normal market conditions)
ALLIANZ				
Managed by Allianz Global Investors Fund Management LLC/Allianz Global Investors U.S. LLC	RCM Dynamic Multi- Asset Plus VIT Portfolio	Specialty	Long-term capital appreciation	Invests in a globally diverse combination of equity securities and U.S. dollar denominated fixed income securities, including emerging markets, and targets a strategic asset allocation of 60% equity exposure and 40% fixed income exposure. Seeks to limit downside risk by moving toward less volatile asset classes during periods of high market volatility.
ALLIANZ FUND OF FUNDS				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC	AZL Balanced Index Strategy Fund	A "Fund of Funds" Model Portfolio	Long-term capital appreciation with preservation of capital as an important consideration	Invests primarily in a combination of five underlying bond and equity index funds, to achieve a range generally from 40% to 60% of assets in the underlying equity index funds and 40% to 60% in the underlying bond index fund.
	AZL DFA Multi- Strategy Fund	A "Fund of Funds" Model Portfolio	Long-term capital appreciation	Invests primarily in a combination of five underlying funds subadvised by Dimensional Fund Advisors LP, to achieve a range generally from 50% to 70% of assets in the underlying equity funds and 30% to 50% in the underlying fixed income fund.
	AZL MVP Fusion Balanced Fund	A "Fund of Funds" Model Portfolio	Long-term capital appreciation with preservation of capital as an important consideration	Invests primarily (approximately 80% to 100%) in a combination of underlying investments, to achieve a range generally from 40% to 60% of assets in equity funds and approximately 40% to 60% invested in fixed income funds, combined with the MVP (Managed Volatility Portfolio) risk management process intended to adjust the risk of the portfolio based on quantitative indicators of market risk. May include allocation of up to 20% of the fund's assets in a combination of derivative and fixed income instruments.

Investment Management Company and Adviser/Subadviser	Name of Investment Option	Asset Category	Objective(s)	Primary Investments (Normal market conditions)
	AZL MVP Fusion Conservative Fund	A "Fund of Funds" Model Portfolio	Long-term capital appreciation with preservation of capital as an important consideration	Invests primarily (approximately 80% to 100%) in a combination of underlying investments, to achieve a range generally from 25% to 45% of assets in equity funds and approximately 55% to 75% invested in fixed income funds, combined with the MVP (Managed Volatility Portfolio) risk management process intended to adjust the risk of the portfolio based on quantitative indicators of market risk. May include allocation of up to 20% of the fund's assets in a combination of derivative and fixed income instruments.
	AZL MVP Fusion Growth Fund	A "Fund of Funds" Model Portfolio	Long-term capital appreciation	Invests primarily (approximately 80% to 100%) in a combination of underlying investments, to achieve a range generally from 70% to 90% of assets in equity funds and approximately 10% to 30% invested in fixed income funds, combined with the MVP (Managed Volatility Portfolio) risk management process intended to adjust the risk of the portfolio based on quantitative indicators of market risk. May include allocation of up to 20% of the fund's assets in a combination of derivative and fixed income instruments.
	AZL MVP Fusion Moderate Fund	A "Fund of Funds" Model Portfolio	Long-term capital appreciation	Invests primarily (approximately 80% to 100%) in a combination of underlying investments, to achieve a range generally from 55% to 75% of assets in equity funds and approximately 25% to 45% invested in fixed income funds, combined with the MVP (Managed Volatility Portfolio) risk management process intended to adjust the risk of the portfolio based on quantitative indicators of market risk. May include allocation of up to 20% of the fund's assets in a combination of derivative and fixed income instruments.
	AZL MVP Balanced Index Strategy Fund	A "Fund of Funds" Model Portfolio	Long-term capital appreciation with preservation of capital as an important consideration	Invests primarily (approximately 80% to 100%) in a combination of five underlying index funds (generally allocated 40% to 60% to underlying equity index funds and 40% to 60% to underlying bond index funds), combined with the MVP (Managed Volatility Portfolio) risk management process intended to adjust the risk of the portfolio based on quantitative indicators of market risk. May invest up to 20% of the Fund's assets in a combination of derivative and fixed income instruments.
	AZL MVP BlackRock Global Allocation Fund	Specialty	High total investment retum	Invests primarily (approximately 80% to 100%) in the underlying AZL BlackRock Global Allocation Fund, combined with the MVP (Managed Volatility Portfolio) risk management process intended to adjust the risk of the portfolio based on quantitative indicators of market risk. May invest up to 20% of the Fund's assets in a combination of derivative and fixed income instruments.
	AZL MVP DFA Multi-Strategy Fund	A "Fund of Funds" Model Portfolio	Long-term capital appreciation	Invests primarily (approximately 80% to 100%) in a combination of five underlying funds subadvised by Dimensional Fund Advisors LP, combined with the MVP (Managed Volatility Portfolio) risk management process intended to adjust the risk of the portfolio based on quantitative indicators of market risk. May invest up to 20% of the Fund's assets in a combination of derivative and fixed income instruments.
	AZL MVP Franklin Templeton Founding Strategy Plus Fund	Specialty	Long-term capital appreciation with income as a secondary goal	Invests primarily (approximately 80% to 100%) in the underlying AZL Franklin Templeton Founding Strategy Plus Fund, combined with the MVP (Managed Volatility Portfolio) risk management process intended to adjust the risk of the portfolio based on quantitative indicators of market risk. May invest up to 20% of the Fund's assets in a combination of derivative and fixed income instruments.

Investment Management Company and Adviser/Subadviser	Name of Investment Option	Asset Category	Objective(s)	Primary Investments (Normal market conditions)
	AZL MVP Growth Index Strategy Fund	A "Fund of Funds" Model Portfolio	Long-term capital appreciation	Invests primarily (approximately 80% to 100%) in a combination of five underlying index funds (generally allocated 65% to 85% to underlying equity index funds and 15% to 35% to underlying bond index funds), combined with the MVP (Managed Volatility Portfolio) risk management process intended to adjust the risk of the portfolio based on quantitative indicators of market risk. May invest up to 20% of the Fund's assets in a combination of derivative and fixed income instruments.
	AZL MVP Invesco Equity and Income Fund	Specialty	Highest possible income consistent with safety of principal. Secondary objective of long-term growth of capital	Invests primarily (approximately 80% to 100%) in the underlying AZL Invesco Equity and Income Fund, combined with the MVP (Managed Volatility Portfolio) risk management process intended to adjust the risk of the portfolio based on quantitative indicators of market risk. May invest up to 20% of the Fund's assets in a combination of derivative and fixed income instruments.
	AZL MVP T. Rowe Price Capital Appreciation Fund	Specialty	Long term capital appreciation with preservation of capital as an important intermediate-term objective	Invests primarily (approximately 80% to 100%) in the underlying AZL T. Rowe Price Capital Appreciation Fund, combined with the MVP (Managed Volatility Portfolio) risk management process intended to adjust the risk of the portfolio based on quantitative indicators of market risk. May invest up to 20% of the Fund's assets in a combination of derivative and fixed income instruments.
BLACKROCK				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/BlackRock Capital Management, Inc.	AZL BlackRock Capital Appreciation Fund	Large Growth	Long-term growth of capital	Invests at least 65% of total assets in common and preferred stock and securities convertible into common and preferred stock of mid-size and large-size companies.
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.	AZL Enhanced Bond Index Fund	Intermediate- Term Bonds	Exceed total return of the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	Invests at least 80% of net assets in investment-grade debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/BlackRock Advisors, LLC	AZL Government Money Market Fund	Cash Equivalent	Current income consistent with stability of principal	Invests at least 99.5% of its total assets in cash, government securities, or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully. Invests at least 80% in government securities or in repurchase agreements collateralized by government securities. Investments include U.S. Treasury bills, notes and other obligations issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations. In addition, the Fund may invest in variable and floating rate instruments. During extended periods of low interest rates, and due in part to contract fees and expenses, the yield of the AZL Government Money Market Fund may also become extremely low and possibly negative.
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/BlackRock Investment Management, LLC	AZL International Index Fund	International	Match the performance of the MSCI EAFE® Index as closely as possible	Invests at least 80% of its assets in a statistically selected sampling of equity securities of companies included in the Morgan Stanley Capital International Europe, Australasia and Far East Index (MSCI EAFE) and in derivative instruments linked to the MSCI EAFE Index.
	AZL Mid Cap Index Fund	Mid Cap	Match the performance of the Standard & Poor's MidCap 400 [®] Index ("S&P 400 Index") as closely as possible	Invests at least 80% of the value of its net assets in a statistically selected sampling of equity securities of companies included in the S&P 400 Index and in derivative instruments linked to the S&P 400 Index, primarily futures contracts.

Investment Management Company and Adviser/Subadviser	Name of Investment Option	Asset Category	Objective(s)	Primary Investments (Normal market conditions)
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/BlackRock Investment Management, LLC	AZL Russell 1000 Growth Index Fund	Large Growth	Match the total return of the Russell 1000® Growth Index	Invests in all stocks in the Russell 1000® Growth Index in proportion to their weighting in the index.
	AZL Russell 1000 Value Index Fund	Large Value	Match the total return of the Russell 1000® Value Index	Invests in all stocks in the Russell 1000® Value Index in proportion to their weighting in the index.
	AZL S&P 500 Index Fund	Large Blend	Match total return of the S&P 500 [®]	Normally invests in all 500 stocks in the S&P 500 [®] in proportion to their weighting in the index.
	AZL Small Cap Stock Index Fund	Small Cap	Match performance of the S&P SmallCap 600 Index®	Invests at least 80% of its assets in investments of small capitalization companies, with market capitalizations at the time of purchase, included in the S&P SmallCap 600 Index.
Managed by BlackRock Advisors, LLC/BlackRock Investment Management, LLC and BlackRock International Limited	BlackRock Global Allocation V.I. Fund	Specialty	High total investment return	Invests in both equity and debt securities, including money market securities, of issuers located around the world. Seeks diversification across markets, industries, and issuers. May invest in securities of companies of any market capitalization and in REITs.
BOSTON COMPANY				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/The Boston Company Asset Management LLC	AZL Boston Company Research Growth Fund	Large Growth	Long-term growth of capital and income	Primarily invests in common stocks of large, well-established and mature companies. May invest in non-dividend paying companies and up to 30% of its total assets in foreign securities.
DAVIS				
Managed by Davis Selected Advisers, L.P.	Davis VA Financial Portfolio	Specialty	Long-term growth of capital	At least 80% of net assets in securities issued by companies principally engaged in the financial services sector.
FEDERATED				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/Federated Global Investment Management Corp.	AZL Federated Clover Small Value Fund	Small Cap	Capital Appreciatiion	Invests at least 80% of its net assets in common stocks and other equity securities of U.S. companies with small market capitalizations, at the time of purchase in the range of companies included in the Russell 2000 Index.
FIDELITY				
Managed by Strategic Advisers, Inc.	Fidelity VIP FundsManager 50% Portfolio	Model Portfolio (Fund of Funds)	High total return	Invests in a combination of underlying Fidelity retail and variable insurance products funds using a target allocation of approximately 35% domestic equity funds, 15% international equity funds, 40% fixed income funds and 10% money market funds, to achieve portfolio characteristics similar to the VIP FundsManager 50% Composite Index.
	Fidelity VIP FundsManager 60% Portfolio	Model Portfolio (Fund of Funds)	High total return	Invests in a combination of underlying Fidelity retail and variable insurance products funds using a target allocation of approximately 42% domestic equity funds, 18% international equity funds, 35% fixed income funds and 5% money market funds, to achieve portfolio characteristics similar to the VIP FundsManager 60% Composite Index.
FRANKLIN TEMPLETON				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/Franklin Mutual Advisers, LLC, Templeton Global Advisors Limited, and Franklin Advisers, Inc.	AZL Franklin Templeton Founding Strategy Plus Fund	Specialty	Long-term capital appreciation, with income as a secondary goal	Invests in a combination of subportfolios or strategies, each of which is managed by an asset manager that is part of Franklin Templeton. The strategies invest primarily in U.S. and foreign equity and fixed income securities.

Investment Management Company and Adviser/Subadviser	Name of Investment Option	Asset Category	Objective(s)	Primary Investments (Normal market conditions)
Administered by Franklin Templeton Services, LLC	Franklin Founding Funds Allocation VIP Fund	Specialty (Fund of Funds)	Capital appreciation with income as a secondary goal.	Invests equal portions in Class 1 shares of the Franklin Income VIP Fund, Mutual Shares VIP Fund, and Templeton Growth VIP Fund.
Managed by Franklin Advisers, Inc.	Franklin High Income VIP Fund	High-Yield Bonds	High current income with capital appreciation as a secondary goal	Invests predominantly in high yield, lower-rated debt securities ("junk bonds").
	Franklin Income VIP Fund	Specialty	Maximize income while maintaining prospects for capital appreciation	Normally invests in debt and equity securities.
Managed by Franklin Mutual Advisers, LLC	Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund	Large Value	Capital appreciation, with income as a secondary goal	Invests primarily in U.S. and foreign equity securities that the investment manager believes are undervalued.
Managed by Franklin Advisers, Inc.	Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund	Intermediate- Term Bonds	Income	At least 80% of its net assets in U.S. government securities.
	Templeton Global Bond VIP Fund	Intermediate- Term Bonds	High current income, consisent with preservation of capital, with capital appreciation as a secondary consideration	Normally invests at least 80% of its net assets in bonds, which include debt securities of any maturity, such as bonds, notes, bills and debentures.
Managed by Templeton Global Advisors Limited	Templeton Growth VIP Fund	International Equity	Long-term capital growth	Normally invests predominantly in equity securities of companies located anywhere in the world, including developing markets.
GATEWAY				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/Gateway Investment Advisors, LLC	AZL Gateway Fund	Specialty	Capture equity market investment returns, while exposing investors to less risk than other equity investments	Normally invests in a broadly diversified portfolio of common stocks, while also selling index call options and purchasing index put options. May invest in companies with small, medium or large market capitalizations and in foreign securities traded in U.S. markets.
INVESCO				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/Invesco Advisers, Inc.	AZL Invesco Equity and Income Fund	Specialty	Highest possible income consistent with safety of principal. Secondary objective of long-term growth of capital	Invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity and income securities. Invests at least 65% of its total assets in income-producing equity securities and also invests in investment grade quality debt securities. May invest up to 15% of net assets in REITs and up to 25% of net assets in foreign securities.
	AZL Invesco Growth and Income Fund	Large Value	Income and long- term growth of capital	Invests primarily in income-producing equity securities, including common stocks and convertible securities. May invest up to 15% of net assets in REITs and up to 25% of net assets in foreign securities.
	AZL Invesco International Equity Fund	International	Long-term growth of capital	At least 80% of its assets in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of foreign issuers that are considered by the fund's subadviser to have strong earnings growth.
J.P. MORGAN				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc.	AZL JPMorgan International Opportunities Fund	International	Long term capital appreciation	Invests in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of issuers from developed countries other than the U.S., primarily those in the MSCI EAFE Index.
-	AZL JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund	Large Blend	High total return	Invests at least 80% of its net assets, plus any borrowings for investment purposes, primarily in equity securities of large- and medium-capitalization U.S. companies.

Investment Management Company and Adviser/Subadviser Managed by J.P. Morgan	Name of Investment Option	Asset Category	Objective(s) Maximize total	Primary Investments (Normal market conditions) Invests at least 80% of net assets in bonds with intermediate
Investment Management, Inc.	Insurance Trust Core Bond Portfolio	Term Bonds	return	to long-term maturities.
METWEST				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/Metropolitan West Asset Management, LLC	AZL MetWest Total Return Bond Fund	Intermediate- Term Bonds	Maximize long-term total return	At least 80% of its net assets in investment grade fixed income securities or unrated securities that are determined by the subadviser to be of similar quality and in fixed income securities it regards as bonds. The portfolio duration is two to eight years and the dollar-weighted average maturity ranges from two to fifteen years. The Fund invests in the U.S. and abroad, including emerging markets.
MFS				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/Massachusetts Financial Services Company	AZL MFS Investors Trust Fund	Large Blend	Capital appreciation	Invests primarily in equity securities of companies with large capitalizations that the subadviser believes has above average earnings growth potential, are undervalued, or in a combination of growth and value companies.
	AZL MFS Mid Cap Value Fund	Mid Cap	Capital appreciation	Invests at least 80% of net assets in equity securities of companies that have market capitalizations in the range of the companies in the Russell Midcap® Value Index at the time of purchase that the fund's subadviser believes are undervalued.
	AZL MFS Value Fund	Large Value	Capital appreciation	The fund seeks capital appreciation and normally invests the Fund's assets primarily in equity securities. MFS focuses on investing the Fund's assets in the stocks of companies it believes are undervalued compared to their perceived worth.
Managed by Massachusetts Financial Services Company	MFS VIT Total Return Bond Portfolio	Intermediate- Term Bond	Total return with an emphasis on current income, but also considering capital appreciation	Invests at least 80% of net assets in debt instruments, mainly investment grade, but also in less than investment grade quality debt instruments. May also invest in foreign securities and may use derivatives for any investment purpose.
MORGAN STANLEY				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/Morgan Stanley Investment Management, Inc.	AZL Morgan Stanley Global Real Estate Fund	Specialty	Income and capital appreciation	Invests at least 80% of assets in equity securities of companies in the real estate industry located throughout the world, including real estate investment trusts and real estate operating companies established outside the U.S.
MORGAN STANLEY and J	.P. MORGAN			
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/Morgan Stanley Investment Management, Inc., and J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc.	AZL Multi-Manager Mid Cap Growth Fund	Mid Cap	Capital growth	Invests in a combination of two subportfolios, or strategies, with equal allocations of the assets to each strategy. The fund as a whole will normally invest at least 80% of net assets in equity securities of mid cap companies, with market capitalizations within the range of the Russell Midcap Growth Index.

Investment Management Company and Adviser/Subadviser	Name of Investment Option	Asset Category	Objective(s)	Primary Investments (Normal market conditions)
NFJ				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/NFJ Investment Group LLC	AZL NFJ International Value Fund	International Equity	Long-term growth of capital and income	Invests at least 65% of net assets in equity securities of non- U.S. companies with market capitalization greater than \$1 billion, with a significant portion in dividend-paying securities and up to 50% in emerging market securities.
Managed by Allianz Global Investors Fund Management LLC	Allianz NFJ Dividend Value VIT Portfolio	Large Value	Long-term growth of capital and income	Invests at least 80% of net assets in common stocks and other equity securities of companies that pay or are expected to pay dividends, and have market capitalizations greater than \$3.5 billion.
OPPENHEIMERFUNDS				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/OppenheimerFunds, Inc.	AZL Oppenheimer Discovery Fund	Small Cap	Capital appreciation	Under normal market conditions, invests in common stocks and other equity securities of U.S. companies with small market capitalizations, at the time of purchase in the range of companies included in the Russell 2000 Growth Index and that the subadviser believes to have favorable growth prospects.
PIMCO				
Managed by Pacific Investment Management Company LLC	PIMCO VIT All Asset Portfolio	Specialty (Fund of Funds)	Maximum real return consistent with preservation of real capital and prudent investment management	Invests substantially all of its assets in institutional class shares of the underlying PIMCO Funds.
	PIMCO VIT CommodityReal Return [®] Strategy Portfolio	Specialty	Maximum real return consistent with prudent investment management	Invests in commodity linked derivative instruments backed by a portfolio of inflation-indexed securities and other fixed income securities.
	PIMCO VIT Emerging Markets Bond Portfolio	Intermediate- Term Bonds	Maximum total return, consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management	At least 80% of its assets in fixed income instruments of issuers that economically are tied to emerging markets countries.
	PIMCO VIT Global Advantage Strategy Bond Portfolio	Intermediate- Term Bonds	Total return, which exceeds that of its benchmarks, consistent with prudent investment management	At least 80% of its assets in fixed income instruments that are economically tied to at least three countries (one of which may be the United States), which may be represented by forwards or derivatives such as options, futures contracts, or swap agreements.
	PIMCO VIT Global Bond Portfolio (Unhedged)	Intermediate- Term Bonds	Maximum total return, consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management	At least 80% of its assets in fixed income instruments of issuers in at least three countries (one of which may be the U.S.), which may be represented by forwards or derivatives. May invest, without limitation, in securities economically tied to emerging market countries.
	PIMCO VIT Global Dividend Portfolio	International Equity	Current income that exceeds the average yield of global stocks with a secondary objective to provide long-term capital appreciation	Normally invests at least 75% of its assets in equity securities, including common and preferred stock, of issuers that PIMCO believes are attractively valued that currently pay dividends and have the potential for earnings and dividend growth over time. May invest a significant portion of its assets in securities and instruments that are economically tied to foreign countries.
	PIMCO VIT Global Multi-Asset Managed Allocation Portfolio	Specialty	Total return which exceeds that of a blend of 60% MSCI World Index/40% Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index	Invests in a combination of affiliated and unaffiliated funds, fixed income instruments, equity securities, forwards and derivatives. Typically invests 50% to 70% of total assets in equity-related investments.

Investment Management Company and Adviser/Subadviser	Name of Investment Option	Asset Category	Objective(s)	Primary Investments (Normal market conditions)
	PIMCO VIT Global Multi-Asset Managed Volatility Portfolio	Specialty	Total return which exceeds that of a blend of 60% MSCI World Index/40% Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index with explicit management of overall portfolio volatility	Invests in a combination of affiliated and unaffiliated funds, fixed income instruments, equity securities, forwards and derivatives. Typically invests 50% to 70% of total assets in equity-related investments. A three-step approach is used in seeking to achieve the return and volatility parameters of the investment objective.
	PIMCO VIT High Yield Portfolio	High-Yield Bonds	Maximum total return, consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management	At least 80% of assets in a diversified portfolio of high-yield securities ("junk bonds") rated below investment grade by Moody's or equivalently rated by S&P or Fitch. May invest up to 20% of total asets in securities denominated in foreign currencies.
	PIMCO VIT Real Return Portfolio	Intermediate- Term Bonds	Maximum real return, consistent with preservation of real capital and prudent investment management	At least 80% of its net assets in inflation-indexed bonds of varying maturities issued by the U.S. and non-U.S. governments, their agencies or instrumentalities and corporations.
	PIMCO VIT Total Return Portfolio	Intermediate- Term Bonds	Maximum total return, consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management	At least 65% of total assets in a diversified portfolio of fixed income instruments of varying maturities, which may be represented by forwards or derivatives such as options, futures contracts, or swap agreements.
	PIMCO VIT Unconstrained Bond Portfolio	Specialty	Maximum long-term return, consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management	At least 80% of its assets in a diversified portfolio of fixed income instruments of varying maturities, which may be represented by forwards or derivatives such as options, futures contracts, or swap agreements.
PYRAMIS				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/FIAM LLC	AZL Pyramis Total Bond Fund	Intermediate- Term Bond	High level of current income	Invests at least 80% of its net assets in debt securities of all types and in instruments related to such securities, such as repurchase agreements on such securities, and uses the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index as a guide in structuring the Fund.
SCHRODER				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.	AZL Schroder Emerging Markets Equity Fund	Specialty	Capital appreciation	Invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of companies that the subadviser believes to be "emerging market" issuers. May invest remainder of assets in securities of issuers located anywhere in the world.
T. ROWE PRICE				
Managed by Allianz Investment Management LLC/T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.	AZL T. Rowe Price Capital Appreciation Fund	Specialty	Long-term capital appreciation with preservation of capital as an important intermediate-term objective.	Invests at least 50% of its total assets in the common stocks of established U.S. companies that the subadviser believes has above-average potential for capital growth. The remaining assets are generally invested in convertible securities, corporate and government debt, bank loans, and foreign securities. The Investment Option may invest up to 25% of its total assets in foreign securities.

SUBSTITUTION AND LIMITATION ON FURTHER INVESTMENTS

We may substitute another Investment Option for one of your selected Investment Options, for any reason in our sole discretion. To the extent required by the Investment Company Act of 1940 or other applicable law, we do not substitute any shares without SEC approval and providing you notice. We may make substitutions with respect to your existing allocations, future Purchase Payment allocations, or both. New or substitute Investment Options may have different fees and expenses, and their availability may be limited to certain purchaser classes. We may limit further Investment Option allocations if marketing, tax or investment considerations warrant, or for any reason in our sole discretion. We may also close Investment Options to additional allocations. The fund companies that sell Investment Option shares to us, pursuant to participation agreements, may end those agreements and discontinue offering us their shares.

TRANSFERS BETWEEN INVESTMENT OPTIONS

You can make transfers between Investment Options, subject to the following restrictions. Currently, there is no maximum number of transfers allowed, but we may change this in the future. Transfers may be subject to a transfer fee, see section 7, Expenses.

The following applies to any transfer.

- Your request for a transfer must clearly state the Investment Options involved and how much to transfer.
- If you select Income Protector or Investment Protector, or have Income Focus, your transfer instructions must comply with the "Investment Option Allocation Restrictions and Quarterly Rebalancing" in section 11.a, Income Protector; section 11.b, Investment Protector; or Appendix F, Income Focus.
- Your right to make transfers is subject to the Excessive Trading and Market Timing policy discussed later in this section.
- Contract Value transfers between Investment Options do not change your future Purchase Payment allocation
 instructions or how we rebalance your Contract Value quarterly if you select Income Protector or Investment
 Protector, or have Income Focus. To change this quarterly rebalancing when you make a transfer, you must also
 change your future allocation instructions.

We process transfer requests based on prices next determined after we receive your request in Good Order at our Service Center. If we do not receive your transfer request **before** the end of the **current** Business Day, even if due to our delay in answering your call or a delay caused by our electronic systems, you receive the **next** Business Day's prices. For jointly owned Contracts, unless you require us to obtain signatures from both Joint Owners, we accept transfer instructions from any Joint Owner. We may also allow you to authorize someone else to request transfers on your behalf.

ELECTRONIC INVESTMENT OPTION TRANSFER AND ALLOCATION INSTRUCTIONS

We use reasonable procedures to confirm that electronic transfer and allocation instructions given to us are genuine. If we do not use such procedures, we may be liable for any losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. We record all telephone instructions and log all fax, email and website instructions. We reserve the right to deny any transfer request or allocation instruction change, and to discontinue or modify our electronic instruction privileges at any time for any reason.

Please note that telephone, fax, email and/or the website may not always be available. Any electronic system, whether it is ours, yours, your service provider's, or your Financial Professional's, can experience outages or slowdowns for a variety of reasons, which may delay or prevent our processing of your transfer request or allocation instruction change. Although we have taken precautions to help our systems handle heavy use, we cannot promise complete reliability. If you are experiencing problems, you should submit your instructions in writing to our Service Center.

By authorizing electronic instructions, you authorize us to accept and act upon these instructions for your Contract. There are risks associated with electronic communications that do not occur with a written request. Anyone authorizing or making such requests bears those risks. You should protect your website password, because the website is available to anyone with your password; we cannot verify that the person providing instructions on the website is you, or is authorized by you.

EXCESSIVE TRADING AND MARKET TIMING

We may restrict or modify your right to make transfers to prevent any use that we consider to be part of a market timing program.

Frequent transfers, programmed transfers, transfers into and then out of an Investment Option in a short period of time, and transfers of large amounts at one time (collectively referred to as "potentially disruptive trading") may have harmful effects for other Owners, Annuitants and Beneficiaries. These risks and harmful effects include the following.

- Dilution of the interests of long-term investors in an Investment Option, if market timers or others transfer into an Investment Option at prices that are below their true value, or transfer out at prices above their true value.
- An adverse effect on portfolio management, such as causing an Investment Option to maintain a higher level of cash or causing an Investment Option to liquidate investments prematurely.
- Increased brokerage and administrative expenses.

We attempt to protect our Owners and the Investment Options from potentially disruptive trading through our excessive trading and market timing policies and procedures. Under these policies and procedures, we could modify your transfer privileges for some or all of the Investment Options. Unless prohibited by your Contract or applicable state law, we may:

- Limit transfer frequency (for example, prohibit more than one transfer a week, or more than two a month, etc.).
- Restrict the transfer method (for example, requiring all transfers be sent by first-class U.S. mail and rescinding electronic transfer privileges).
- Require a minimum time period between each transfer into or out of the same Investment Option. Our current policy, which is subject to change without notice, prohibits "round trips" within 14 calendar days. We do not include transfers into and/or out of the AZL Government Money Market Fund when available in your Contract. Round trips are transfers into and back out of the same Investment Option, or transfers out of and back into the same Investment Option.
- Refuse transfer requests made on your behalf by an asset allocation and/or market timing service.
- Limit the dollar amount of any single Purchase Payment or transfer request to an Investment Option.
- Prohibit transfers into specific Investment Options.
- Impose other limitations or restrictions to the extent permitted by federal securities laws.

We also reserve the right to reject any specific Purchase Payment allocation or transfer request from any person if in the investment adviser's, subadviser's or our judgment, an Investment Option may be unable to invest effectively in accordance with its investment objectives and policies.

Currently, we attempt to **deter** disruptive trading as follows. If a transfer(s) is/are identified as potentially disruptive trading, we may (but are not required to) send a warning letter. If the conduct continues and we determine it constitutes disruptive trading, we also impose transfer restrictions. Transfer restrictions may include refusing electronic transfers and requiring all transfers be sent by first-class U.S. mail. We do not enter into agreements permitting market timing and would not permit activities determined to be disruptive trading to continue. We also reserve the right to impose transfer restrictions if we determine, in our sole discretion, that transfers disadvantage other Owners. We notify you in writing if we impose transfer restrictions on you.

We do not include automatic transfers made under any of our programs or Contract features when applying our market timing policy.

We adopted these policies and procedures as a preventative measure to protect all Owners from the potential effects of disruptive trading, while also abiding by your legitimate interest in diversifying your investment and making periodic asset re-allocations based on your personal situation or overall market conditions. We attempt to protect your interests in making legitimate transfers by providing reasonable and convenient transfer methods that do not harm other Owners.

We may make exceptions when imposing transfer restrictions if we determine a transfer is appropriate, although it may technically violate our policies and procedures discussed here. In determining if a transfer is appropriate, we may, but are not required to, take into consideration its relative size, whether it was purely a defensive transfer into the AZL Government Money Market Fund, and whether it involved an error or similar event. We may also reinstate electronic transfer privileges after we revoke them, but we do not reinstate these privileges if we believe they might be used for future disruptive trading.

We cannot guarantee the following.

- Our monitoring will be 100% successful in detecting all potentially disruptive trading activity.
- Revoking electronic transfer privileges will successfully deter all potentially disruptive trading.

In addition, some of the Investment Options are available to other insurance companies and we do not know if they adopted policies and procedures to detect and deter potentially disruptive trading, or what their policies and procedures might be. Because we may not be completely successful at detecting and preventing market timing activities, and other insurance companies that offer the Investment Options may not have adopted adequate market timing procedures, there is some risk that market timing activity may occur and negatively affect other Owners.

We may, without prior notice to any party, take whatever action we deem appropriate to comply with any state or federal regulatory requirement. In addition, purchase orders for an Investment Option's shares are subject to acceptance by that Investment Option's manager. We reserve the right to reject, without prior notice, any Investment Option transfer request or Purchase Payment if the purchase order is rejected by the investment manager. We have entered into agreements required under SEC Rule 22c-2 (Rule 22c-2 agreements) whereby, upon request by an underlying fund or its designee, we must provide information about you and your trading activities to the underlying fund or its designee. Under the terms of the Rule 22c-2 agreements, we are required to: (1) provide details concerning every purchase, redemption, transfer, or exchange of Investment Options during a specified period; and (2) restrict your trading activity if the party receiving the information so requests. Under certain Rule 22c-2 agreements, if we fail to comply with a request to restrict trading activity, the underlying fund or its designee may refuse to accept buy orders from us until we comply.

Investment Options may add or change policies designed to restrict market timing activities. For example, Investment Options may impose restrictions on transfers between Investment Options in an affiliated group if the investment adviser to one or more of the Investment Options determines that the person requesting the transfer has engaged, or is engaging in, market timing or other abusive trading activities. In addition, an Investment Option may impose a short-term trading fee on purchases and sales within a specified period. You should review the Investment Options' prospectuses regarding any applicable transfer restrictions and the imposition of any fee to discourage short-term trading. The imposition of these restrictions would occur as a result of Investment Option restrictions and actions taken by the Investment Options' managers.

NOTE: This Contract is not designed for professional market timing organizations, or other persons using programmed, large, or frequent transfers, and we may restrict excessive or inappropriate transfer activity.

We retain some discretion in determining what actions constitute potentially disruptive trading and in determining when and how to impose trading restrictions. Therefore, persons engaging in potentially disruptive trading may be subjected to some uncertainty as to when and how we apply trading restrictions, and persons not engaging in potentially disruptive trading may not know precisely what actions will be taken against a person engaging in potentially disruptive trading. For example, if we determine a person is engaging in potentially disruptive trading, we may revoke that person's electronic transfer privileges and require all future requests to be sent by first-class U.S. mail. In the alternative, if the disruptive trading affects only a single Investment Option, we may prohibit transfers into or Purchase Payment allocations to that Investment Option. We notify the person or entity making the potentially disruptive trade when we revoke any transfer privileges.

The retention of some level of discretion by us may result in disparate treatment among persons engaging in potentially disruptive trading, and it is possible that some persons could experience adverse consequences if others are able to engage in potentially disruptive trading practices that have negative effects.

FLEXIBLE REBALANCING PROGRAM

Your selected Investment Options' performance may cause the percentage of Contract Value in each Investment Option to change. Flexible rebalancing can help you maintain your selected allocation percentages. You can direct us to automatically adjust your Contract Value (and Bonus Value, if applicable) in the Investment Options according to your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions on a quarterly, semi-annual or annual basis according to your instructions. We make flexible rebalancing transfers on the 20th of the month, or the next Business Day if the 20th is not a Business Day. We must receive your flexible rebalancing program form in Good Order at our Service Center by 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the Business Day before we rebalance, or your program does not begin until next month. If you participate in this program, there are no fees for the flexible rebalancing transfers and we do not currently count them as a free transfer. We reserve the right to discontinue or modify the flexible rebalancing program at any time and for any reason. To end this program, we must receive your request at our Service Center by 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the Business Day immediately before the 20th to end that month.

NOTE: This program is not available if you select Income Protector or Investment Protector, or have Income Focus.

FINANCIAL ADVISER FEES

If you have an investment adviser and want to pay their fees from this Contract, you can submit a written request to our Service Center on a form satisfactory to us. If we approve your request, we withdraw the fee and pay it to your adviser. We treat this fee payment as a withdrawal.

Financial adviser fees paid from a Non-Qualified Contract will be a taxable withdrawal to the extent that gain exists within the Contract. If any Owner is under age 59½, withdrawals may be subject to a 10% additional federal tax.

Financial adviser fees paid from an IRA will not be treated as a taxable withdrawal as long as the annuity contract is solely liable for the payment of the fee. You should consult a tax adviser regarding the tax treatment of adviser fee payments.

Your investment adviser acts on your behalf, not ours. We are not party to your advisory agreement or responsible for your adviser's actions. We do not set your adviser's fee or receive any part of it. Any adviser fee you pay is in addition to this Contract's fees and expenses. You should ask your adviser about compensation they receive for this Contract.

You can submit a written request to our Service Center on a form satisfactory to us to allow your adviser to make Investment Option transfers on your behalf. However, we reserve the right to review an adviser's trading history before allowing him or her to make transfers. If, in our sole discretion, we believe the adviser's trading history indicates excessive trading, we can deny your request. If we approve it, your adviser is subject to the same trading restrictions that apply to Owners. We can deny or revoke trading authority in our sole discretion.

VOTING PRIVILEGES

We legally own the Investment Option shares. However, when an Investment Option holds a shareholder vote that affects your investment, we ask you to give us voting instructions. We then vote all of our shares, including any we own on our behalf, in proportion to those instructions. Because most Owners do not give us instructions and we vote shares proportionally, a small number of Owners may determine a vote's outcome. If we determine we no longer need to get your voting instructions, we will decide how to vote the shares. Only Owners have voting privileges. Annuitants, Beneficiaries, Payees and other persons have no voting privileges unless they are also Owners.

We determine your voting interest in an Investment Option as follows.

- You can provide voting instructions based on the dollar value of the Investment Option's shares in your Contract's subaccount. We calculate this value based on the number and value of accumulation units for your Contract on the record date. We count fractional units.
- You receive proxy materials and a voting instruction form.

6. OUR GENERAL ACCOUNT

Our general account holds all our assets other than our separate account assets. We own our general account assets and use them to support our insurance and annuity obligations, other than those funded by our separate accounts. These assets are subject to our general business operation liabilities, and may lose value. Subject to applicable law, we have sole investment discretion over our general account assets.

We have not registered our general account as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, nor have we registered our general account interests under the Securities Act of 1933. As a result, the SEC has not reviewed our general account prospectus disclosures.

We do not currently offer any general account investment choices during the Accumulation Phase. Any Contract Value you apply to Annuity Payments during the Annuity Phase becomes part of our general account. Any guaranteed values, such as Income Protector's Benefit Base or Investment Protector's Target Value, that are greater than Contract Value are subject to our claims paying ability and the priority rights of our other creditors.

7. EXPENSES

Contract fees and expenses reduce your investment return and are described here in detail.

MORTALITY AND EXPENSE RISK (M&E) CHARGE

We calculate and accrue the M&E charge at an annualized rate of the Investment Options' net asset value on each Business Day during the Accumulation Phase as follows.

Mortality and Expense Risk (M&E) Charge (as a percentage of each Investment Options' net asset value)

	•
Base Contract without optional benefits(1)	1.40%
Base Contract with Quarterly Value Death Benefit(2)	1.70%
Base Contract with the Bonus Option(3)	1.70%
Base Contract with the Bonus Option and	2.00%
Quarterly Value Death Benefit(2),(3)	

- (1) Upon the death of the Owner, we continue to assess this M&E charge under death benefit payment Option B, and with optional payments under death benefit payment Option C, as noted in section 10, Death Benefit Death Benefit Payment Options During the Accumulation Phase.
- (2) If you remove an Additional Required Benefit from your Contract without simultaneously replacing it, we no longer assess the additional 0.30% M&E charge for the Quarterly Value Death Benefit after the Additional Required Benefit's rider termination date. In this instance you will not receive any future lock ins of quarterly investment gains to your death benefit but you keep any prior lock ins.
- (3) Not available in Connecticut or Oregon.

The M&E charge reduces the net asset value that we use to calculate each subaccount's accumulation unit value. The net asset value is the price of an underlying Investment Option. For more information on accumulation unit values, see the discussion in section 4, Valuing Your Contract.

The M&E charge compensates us for all your Contract's benefits, including our contractual obligation to make Annuity Payments, certain Contract expenses, and assuming the expense risk that the current charges are less than future Contract administration costs. If the M&E charge covers these costs and risks, any excess is profit to us. We anticipate making such a profit.

RIDER CHARGE

If you select Income Protector or Investment Protector, we deduct a rider charge from your Contract Value (and Bonus Value, if applicable) during the Accumulation Phase while your benefit is in effect and your Contract Value is positive. The rider charge is an annualized rate that is calculated and accrued on a daily basis as a percentage of the Benefit Base under Income Protector, or as a percentage of the Target Value under Investment Protector.

We begin calculating and accruing the daily rider charge amount on the day after the Rider Effective Date. We deduct the rider charge on each Quarterly Anniversary (or the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day) with the following exceptions.

- If you withdraw the total Contract Value, we deduct the final rider charge (the total of all daily rider charges we calculated for the current Contract quarter) before processing the withdrawal.
- If your Contract ends due to death, we deduct the final rider charge before calculating the death benefit.

		Rider Charge				
	Maximum	Minimum	Current			
Income Protector ⁽¹⁾						
Single Lifetime Plus Payments (as a percentage of the Benefit Base)	2.50%	0.50%	1.40%			
Joint Lifetime Plus Payments (as a percentage of the Benefit Base)	2.75%	0.50%	1.40%			
Investment Protector (as a percentage of the Target Value)	2.50%	0.35%	1.30%			

(1) If you select the Charge Lock Option rider, the Income Protector's rider charge is fixed at the rate in effect on the Charge Lock Date. You will continue to pay the rider charge after the Charge Lock Date as long as Income Protector is in effect and your Contract Value is positive.

For information on how we calculate the Benefit Base, see section 11.a, Income Protector – Benefit Base. For information on how we calculate the Target Value, see section 11.b, Investment Protector – Target Value.

We reserve the right to increase or decrease the rider charge on each Quarterly Anniversary, subject to the maximum and minimum. However, in any twelve-month period we cannot increase or decrease the rider charge for Income Protector more than 0.50%, and for Investment Protector more than 0.35%. If we increase your rider charge, we notify you in writing at least 30 days in advance to allow you the option of accepting the charge increase, or removing your benefit before the charge increases. Alternatively, if you have Income Protector, you can instead reject this charge increase and all future rider charge changes by selecting the Charge Lock Option rider. The Charge Lock Option rider allows you to keep your benefit at the current rider charge, but with reduced guaranteed values and payments, and no opportunity for future payment increases or future rider charge decreases. The Charge Lock Option rider for Income Protector is discussed in section 11.a.

We deduct the rider charge on a dollar for dollar basis from the Contract Value (and Bonus Value, if applicable). We deduct the rider charge from the Contract Value on each Quarterly Anniversary before we use that Contract Value to compute any of your Contract's guaranteed values, but we do not treat the deduction of the rider charge as a withdrawal when computing these guaranteed values. Guaranteed values include Income Protector's Benefit Base, Investment Protector's Target Value, and Quarterly Value Death Benefit's Quarterly Anniversary Value (see section 11.c). If on a Quarterly Anniversary (or the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day) the Contract Value is less than the rider charge, we deduct your total remaining Contract Value to cover the final rider charge and reduce your Contract Value to zero. If the deduction of the final rider charge eliminates your Contract Value, it does not end your Contract, selected benefit, or any Lifetime Plus Payments, although we no longer assess or deduct the rider charge.

Changes to the Benefit Base or Target Value change the rider charge amount. For example, under Income Protector, if you receive an annual Lifetime Plus Payment increase because the Contract Value increased, both your Benefit Base and daily rider charge amount also increase. Similarly, an Excess Withdrawal decreases both your Benefit Base and daily rider charge amount.

This fee compensates us for the benefits provided by Income Protector or Investment Protector, including your benefit's guarantees. If the rider charge covers these costs and risks, any excess is profit to us. We anticipate making such a profit.

NOTE FOR CONTRACTS WITH INCOME PROTECTOR:

- Selecting the Charge Lock Option rider may reduce your Income Protector benefits significantly, and you may be better off either accepting a rider charge increase, or removing Income Protector from your Contract. If you select the Charge Lock Option rider your Contract Value will continue to fluctuate with Investment Option performance after the Charge Lock Date. The Charge Lock Option rider may not be available in all states or through all broker dealers. You should consult with your Financial Professional before selecting the Charge Lock Option rider.
- For Charge Lock Option riders issued in all states except Pennsylvania: Once you select the Charge Lock Option rider, you cannot later remove it from your Contract.
- For Charge Lock Option riders issued in Pennsylvania: If you change your mind about having the Charge Lock
 Option rider, you can return the rider within ten days after receiving it and we treat it as if it had never been issued. If
 you return the Charge Lock Option rider this means we will increase your rider charge, but we will not reduce your
 guaranteed values or payments.
- If your benefit ends before the Benefit Date due to the death of a Covered Person or Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), we refund any rider charges accrued and deducted after the date of death even if you select the Charge Lock Option rider. If your benefit ends after the Benefit Date due to the death of a Covered Person or Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), we will not refund rider charges accrued and deducted after the date of death.

NOTE FOR CONTRACTS WITH INVESTMENT PROTECTOR:

• If your benefit ends due to the death of an Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual) and we deduct rider charges after the date of death, the rider charges accrued and deducted after the date of death are refunded if a Target Value Date does not occur between the date of death and the date we receive the first Valid Claim. We do not refund rider charges if a Target Value Date occurs between the date of death and the date we receive the first Valid Claim.

CONTRACT MAINTENANCE CHARGE

Your annual contract maintenance charge is \$50. This charge is for Contract administration and maintenance expenses. We waive this charge as follows:

- During the Accumulation Phase, if the total Contract Value (or Bonus Value, if applicable) for all Vision Contracts you own is at least \$100,000 at the end of the last Business Day before the Contract Anniversary, or if the Contract Value (or Bonus Value, if applicable) for this single Vision Contract is at least \$100,000 on the Contract Anniversary. We determine the total Contract Value (or Bonus Value, if applicable) for all individually owned Vision Contracts by using the Owner's social security number, and for non-individually owned Vision Contracts we use the Annuitant's social security number.
- During the Annuity Phase if the Contract Value on the last Business Day before the Annuity Date is at least \$100,000.
- When paying death benefits under death benefit payment options A, B, or C.

During the Accumulation Phase, we deduct the contract maintenance charge on a dollar for dollar basis from the Contract Value (and Bonus Value, if applicable) on the Contract Anniversary. If you take a full withdrawal from your Contract (other than on a Contract Anniversary), we deduct the full contract maintenance charge. We do not treat the deduction of the contract maintenance charge as a withdrawal when computing any of your Contract's guaranteed values. During the Annuity Phase, we deduct the contract maintenance charge proportionately from each Annuity Payment.

WITHDRAWAL CHARGE

You can take withdrawals during the Accumulation Phase. A withdrawal charge applies if any part of a withdrawal comes from a Purchase Payment that is still within the withdrawal charge period. We assess the withdrawal charge against the Withdrawal Charge Basis, which is equal to total Purchase Payments, less any Purchase Payment withdrawal (excluding any penalty-free withdrawals), and less any applicable withdrawal charge. We do not reduce the Withdrawal Charge Basis for any amounts we deduct to pay other Contract charges.

We do not assess a withdrawal charge on penalty-free withdrawals or amounts we deduct to pay Contract charges, other than the withdrawal charge. However, any amounts used to pay a withdrawal charge are subject to a withdrawal charge. Amounts withdrawn to pay investment adviser fees are subject to a withdrawal charge if they exceed the free withdrawal privilege. Penalty-free withdrawals include: withdrawals under the free withdrawal privilege and waiver of withdrawal charge benefit; payments under our minimum distribution program; Lifetime Plus Payments; and Income Focus Payments.

For purposes of calculating any withdrawal charge, we withdraw Purchase Payments on a "first-in-first-out" (FIFO) basis and we process withdrawal requests as follows.

- 1. First we withdraw from Purchase Payments that are beyond your Contract's withdrawal charge period (for example, on a Base Contract, Purchase Payments we have had for seven or more complete years). This withdrawal is not subject to a withdrawal charge and it reduces the Withdrawal Charge Basis.
- 2. Then, if this is a partial withdrawal, we withdraw from the free withdrawal privilege (see section 8, Access to Your Money Free Withdrawal Privilege). This withdrawal is not subject to a withdrawal charge and it does not reduce the Withdrawal Charge Basis.
- 3. Next, on a FIFO basis, we withdraw from Purchase Payments within your Contract's withdrawal charge period and assess a withdrawal charge. Withdrawing payments on a FIFO basis may help reduce the total withdrawal charge because the charge declines over time. We determine your total withdrawal charge by multiplying each payment by its applicable withdrawal charge percentage and then totaling the charges. This withdrawal reduces the Withdrawal Charge Basis.
- 4. Finally we withdraw any Contract earnings. Bonuses (if applicable) and earnings on them are considered Contract earnings for withdrawal charge purposes. This withdrawal is not subject to a withdrawal charge and it does not reduce the Withdrawal Charge Basis.

The withdrawal charge as a percentage of each Purchase Payment withdrawn is as follows.

Number of Complete	Withdrawal Charge Amount(1)						
Years Since Purchase Payment	Base Contract ⁽²⁾	Bonus Option ⁽³⁾					
0	8.5%	8.5%					
1	8.5%	8.5%					
2	7.5%	8.5%					
3	6.5%	8%					
4	5%	7%					
5	4%	6%					
6	3%	5%					
7	0%	4%					
8	0%	3%					
9 years or more	0%	0%					

- (1) In Florida, the total withdrawal charge on a partial or full withdrawal cannot be greater than 10% of the Contract Value withdrawn.
- (2) In Mississippi, the withdrawal charge is 8.5%, 7.5%, 6.5%, 5.5%, 5%, 4%, 3%, and 0% for the time periods referenced.
- (3) Not available in Connecticut or Oregon. In Mississippi, the withdrawal charge is 8%, 8%, 8%, 8%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 3.5%, 1.5% and 0% for the time periods referenced.

Upon a full withdrawal, we first deduct any applicable contract maintenance charge and rider charge before we calculate the withdrawal charge. We deduct any applicable withdrawal charge from the total Contract Value and send you the remaining amount. For a partial withdrawal we deduct the amount you request, plus any applicable withdrawal charge from the total Contract Value (and Bonus Value, if applicable). We apply the withdrawal charge to this total amount and we pay you the amount you requested. For partial withdrawals, we deduct the charge proportionately from your selected Investment Options. If a partial withdrawal occurs on a day that we also assess the rider charge and/or contract maintenance charge, we assess these charges in this order after we deduct the withdrawal and any applicable withdrawal charge from the Contract Value.

The withdrawal charge compensates us for expenses associated with selling the Contract.

Example: You make an initial Purchase Payment of \$30,000 on a Base Contract and make another Purchase Payment in the first month of the second Contract Year of \$70,000. In the third month of the third Contract Year, your Contract Value is \$110,000 and you request a \$52,000 withdrawal. We withdraw money and compute the withdrawal charge as follows.

- 1) **Purchase Payments beyond the withdrawal charge period.** All payments are still within the withdrawal charge period, so this does not apply.
- 2) **Amounts available under the free withdrawal privilege.** You did not take any other withdrawals this year, so you can withdraw up to 12% of your total payments (or \$12,000) without incurring a withdrawal charge.
- 3) **Purchase Payments on a FIFO basis.** We withdraw \$30,000 from the first Purchase Payment, which is subject to a 7.5% withdrawal charge, and you receive \$27,750. We determine this amount as follows:

```
(amount withdrawn) x (1 – withdrawal charge) = the amount you receive, or: $30,000 \times 0.925 = $27,750.
```

Next we withdraw from the second Purchase Payment. So far, you received \$39,750 (\$12,000 under the free withdrawal privilege and \$27,750 from the first Purchase Payment), so we withdraw \$12,250 from the second Purchase Payment to equal the \$52,000 you requested. The second Purchase Payment is subject to an 8.5% withdrawal charge. We calculate the total amount withdrawn and its withdrawal charge as follows:

```
(the amount you receive) \div (1 – withdrawal charge) = amount withdrawn, or: \$12,250 \div 0.915 = \$13,388
```

4) Contract earnings. We already withdrew your requested amount, so this does not apply.

In total we withdrew \$55,388 from your Contract, of which you received \$52,000 and paid a withdrawal charge of \$3,388.

Reduction or Elimination of the Withdrawal Charge

We may reduce or eliminate the withdrawal charge when the Contract is sold under circumstances that reduce its sales expenses. For example, if a large group of individuals purchases Contracts or if a prospective purchaser already has a relationship with us. We may choose not to deduct a withdrawal charge under a Contract issued to an officer, director, or employee of Allianz Life or any of its affiliates. Also, we may reduce or eliminate the withdrawal charge when a Contract is sold by a Financial Professional appointed with Allianz Life to any members of his or her immediate family and the Financial Professional waives their commission. We must pre-approve any withdrawal charge reduction or elimination.

- Because we do not reduce the Withdrawal Charge Basis for penalty-free withdrawals or for Contract charges
 other than the withdrawal charge, we may assess a withdrawal charge on more than the amount you are
 withdrawing upon a full withdrawal of the total Contract Value. Also, upon full withdrawal, if the Contract
 Value has declined due to poor performance, the withdrawal charge may be greater than the total Contract
 Value and you will not receive any money.
- Withdrawals may have tax consequences and, if taken before age 59½, may be subject to a 10% additional federal tax. For tax purposes in most instances, withdrawals from Non-Qualified Contracts are considered to come from earnings first, not Purchase Payments.
- For Contracts issued in Florida: The withdrawal charge cannot exceed 10% of the Contract Value withdrawn.

TRANSFER FEE

The first twelve transfers every Contract Year are free. After that, we deduct a \$25 transfer fee for each additional transfer. We count all transfers made in the same Business Day as one transfer. The following do not count against the free transfers we allow and are not subject to a transfer fee: dollar cost averaging transfers, flexible rebalancing transfers, or quarterly rebalancing transfers under Income Protector, Income Focus or Investment Protector. The transfer fee continues to apply under death benefit payment Option B, and with optional payments under death benefit payment Option C as noted in section 10, Death Benefit – Death Benefit Payment Options During the Accumulation Phase.

We deduct the transfer fee on a dollar for dollar basis from the amount of Contract Value being transferred (and Bonus Value, if applicable) before allocating the remaining Contract Value to your selected Investment Options. We do not treat the deduction of the transfer fee as a withdrawal when computing any of your Contract's guaranteed values.

PREMIUM TAX

Premium tax is based on your state of residence at the time you make each Purchase Payment. In states that assess a premium tax, we do not currently deduct it from the Contract, although we reserve the right to do so in the future. Premium tax normally ranges from 0% to 3.5% of the Purchase Payment, depending on the state or governmental entity.

INCOME TAX

Currently, we do not deduct any Contract related income tax we incur, although we reserve the right to do so in the future.

INVESTMENT OPTION EXPENSES

The Investment Options' assets are subject to operating expenses (including management fees). These expenses are described in the Fee Tables, Appendix A, and in the Investment Options' prospectuses. These expenses reduce the Investment Options' performance and, therefore, negatively affect your Contract Value and any guaranteed values or payments based on Contract Value. The Investment Options' investment advisers provided us with the expense information in this prospectus and we did not independently verify it.

8. ACCESS TO YOUR MONEY

The money in your Contract is available under the following circumstances:

- by withdrawing your Contract Value;
- by withdrawing the Target Value on the Target Value Date (if you select Investment Protector);
- by taking Lifetime Plus Payments (if you select Income Protector);
- by taking Income Focus Payments (if you have Income Focus);
- by taking required minimum distributions (Qualified Contracts only) as discussed in "Minimum Distribution Program and Required Minimum Distribution (RMD) Payments" later in this section;
- by taking Annuity Payments; or
- when we pay a death benefit.

You can take withdrawals during the Accumulation Phase. We process withdrawal requests based on values next determined after receipt of the request in Good Order at our Service Center. Values are normally determined at the end of each Business Day. Any withdrawal request received at or after the end of the current Business Day receives the next Business Day's values.

Any partial withdrawal must be for at least \$100.* The Contract Value after a partial withdrawal must be at least \$2,000.** We reserve the right to treat a partial withdrawal that reduces the Contract Value below this minimum as a full withdrawal.

- * Does not apply to Lifetime Plus Payments, Income Focus Payments, or required minimum distributions.
- ** Does not apply to Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments.

We deduct any partial withdrawal (including any withdrawal charge) proportionately from each Investment Option unless you provide us with alternate instructions. If you select Income Protector or Investment Protector, or have Income Focus, and take a partial withdrawal from specific Investment Options, the benefit's quarterly rebalancing feature moves money back into those Investment Options at the end of the quarter unless you also change your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions.

If you select the Bonus Option and you have multiple bonuses, we reduce the oldest unvested bonus first (see section 11.d, Bonus Option). Partial withdrawals in excess of the free withdrawal privilege reduce unvested bonus amounts by the percentage of the Contract Value withdrawn, as shown in the following example.

When you take a full withdrawal, we process your request on the Business Day we receive it in Good Order at our Service Center as follows:

- total Contract Value determined at the end of the day,
- less any final rider charge if you selected Income Protector, Income Focus or Investment Protector,
- · less any withdrawal charge, and
- less any contract maintenance charge.

See the Fee Tables and section 7, Expenses for a discussion of these charges.

We pay withdrawals within seven days of receipt of your request in Good Order at our Service Center, unless the suspension of payments or transfers provision is in effect (see the discussion later in this section).

- Ordinary income taxes and tax penalties may apply to any withdrawal you take.
- We may be required to provide information about you or your Contract to government regulators. We may also be required to stop Contract disbursements and thereby refuse any transfer requests, and refuse to pay any withdrawals, surrenders, or death benefits until we receive instructions from the appropriate regulator. If, pursuant to SEC rules, the AZL Government Money Market Fund suspends payment of redemption proceeds in connection with a fund liquidation, we will delay payment of any transfer, partial withdrawal, surrender, or death benefit from the AZL Government Money Market Fund subaccount until the fund is liquidated.
- **For Contracts issued in Texas:** We can only treat a partial withdrawal that reduces the Contract Value below \$2,000 as a full withdrawal if you have not made an additional Purchase Payment in the past two calendar years.
- For Contracts with Investment Protector: The Target Value is only guaranteed to be available on each Target Value Date. Beginning on the next Business Day, your Contract Value fluctuates based on your selected Investment Options' performance, and this is the value available to you upon withdrawal. We notify you in writing at least 30 days in advance of your initial Target Value Date to allow you to decide if you want to take a withdrawal and/or continue your Contract until the next Target Value Date.

Example

- You purchase a Base Contract with the Bonus Option, make an initial Purchase Payment of \$100,000 and receive a \$6,000 bonus.
- You request a \$50,000 partial withdrawal (not including the withdrawal charge) during the first Contract Year when the withdrawal charge is 8.5%. On the day of (but before) the partial withdrawal, your Contract Value is \$110,600, the Bonus Value is \$116,600, and your free withdrawal privilege is \$12,000. Your bonus is not vested.

Calculating the total withdrawal charge:	
Amount requested that is subject to a withdrawal charge (amount requested minus the free withdrawal privilege)	
= \$50,000 - \$12,000 =	\$38,000.00
Divided by (1 minus the withdrawal charge percentage) = 1 – 0.085 =	÷ 0.915
Total amount subject to a withdrawal charge	\$41,530.05
Total withdrawal charge (amount withdrawn minus the amount requested) = \$41,530.05 - \$38,000.00 =	\$ 3,530.05
Reducing the Contract Value:	
Contract Value on the day of (but before) the partial withdrawal	\$110,600.00
Minus the total amount withdrawn (amount requested plus the total withdrawal charge)	
= \$50,000.00 + \$3,530.05 =	- 53,530.05
Contract Value after the partial withdrawal	\$ 57,069.95
Reducing the unvested bonus:	
Amount of the unvested bonus	\$ 6,000.00
Multiplied by the result of the total amount withdrawn, minus the free withdrawal privilege,	
divided by the Contract Value on the day of (but before) the partial withdrawal	
= (\$53,530.05 - \$12,000) / \$110,600 =	x 0.375
Reduction in the unvested bonus due to the partial withdrawal (0.375 x \$6,000)	\$ 2,250
Unvested bonus after the partial withdrawal = \$6,000 – \$2,250 =	\$ 3,750

FREE WITHDRAWAL PRIVILEGE

Each Contract Year, you can withdraw up to 12% of your total Purchase Payments without incurring a withdrawal charge (the free withdrawal privilege). Any unused free withdrawal privilege in one Contract Year is not added to the amount available next year. Withdrawals of Purchase Payments that are beyond the withdrawal charge period are not subject to a withdrawal charge and do not reduce your free withdrawal privilege. Required minimum distribution payments are not subject to a withdrawal charge, but do reduce your free withdrawal privilege.

NOTE: The free withdrawal privilege is not available upon a full withdrawal or while you are receiving Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments.

SYSTEMATIC WITHDRAWAL PROGRAM

If your Contract Value is at least \$25,000, the systematic withdrawal program can provide automatic withdrawal payments to you. You can request to receive these withdrawal payments monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually. The minimum amount you can withdraw under this program is \$100 and there is no maximum. During the withdrawal charge period, systematic withdrawals in excess of the free withdrawal privilege are subject to a withdrawal charge. We make systematic withdrawals on the ninth of the month, or the next Business Day if the ninth is not a Business Day. We must receive your systematic withdrawal program form instructions in Good Order at our Service Center by 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the Business Day before we process these withdrawals, or your program does not begin until the next month. This program ends at your request or when you withdraw your total Contract Value. However, we reserve the right to discontinue or modify the systematic withdrawal program at any time and for any reason.

NOTE:

- Ordinary income taxes and tax penalties may apply to systematic withdrawals.
- The systematic withdrawal program is not available while you are receiving required minimum distribution payments, Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments.

MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION PROGRAM AND REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION (RMD) PAYMENTS

If you own an IRA or SEP IRA Qualified Contract, you can participate in the minimum distribution program during the Accumulation Phase. Under this program, we make payments to you designed to meet the applicable minimum distribution requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code for this Qualified Contract. RMD payments are not subject to a withdrawal charge, but they reduce the free withdrawal privilege amount during the Contract Year. We can make payments to you on a monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual basis. However, if your Contract Value is less than \$25,000, we only make annual payments. You cannot aggregate RMD payments between this Contract and other qualified contracts that you own. We make RMD payments on the ninth of the month, or the next Business Day if the ninth is not a Business Day. We must receive your program form instructions in Good Order at our Service Center by 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the Business Day before we process these payments, or your program does not begin until the next month.

Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments can also be used to satisfy your RMD needs. If you begin Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments while participating in the minimum distribution program, RMD payments stop on the Business Day immediately before the Benefit Date. You remain in the program (unless you choose to end it), and if your selected benefit's lifetime payments and Excess Withdrawals taken during a calendar year do not fully satisfy your RMD, we send you an additional RMD payment to satisfy your remaining RMD needs. For more information, see the note in section 11.a, Income Protector – Calculating Your Lifetime Plus Payments, or Appendix F, Income Focus – Calculating Your Income Focus Payments.

NOTE:

- You should consult a tax adviser before purchasing a Qualified Contract that is subject to RMD payments.
- The minimum distribution program is not available while you are receiving systematic withdrawals.

WAIVER OF WITHDRAWAL CHARGE BENEFIT

After the first Contract Year, if any Owner becomes confined to a nursing home for a period of at least 90 consecutive days and a physician certifies that continued confinement is necessary, you can take a withdrawal and we waive the withdrawal charge. This waiver is not available if any Owner was confined to a nursing home on the Issue Date. We base this benefit on the Annuitant for non-individually owned Contracts. We must receive proof of confinement in Good Order before we waive the withdrawal charge.

NOTE FOR CONTRACTS ISSUED IN:

- Massachusetts The waiver of withdrawal charge benefit is not available.
- New Hampshire The definition of nursing home is an institution operated in accordance with state law.
- Pennsylvania The waiver is not available if on the Issue Date, an Owner was confined to a nursing home or was already diagnosed with a terminal illness. Also, the nursing home confinement requirement is a total of 90 days within a six month period. These 90 days do not need to be consecutive.

SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS OR TRANSFERS

We may be required to suspend or postpone transfers or payments for withdrawals* for any period when:

- the New York Stock Exchange is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings);
- trading on the New York Stock Exchange is restricted;
- an emergency (as determined by the SEC) exists as a result of which disposal of the Investment Option shares is not reasonably practicable or we cannot reasonably value the Investment Option shares; or
- during any other period when the SEC, by order, so permits for the protection of Owners.
- * Including Lifetime Plus Payments, Income Focus Payments and Excess Withdrawals.

9. THE ANNUITY PHASE

Prior to annuitization, you can surrender your Contract and receive your total Contract Value. Annuity Payments offer a guaranteed income stream with certain tax advantages and are designed for Owners who are not concerned with continued access to Contract Value.

You can apply your Contract Value to regular periodic fixed annuity payments (Annuity Payments). The Payee receives the Annuity Payments. You receive tax reporting on the payments, whether or not you are the Payee. We may require proof of the Annuitant(s)' age before we make any life contingent Annuity Payment. If you misstate the Annuitant(s)' age or gender, we pay the amount that would have been paid at the true age or gender.

CALCULATING YOUR ANNUITY PAYMENTS

We base Annuity Payments upon the following:

- The Contract Value on the Annuity Date.
- The age of the Annuitant and any joint Annuitant on the Annuity Date.
- The gender of the Annuitant and any joint Annuitant where permitted.
- The Annuity Option you select.
- Your Contract's interest rate (or current rates, if higher) and mortality table.

We guarantee the dollar amount of Annuity Payments and this amount remains fixed and does not change during the entire annuity payout option period that you selected, except as provided under Annuity Option 3.

ANNUITY PAYMENT OPTIONS

You can choose one of the Annuity Options described below or any other payment option to which we agree. Before the Annuity Date, you can select and/or change the Annuity Option with at least 30 days written notice to us. After Annuity Payments begin, you cannot change the Annuity Option.

Option 1. Life Annuity. We make Annuity Payments during the life of the Annuitant, and the last payment is the one that is due before the Annuitant's death. If the Annuitant dies shortly after the Annuity Date, the Payee may receive less than your investment in the Contract.

Option 2. Life Annuity with Payments Over 5, 10, 15 or 20 Years Guaranteed. We make Annuity Payments during the life of the Annuitant, with payments for a guaranteed minimum period that you select.

Option 3. Joint and Last Survivor Annuity. We make Annuity Payments during the lifetimes of the Annuitant and the joint Annuitant. Upon the death of one Annuitant, Annuity Payments to the Payee continue during the lifetime of the surviving joint Annuitant, at a level of 100%, 75% or 50% selected by the Owner when he or she chose this Annuity Payment option. If both Annuitants die shortly after the Annuity Date, the Payee may receive less than your investment in the Contract.

Option 4. Joint and Last Survivor Annuity with Payments Over 5, 10, 15 or 20 Years Guaranteed. We make Annuity Payments during the lifetimes of the Annuitant and the joint Annuitant, with payments for a minimum guaranteed period that you select.

Option 5. Refund Life Annuity. We make Annuity Payments during the lifetime of the Annuitant, and the last payment is the one that is due before the Annuitant's death. After the Annuitant's death, the Payee may receive a lump sum refund. The amount of the refund equals the amount applied to this Annuity Option minus the total paid under this option.

After the Annuitant's death under Option 2, or the last surviving joint Annuitant's death under Option 4, we make Annuity Payments during the remaining guaranteed period in the following order based on who is still alive: the Payee, any surviving original Owner, the last surviving Owner's Beneficiaries, or to the last surviving Owner's estate if there are no remaining or named Beneficiaries.

Annuity Payments are usually lower if you select an Annuity Option that requires us to make more frequent Annuity Payments or to make payments over a longer period of time. If you choose life contingent Annuity Payments, payout rates for a younger Annuitant are lower than the payout rates for an older Annuitant and payout rates for life with a guaranteed period are typically lower than life only payments. Monthly payout rates are lower than annual payout rates, payout rates for a 20-year guaranteed period are less than payout rates for a 10-year guaranteed period, and payout rates for a 50-year-old Annuitant are less than payout rates for a 70-year-old Annuitant.

NOTE: If you do not choose an Annuity Option before the Annuity Date, we make Annuity Payments to the Payee under Annuity Option 2 with ten years of guaranteed monthly payments.

WHEN ANNUITY PAYMENTS BEGIN

Annuity Payments begin on the Annuity Date. Your scheduled Annuity Date is the maximum permitted date allowed for your Contract, which is the first day of the calendar month following the later of: a) the Annuitant's 90th birthday, or b) the tenth Contract Anniversary. An earlier Annuity Date or a withdrawal may be required to satisfy minimum required distribution rules under certain Qualified Contracts. *You can make an authorized request for a different, earlier or later Annuity Date after the Issue Date, but any such request is subject to applicable law and our approval.* An earlier or later Annuity Date may not be available to you depending on the Financial Professional you purchase your Contract through and your state of residence. Your Annuity Date must be at least two years after the Issue Date.* The Annuity Date cannot be later than what is permitted under applicable law. If you are required to annuitize the Contract while you are receiving Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments as a result of current tax law, which may occur at age 95 or later, we provide an annuity option with payments at least equal to the payments you are then receiving as described in the following note.

* In Florida, the earliest acceptable Annuity Date is one year after the Issue Date.

NOTE:

- If on the maximum permitted Annuity Date your Contract Value is greater than zero, you must annuitize the Contract. We notify you of your available options in writing 60 days in advance. If you have not selected an Annuity Option, we make payments under Annuity Option 2 with ten years of guaranteed monthly payments. Upon annuitization you no longer have Contract Value or a death benefit, and you cannot receive any other periodic withdrawals or payments other than Annuity Payments.
- For Contracts with Income Protector or Income Focus: If on the maximum permitted Annuity Date we require you to annuitize the Contract and you are receiving Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments, and your Contract Value is greater than zero, we make the following guarantee if you take Annuity Payments under Annuity Option 1 or 3.

For <u>single</u> Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments, if you choose Annuity Option 1 (Life Annuity) where the sole Annuitant is the sole Covered Person, then your Annuity Payments equals the greater of:

- annual Annuity Payments under Annuity Option 1 based on the Contract Value; or
- the current annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment or Income Focus Payment available to you.

For joint Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments, if you choose Annuity Option 3 (Joint and Last Survivor Annuity) with Annuity Payments to continue at a level of 100% to the surviving joint Annuitant, and both joint Annuitants are the joint Covered Persons, then your Annuity Payments equals the greater of:

- annual Annuity Payments under Annuity Option 3 based on the Contract Value; or
- the current annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment or Income Focus Payment available to you.

However, if you select any other Annuity Option, this guarantee does not apply.

10. DEATH BENEFIT

"You" in this section refers to the Owner, or the Annuitant if the Contract is owned by a non-individual.

The Base Contract provides the Traditional Death Benefit. If you purchased a Contract on or before April 26, 2013, the Traditional Death Benefit that applies to your Contract is described in Appendix D. If available, you can instead select the Quarterly Value Death Benefit at Contract issue (see section 11.c, Quarterly Value Death Benefit).

The death benefit is only available during the Accumulation Phase. If you or the Determining Life (Lives) die during the Accumulation Phase, we process the death benefit using prices determined after we receive the required information, which is either a Valid Claim or due proof of death as stated here. (For information on due proof of death see the Glossary – Valid Claim). If we receive this information after the end of the current Business Day, we use the next Business Day's prices.

If there are multiple Beneficiaries, each Beneficiary receives the portion of the death benefit he or she is entitled to when we receive his or her Valid Claim. Unless you instruct us to pay Beneficiaries a specific percentage of the death benefit, he or she each receives an equal share. Any part of the death benefit that is in the Investment Options remains there until distribution begins. From the time we determine the death benefit until we make a complete distribution, any amount in the Investment Options continues to be subject to investment risk that is borne by the recipient(s). Once we receive notification of death, we no longer accept additional Purchase Payments or process transfer requests.

The Contract provides the Traditional Death Benefit based on the greater of:

- Contract Value (after deduction of the final rider charge, if applicable), or
- total of all Purchase Payments received, reduced by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn, determined at the
 end of each Business Day. Withdrawals include Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments, Excess
 Withdrawals, and any withdrawal charges; but do not include amounts we withdraw for other Contract charges.

If you are the Determining Life, or if you and the Determining Life (Lives) are different individuals and die simultaneously as defined by applicable state law or regulation we determine the Traditional Death Benefit at the end of the Business Day we receive a Valid Claim. For multiple Beneficiaries, each surviving Beneficiary receives the greater of their portion of total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals determined at the end of the Business Day we receive the first Valid Claim from any one Beneficiary, or their portion of the Contract Value determined at the end of the Business Day during which we receive his or her Valid Claim.

If you and the Determining Life (Lives) are different individuals and do not die simultaneously, the death benefit is as follows. *This can only occur if you change the Owner after the Issue Date.*

- If a Determining Life dies before you we do not pay a death benefit to the Beneficiary(s), but we may increase the Contract Value. We compare the Contract Value and total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals determined at the end of Business Day we receive due proof of a Determining Life's death. If your Contract Value is less than total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals, we increase your Contract Value to equal total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals, and the Traditional Death Benefit ends. We allocate any Contract Value increase to the Investment Options according to future Purchase Payment allocation instructions.
- Upon your death your Beneficiary(s) receive the Contract Value determined at the end of the Business Day during which we receive each Beneficiary's Valid Claim.

The Traditional Death Benefit ends upon the earliest of the following.

- The Business Day before the Annuity Date.
- The Business Day that total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals and Contract Value are both zero.
- Upon the death of a Determining Life, the end of the Business Day we receive a Valid Claim from all Beneficiaries if you and the Determining Life are the same individuals, or if you and the Determining Life (Lives) are different individuals and die simultaneously as defined by applicable state law or regulation.
- Upon the death of a Determining Life, the end of the Business Day we receive due proof of the Determining Life's death if you and the Determining Life (Lives) are different individuals and do not die simultaneously.
- Upon the death of an Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), the end of the Business Day we receive the first Valid Claim from any one Beneficiary, if the Owner (or Annuitant) is no longer a Determining Life.
- The Business Day the Contract ends.

NOTE:

- The Traditional Death Benefit is a first-to-die benefit based on the Determining Life (Lives). This means that upon the death of an Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), if a surviving spouse continues the Contract the Traditional Death Benefit is no longer available. Also, if you and the Determining Life (Lives) are different individuals and you die first, the Traditional Death Benefit is not available to your Beneficiary(s).
- For Contracts with the Bonus Option: Bonus amounts are included in the portion of the death benefit based on Contract Value, but only as the bonus vests. We do not include the bonus in the portion of the death benefit based on Purchase Payments.
- For Contracts with Income Protector, Income Focus or Investment Protector: We restrict additional Purchase Payments, which limits the Traditional Death Benefit Value.

DEATH OF THE OWNER AND/OR ANNUITANT

The Appendix to the Statement of Additional Information includes tables that are intended to help you better understand what happens upon the death of any Owner and/or Annuitant under the different portions of the Contract.

DEATH BENEFIT PAYMENT OPTIONS DURING THE ACCUMULATION PHASE

If you do not designate a death benefit payment option, a Beneficiary must select one of the options listed below. If a Beneficiary requests a lump sum payment under Option A, we pay that Beneficiary within seven days of receipt of his or her Valid Claim, unless the suspension of payments or transfers provision is in effect. Payment of the death benefit may be delayed, pending receipt of any state forms.

Spousal Continuation: If the Beneficiary is the deceased Owner's spouse, he or she can choose to continue the Contract with the portion of the death benefit the spouse is entitled to in his or her own name. For non-individually owned Contracts, spousal continuation is only available to Qualified Contracts. Spouses must qualify as such under federal law to continue the Contract. Individuals who have entered into a registered domestic partnership, civil union, or other similar relationship that is not considered to be a marriage under state law are also not considered to be married under federal law. An election by the spouse to continue the Contract must be made on the death claim form before we pay the death benefit. If the deceased Owner was a Determining Life and the surviving spouse continues the Contract, at the end of the Business Day we receive his or her Valid Claim, we increase the Contract Value to equal the guaranteed death benefit value if greater. The guaranteed death benefit value is total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals if the Traditional Death Benefit applies, or the Quarterly Anniversary Value if the Quarterly Value Death Benefit applies. For Contracts with Income Protector, Income Focus or Investment Protector, a Contract Value increase may not increase the Benefit Base, Income Value Percentage(s), or Target Value.

If the surviving spouse continues the Contract:

- he or she may exercise all of the Owner's rights, including naming a new Beneficiary or Beneficiaries;
- he or she is subject to any remaining withdrawal charge; and
- upon the surviving spouse's death their Beneficiary(s) receive the Contract Value determined at the end of the Business Day during which we receive a Valid Claim from each Beneficiary.

Option A: Lump sum payment of the death benefit.

Option B: Payment of the entire death benefit within five years of the date of any Owner's death. The Beneficiary can continue to make transfers between Investment Options and is subject to a transfer fee and a 1.40% M&E charge. At the end of the fifth year, any remaining death benefit is paid in a lump sum.

Option C: If the Beneficiary is an individual, payment of the death benefit as Annuity Payments under Annuity Options 1, 2 or 5 as described under "Annuity Payment Options" in section 9. With our written consent other options may be available for payment over a period not extending beyond the Beneficiary's life expectancy under which the Beneficiary can continue to make transfers between Investment Options and is subject to a transfer fee and a 1.40% M&E charge.

Distribution must begin within one year of the date of the Owner's death. Any portion of the death benefit not applied to Annuity Payments within one year of the date of the Owner's death must be distributed within five years of the date of death.

If the Contract is owned by a non-individual, then we treat the death of an Annuitant as the death of an Owner for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code's distribution at death rules, which are set forth in Section 72(s) of the Code.

In all events, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the Contract or this prospectus, the Contract is interpreted and administered in accordance with Section 72(s) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Other rules may apply to Qualified Contracts.

11. SELECTION OF OPTIONAL BENEFITS

Check with your Financial Professional regarding availability of optional benefits. Each optional benefit carries an additional M&E charge or a rider charge. For more information, please see the Fee Tables and section 7, Expenses.

Currently Available Riders

• <u>Income Protector.</u> This benefit provides guaranteed lifetime income (called Lifetime Plus Payments) that can begin once the minimum exercise age is met, or as late as age 90. We base payments on the Benefit Base. Income Protector allows access to both Contract Value and a death benefit for a period of time after payments begin as described in section 11.a, Income Protector. Appendix G contains information specific to previously available versions of this benefit.

NOTE: Income Protector provides no payments before the minimum exercise age. If you are required to annuitize your Contract as a result of current tax law, which may occur at age 95 or later, we provide an annuity option with payments at least equal to the Lifetime Plus Payments you are then receiving as described in section 9, The Annuity Phase – When Annuity Payments Begin.

- <u>Investment Protector.</u> This benefit provides a level of protection for your principal and any annual investment gains (Target Value) on a future date if you hold the Contract for the required period, as described in section 11.b, Investment Protector. Appendix G contains information specific to previously available versions of this benefit.
- Quarterly Value Death Benefit. This benefit locks in any quarterly investment gains to provide an increased death benefit as described in section 11.c, Quarterly Value Death Benefit. Appendix E contains information specific to previously available versions of this benefit.
- Bonus Option. This benefit provides a 6% bonus on Purchase Payments received before age 81 (subject to a three-year vesting schedule) and has a higher and longer withdrawal charge schedule as described in section 11.d, Bonus Option. Bonus annuity contracts generally have higher charges than contracts without a bonus and therefore, the charges may be greater than the bonus.

Previously Available Rider

• <u>Income Focus.</u> This benefit provides guaranteed lifetime income called Income Focus Payments (similar to Income Protector's Lifetime Plus Payments) that can begin from age 60 to age 90. We base payments on a percentage of each Income Value. Income Value Percentages can potentially increase by 1% each year if your Contract Value increases (Performance Increases). Income Focus allows access to both Contract Value and a death benefit for a period of time as described in Appendix F. Income Focus was available from April 29, 2013 through April 24, 2015.

At issue you first select either the Base Contract or Bonus Option. You then choose whether to add the Quarterly Value Death Benefit to your Contract. After we issue the Contract, you cannot remove the Bonus Option or Quarterly Value Death Benefit from your Contract. If you select the Quarterly Value Death Benefit, you must also select a currently available Additional Required Benefit (Income Protector or Investment Protector) at issue.

You can select either Income Protector or Investment Protector once at issue, or on a Quarterly Anniversary during the Accumulation Phase (if available). **You cannot have both of these benefits at the same time.** You can select Income Protector before the older Covered Person reaches age 81. You can select Investment Protector before the older Owner reaches age 81 (or the Annuitant reaches age 81 if the Owner is a non-individual).

Once selected, you can remove Income Protector, Investment Protector, or Income Focus subject to certain restrictions (for more information see Removing Income Protector in section 11.a, Removing Investment Protector in section 11.b, and Removing Income Focus in Appendix F). You cannot re-select Income Protector, Investment Protector, or Income Focus in the future after you remove it from your Contract. If you select the Quarterly Value Death Benefit and remove an Additional Required Benefit without simultaneously replacing it with another Additional Required Benefit, you keep any prior lock ins of quarterly investment gains to your death benefit but you will not receive any future lock ins and we no longer assess the additional 0.30% M&E charge for the Quarterly Value Death Benefit.

REPLACING OPTIONAL BENEFITS

You can replace a benefit one time as follows if you meet the age selection requirement and the new benefit is available.

- Replace Income Protector with Investment Protector.
- Replace Income Focus with Investment Protector.
- Replace Investment Protector with Income Protector.

If you replace one optional benefit with another we require you to reallocate your Contract Value and change your future allocation instructions to comply with the replacement benefit's Investment Option allocation and transfer restrictions.

These are the only replacements we allow. Replacements include both the simultaneous removal and addition of benefits on a Quarterly Anniversary, as well as removing one benefit on a Quarterly Anniversary and adding another benefit on a future Quarterly Anniversary. The guarantees of the new benefit may be more or less than the benefit you are replacing.

Primary Differences Between Income Protector and Investment Protector							
	Income Protector	Investment Protector					
What are the benefit features?	Lifetime income payments (Lifetime Plus Payments) with continued access to both Contract Value and a death benefit.	A future Contract Value guarantee (the Target Value).					
On whom do we base the benefit?	The Covered Person(s), who must either be Owners, Annuitant or Beneficiaries.	The Owner (or Annuitant if Owner is a non-individual).					
What are the current charges?	The current rider charge is 1.40% of the Benefit Base for single and joint Lifetime Plus Payments.	The current rider charge is 1.30% of the Target Value.					
Can the rider charge increase?	Yes, on each Quarterly Anniversary up to 2.50% for single or 2.75% for joint, or we can decrease it to 0.50%. However, we cannot increase or decrease it more than 0.50% in any twelve-month period.	Yes, on each Quarterly Anniversary up to 2.50% or we can decrease it to 0.35%. However, we cannot increase or decrease it more than 0.35% in any twelve-month period.					
Do we restrict additional Purchase Payments?	We only accept additional Purchase Payments before the Benefit Date. We also annually limit additional payments to all payments received in the first Contract quarter, without our prior approval.	We only accept additional Purchase Payments before the third rider anniversary. We also annually limit additional payments to all payments received in the first Contract quarter, without our prior approval.					
Do we restrict allocations and transfers?	Yes, we restrict the number of Investment Options available to you, but not the amount you can allocate to any one Investment Option.	Yes, and the restrictions change over time and become more conservative.					
Is there a waiting period to access the benefit?	No, if the younger Covered Person meets the minimum exercise age when you select the benefit.	The earliest available initial Target Value Date is the Earliest Anniversary stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement.					
Is there a mandatory beginning date?	No, but if you do not begin Lifetime Plus Payments during the eligibility period, Income Protector ends and you will not receive any payments.	Yes. The initial Target Value Date is when the Contract Value guarantee first takes effect. Subsequent dates occur every Future Anniversary stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement.					
What are the guaranteed values?	The guaranteed value is Lifetime Plus Payments, which are a percentage of the Benefit Base. The Benefit Base is based on the greater of the highest quarterly Contract Value, or quarterly simple interest applied to Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals for a guaranteed number of years. Each quarter we reset the simple interest to equal the Contract Value, if greater.	The Target Value is the greater of a percentage of the highest Contract Anniversary value, or total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals. It is guaranteed to be available on each Target Value Date.					

11.a INCOME PROTECTOR

We designed Lifetime Plus Payments to last for the lifetime of the Covered Person(s). If you do not begin Lifetime Plus Payments before all Covered Persons die or are removed from the Contract, Income Protector ends and you will not receive any payments. Lifetime Plus Payments are available once the younger Covered Person reaches the minimum exercise age and before the older Covered Person reaches age 91. The minimum exercise age is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement. You choose your payment frequency and amount subject to an annual maximum. Once established, the annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment can increase, but it cannot decrease unless you take an Excess Withdrawal.

There are several important points to consider before selecting Income Protector.

- If you do not begin Lifetime Plus Payments during the eligibility period, the benefit ends and you will have paid for the benefit without receiving any of its advantages.
- Income Protector provides no payment until the younger Covered Person reaches the minimum exercise age.
- This benefit is subject to a rider charge, as described in the Fee Tables and section 7, Expenses Rider Charge.
- This benefit does not create Contract Value or guarantee Investment Option performance.
- If you select this benefit, we restrict your selection of Investment Options and rebalance your Contract Value quarterly. We also restrict additional Purchase Payments and Contract Value allocations and transfers. These restrictions support the benefit's guarantees, and to the extent they limit your investment flexibility, they may limit the upside potential to your Contract Value and Benefit Base.
- If you select this benefit, any active flexible rebalancing program ends.
- If you take less than the annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment, you will not receive an annual payment increase.
- For Joint Owners and/or joint Covered Persons, if you and your spouse divorce after selecting Income Protector and you notify us, we treat any request to reduce or divide benefits under this Contract as a request for a withdrawal of Contract Value payable to you. We process the withdrawal and remove one spouse from the Contract as a Covered Person, Owner, and/or Annuitant, according to your instructions or any applicable court order. This withdrawal is subject to any applicable tax or withdrawal charge, and may reduce the Benefit Base and/or cause Lifetime Plus Payments and Income Protector to end prematurely. However, if you do not notify us of the divorce, the Contract continues and upon the death of an Owner, we pay any applicable death benefit and the Contract and this benefit both end.

Please discuss Income Protector's appropriateness with your Financial Professional and tax adviser.

SELECTING INCOME PROTECTOR

You can select Income Protector at issue or, if available as described in the Note below, on any Quarterly Anniversary during the Accumulation Phase once before the older Covered Person reaches age 81. Covered Person(s) are discussed in section 2.

You can select Income Protector after the Issue Date by completing the appropriate form. We add this benefit to your Contract on the Quarterly Anniversary (or on the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day) after we receive your request in Good Order at our Service Center, and the Rider Effective Date is that Quarterly Anniversary. For the request to be in Good Order, we must receive this form no earlier than 30 days before a Quarterly Anniversary, and no later than 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the last Business Day before the Quarterly Anniversary. If we receive your request outside this time period, we ask you to resubmit it for the next Quarterly Anniversary. Your Contract Value on the Rider Effective Date must be at least \$10,000. You must reallocate your Contract Value and change your future allocation instructions to comply with the Investment Option allocation and transfer restrictions discussed later in this section before we add this benefit to your Contract.

- You cannot have Income Protector and Income Focus or Investment Protector at the same time. You can only have one of these benefits.
- You can only select Income Protector one time. You cannot select Income Protector, remove it from your Contract
 and then reselect it.
- Income Protector is not available if your Contract ever included Income Focus. If you have questions about whether Income Protector is available to you, please contact our Service Center at (800) 624-0197.
- For an Income Protector rider issued in Pennsylvania: If you change your mind about having Income Protector, you can return the rider within ten days after receiving it and we treat it as if it had never been issued.

REMOVING INCOME PROTECTOR

You can remove Income Protector from your Contract while the Contract Value is positive. You cannot re-select this benefit in the future after you remove it from your Contract.

You can remove Income Protector by completing the appropriate form. We remove this benefit from your Contract on the Quarterly Anniversary (or on the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day) that occurs immediately after we receive your request in Good Order at our Service Center, and the rider termination date is that Quarterly Anniversary.

If we increase this benefit's rider charge and you want to remove this benefit before the increase, we must receive this form within 30 days of the date of our letter notifying you of the rider charge increase. If we receive your form after this period, we increase your rider charge and ask you to resubmit the form for the next Quarterly Anniversary.

If you are removing this benefit for any other reason, your request is in Good Order if we receive this form no earlier than 30 days before a Quarterly Anniversary, and no later than 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the last Business Day before the Quarterly Anniversary. If we receive your request outside this time period, we ask you to resubmit it for the next Quarterly Anniversary.

If you allocated Contract Value to Investment Options that are only available under Income Protector, you must transfer your Contract Value out of these Investment Options and remove these Investment Options from your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions for your removal request to be in Good Order.

On the rider termination date Lifetime Plus Payments (if applicable) stop, we deduct the final rider charge, and the restrictions on additional Purchase Payments and Contract Value allocations and transfers no longer apply.

LIFETIME PLUS PAYMENT OVERVIEW

We base your initial annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment on the Benefit Base and Payment Percentage. When payments begin (on the Benefit Date), the Benefit Base is the greatest of:

- Contract Value excluding any Daily Transactions;
- highest Contract Value from any prior Quarterly Anniversary adjusted for subsequent withdrawals (Quarterly Anniversary Value); or
- quarterly simple interest (Annual Increase Percentage) applied to Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals for a guaranteed number of years (Guarantee Years). Each quarter we reset the simple interest value to equal the Contract Value, if greater (Annual Increase).

The Payment Percentages table, Annual Increase Percentage and the number of Guarantee Years that are used to calculate your Lifetime Plus Payments and Annual Increase are stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement.

The annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment is the amount you are entitled to receive each year, but you can choose to take an actual payment that is less than your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment. If you take less than 100% of your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment in a Benefit Year, you are not eligible for a potential payment increase in the next Benefit Year. Your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment may increase based on the Covered Person's age and/or if the Contract Value increases. However, your annual maximum payment does not increase just as a result of the Covered Person reaching an age that has a higher Payment Percentage; the result of the current Contract Value multiplied by the increased Payment Percentage must be greater than your current annual maximum payment for your payment to increase. For more information, see "Automatic Annual Lifetime Plus Payment Increases."

BENEFIT BASE

The Benefit Base determines both your rider charge and your initial annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment. The greater the Benefit Base, the greater the initial annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment.

On the Rider Effective Date, and on each Business Day before the Benefit Date, the Benefit Base is equal to the greater of the Quarterly Anniversary Value or the Annual Increase. On the Benefit Date, we compare your Benefit Base to the current Contract Value (excluding any Daily Transactions) and increase your Benefit Base to equal this Contract Value if it is greater.

On and after the Benefit Date, your Benefit Base only changes if you take an Excess Withdrawal, or we increase your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment. Changes in the Benefit Base also change your daily rider charge amount. Excess Withdrawals reduce your Benefit Base by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn, determined at the end of the Business Day we process the withdrawal. An annual payment increase may increase or decrease your Benefit Base on a Benefit Anniversary (or the next Business Day if the Benefit Anniversary is not a Business Day) as follows.

- If we increase your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment because the Contract Value increased, we increase your Benefit Base by the same percentage that we increased the payment.
- If we increase your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment because the Payment Percentage determined by using the Covered Person's age multiplied by the current Contract Value results in a higher payment, we change your Benefit Base to equal this Contract Value. This change may increase or decrease your Benefit Base. For example, suppose a 65-year old has an annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment of \$4,000 based on the Benefit Base of \$100,000 and a 4% Payment Percentage (\$4,000 = 4% x \$100,000). On the next Benefit Anniversary, assume the Payment Percentage increases to 4.5% based on the Covered Person's age. At 4.5%, the annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment would increase if the current Contract Value was at least \$88,912 (\$88,912 x 4.5% = \$4,001). Assuming the Contract Value is \$88,912, the Benefit Base would then reduce from \$100,000 to \$88,912 and the annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment would increase to \$4,001.

QUARTERLY ANNIVERSARY VALUE

While the benefit is in effect, we only calculate the Quarterly Anniversary Value before the Benefit Date.

If the Rider Effective Date is the Issue Date, the Quarterly Anniversary Value is initially equal to the Purchase Payment received on the Issue Date. If the Rider Effective Date occurs after the Issue Date, the Quarterly Anniversary Value is initially equal to the Contract Value on the Rider Effective Date, excluding any Daily Transactions.

At the end of each Business Day, we adjust the Quarterly Anniversary Value as follows.

- We increase it by the amount of any additional Purchase Payments.
- We reduce it by the percentage of any Contract Value withdrawn. Withdrawals include any withdrawal charges, but do not include amounts we withdraw for other Contract charges.

On each Quarterly Anniversary (or on the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not on a Business Day) the Quarterly Anniversary Value is equal to the greater of its current value, or the Contract Value excluding any Daily Transactions.

ANNUAL INCREASE

While the benefit is in effect, we only calculate the Annual Increase before the Benefit Date.

On each Quarterly Anniversary during the Guarantee Years, we apply a simple interest increase of one-fourth of the Annual Increase Percentage to the Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals (or the Contract Value on the Rider Effective Date, if applicable). Next, we compare this value to the Contract Value and increase it to equal the Contract Value if the Contract Value is greater (reset). We then apply any future simple interest increases to the reset value. Contract Value resets occur during the entire period we calculate the Annual Increase, not just during the Guarantee Years.

We establish your Contract's number of Guarantee Years and Annual Increase Percentage on the Rider Effective Date and we cannot change them. The Guarantee Years are the maximum number of years that you can receive simple interest increases under the Annual Increase. The number of Guarantee Years and the Annual Increase Percentage for the Income Protector rider are stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement.

If the Rider Effective Date is the Issue Date, both the Annual Increase and Increase Base are initially equal to the Purchase Payment received on the Issue Date. If the Rider Effective Date occurs after the Issue Date, both the Annual Increase and Increase Base are initially equal to the Contract Value on the Rider Effective Date, excluding any Daily Transactions.

At the end of each Business Day, we adjust both the Annual Increase and Increase Base as follows.

- We increase them by the amount of any additional Purchase Payments.
- We reduce them by the percentage of any Contract Value withdrawn. Withdrawals include any withdrawal charges, but do not include amounts we withdraw for other Contract charges.

On each Quarterly Anniversary on or before the maximum Rider Anniversary (or the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day), the Annual Increase is equal to:

 $\mathbf{a} + (\mathbf{b} \times (\mathbf{c} - \mathbf{d}))$

Where:

- $\mathbf{a} =$ The Annual Increase.
- **b** = The Annual Increase Percentage we set on the Rider Effective Date (which is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement) divided by four.
- \mathbf{c} = The Increase Base.
- **d** = Purchase Payments* received on or after the prior Quarterly Anniversary. If you select this benefit at issue, we exclude from "d" any Purchase Payments received before the first Quarterly Anniversary.
- * We reduce each Purchase Payment by the percentage of any Contract Value withdrawn, including any withdrawal charge, for each withdrawal taken since we received that payment.

The maximum Rider Anniversary is the Quarterly Anniversary that occurs on the number of Guarantee Years after the Rider Effective Date. For example, if the Issue Date is June 1, 2013, the Rider Effective Date is September 1, 2013, and the number of Guarantee Years is 30, then the maximum Rider Anniversary is September 1, 2043.

We then automatically increase both the Annual Increase and the Increase Base to equal the Contract Value, excluding any Daily Transactions, if this Contract Value is greater than the Annual Increase we just calculated. As previously stated, these resets can occur during the entire period we calculate the Annual Increase.

NOTE: For Contracts with the Bonus Option, unvested bonus amounts are not included in the Quarterly Anniversary Value, Annual Increase, Increase Base or the Contract Value.

REQUESTING LIFETIME PLUS PAYMENTS

You request Lifetime Plus Payments by completing a payment election form. Lifetime Plus Payments begin on the Benefit Date. The Benefit Date can be either the 1st or 15th of a calendar month, or any other day that you request and we agree to. However, we do not allow the Benefit Date to be later than the 28th of a calendar month. At least one Covered Person must be alive on the Benefit Date in order for Lifetime Plus Payments to begin. You cannot submit this form until the younger Covered Person reaches the minimum exercise age, or once the older Covered Person reaches age 91. We establish your Contract's minimum exercise age on the Rider Effective Date and we cannot increase it. **The minimum exercise age is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement.**

We will begin making payments to you automatically without your request if your Contract Value reduces to zero for any reason other than a withdrawal or annuitization while this benefit is in effect and before the Benefit Date. In this instance we calculate your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment and begin making annual payments to you on the next available Benefit Date.

If the Benefit Date has not occurred six months before the older Covered Person reaches age 91, we send you written notice that the benefit is about to end. If the benefit ends before Lifetime Plus Payments begin, you will have paid for the benefit without receiving any of its advantages.

Once Lifetime Plus Payments begin:

- You cannot make additional Purchase Payments, therefore total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals under the Traditional Death Benefit (if applicable) no longer increases.
- Any active automatic investment plan and/or systematic withdrawal or dollar cost averaging programs end.
- The free withdrawal privilege is not available.
- You can only remove Income Protector while the Contract Value is positive. If you remove this benefit, the restrictions listed above do not apply on or after the rider termination date.
- In most states, you can only change the Owner if you selected joint Lifetime Plus Payments and an Owner dies and the spouse continues the Contract. In Florida, Ohio, Oregon, or Wisconsin we cannot restrict assignments or changes of ownership and if you assign or change ownership and the Covered Persons no longer have the required relationship as stated in section 2, Income Protector ends.
- The rider charge continues until the benefit ends, or the Business Day the Contract Value reduces to zero.
- If you select the Quarterly Value Death Benefit, its additional M&E charge continues as indicated in section 7, Expenses Mortality and Expense Risk (M&E) Charge.
- If you annuitize the Contract, Lifetime Plus Payments stop and Income Protector ends.
- The Contract Value continues to fluctuate as a result of Investment Option performance. It decreases on a dollar for dollar basis with each Lifetime Plus Payment, Excess Withdrawal, and any Contract charges we deduct.
- Lifetime Plus Payments do not reduce your Benefit Base, but Excess Withdrawals reduce your Benefit Base and annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn (including any withdrawal charge). If you take an Excess Withdrawal of your total Contract Value, Lifetime Plus Payments stop and Income Protector ends.
- Each Lifetime Plus Payment and any Excess Withdrawal reduces total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals under the Traditional Death Benefit (or the Quarterly Anniversary Value under the Quarterly Value Death Benefit, if applicable) by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn (including any withdrawal charge).
- Any part of your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment that you do not withdraw in a given Benefit Year remains in your Contract for the remainder of that year, but is not added to the annual maximum payment available next year.
- We may increase your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment on every Benefit Anniversary before the older Covered Person reaches age 91. A Benefit Anniversary is a twelve-month anniversary of the Benefit Date that Lifetime Plus Payments begin. If you receive a payment increase, we may also change your Benefit Base.

CALCULATING YOUR LIFETIME PLUS PAYMENTS

The annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment is the amount you are entitled to receive each Benefit Year. On the Benefit Date, the initial annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment is equal to the Benefit Base multiplied by the Payment Percentage, determined by using the Covered Person's current age. The Payment Percentages table for the Income Protector rider is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement. On the Benefit Date, if your initial annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment is less than \$100, the benefit ends and you will have paid for the benefit without receiving any of its advantages. For example, assuming a 4% initial Payment Percentage, if you take withdrawals that reduce the Benefit Base to less than \$2,500, this would result in an initial Lifetime Plus Payment of less than \$100.

You can receive Lifetime Plus Payments monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually. If the scheduled payment date does not fall on a Business Day, we make the payment on the next Business Day.

You can change your payment frequency once each Benefit Year while your Contract Value is positive. A Benefit Year is a period of twelve months beginning on the Benefit Date or any subsequent Benefit Anniversary. You must provide notice of any requested payment frequency change to our Service Center at least 30 days before the Benefit Anniversary. If the change is available, we implement it on the Benefit Anniversary and it remains in effect until the benefit ends or you request another change. We do not accept payment frequency changes that would cause us to make payments of \$0.01 to \$99.99.

The annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment is the amount you are entitled to, but you can choose to take less. The annual actual Lifetime Plus Payment is the total amount you choose to receive each year. Any part of your annual maximum payment that you do not withdraw in a given Benefit Year is not added to the annual maximum payment available next year. Each Lifetime Plus Payment you receive is equal to the annual actual Lifetime Plus Payment divided by the number of payments you chose to receive during the Benefit Year. Each actual Lifetime Plus Payment must either be zero, or \$100 or more. For example, you cannot request an annual payment of \$50.

If you would like to take less than the maximum available payment, you can change your payment amount once each Benefit Year while your Contract Value is positive by providing notice to our Service Center at least 30 days before the Benefit Anniversary. If the change is available, we implement it on the Benefit Anniversary and it remains in effect until the benefit ends or you request another change.

Once Lifetime Plus Payments have begun, if your Contract Value reduces to zero for any reason other than an Excess Withdrawal or annuitization, you will continue to receive your maximum Lifetime Plus Payment at the previous selected payment frequency until the earlier of the death of the Owner or last surviving Covered Person.

We deduct each Lifetime Plus Payment, Excess Withdrawal, and any additional payment resulting from a required minimum distribution, proportionately from the Investment Options. We continue to rebalance the Contract Value quarterly among the Investment Options according to your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions while this benefit is in effect. You can also continue to make transfers between the Investment Options while your benefit is in effect, subject to the restrictions set out in section 5, Investment Options – Transfers Between Investment Options, and the "Investment Option Allocation and Transfer Restrictions" discussion later in this section.

Excess Withdrawals

Your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment only decreases if you take an Excess Withdrawal. An Excess Withdrawal is a withdrawal you take while you are receiving Lifetime Plus Payments, that when added to any other withdrawals taken during the Benefit Year and your annual actual payment, is greater than your current annual maximum payment. If your actual Lifetime Plus Payment is less than your annual maximum payment, you can withdraw the difference and we consider that withdrawal to be an additional actual Lifetime Plus Payment, and not an Excess Withdrawal. Excess Withdrawals include any applicable withdrawal charge, but do not include amounts we withdraw for other Contract charges.

For example, assume your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment is \$2,000 and you take an annual actual Lifetime Plus Payment of \$1,000. Within a Benefit Year, you can take an additional withdrawal of up to \$1,000 and we consider that to be an additional actual Lifetime Plus Payment. If you withdraw \$1,200, we consider the first \$1,000 to be an additional actual Lifetime Plus Payment and the next \$200 to be an Excess Withdrawal.

Any partial Excess Withdrawal must comply with the restrictions in section 8, Access to Your Money and the following provisions. If your Contract Value is less than \$2,000, you can only withdraw the total remaining Contract Value (less any rider charge). Also, if at the end of the Business Day that we process your Excess Withdrawal your Contract Value is less than \$2,000, you must withdraw the total remaining Contract Value (less any rider charge). **If you take an Excess Withdrawal of the total remaining Contract Value your entire Contract ends.**

Excess Withdrawals reduce your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment on the next Benefit Anniversary after the withdrawal. For each Excess Withdrawal, we reduce your annual maximum payment by the same percentage that we reduced the Benefit Base. If partial Excess Withdrawals reduce your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment to less than \$100, we send you the total remaining Contract Value (less any rider charge) and your Contract ends.

- For Qualified Contracts, if we calculate a required minimum distribution (RMD) based on this Contract, after making all Lifetime Plus Payments for the calendar year, we determine whether this calendar year's total RMD has been satisfied by these payments and any Excess Withdrawals. If the RMD amount has not been satisfied, we send you this remaining amount as one RMD payment by the end of the calendar year. We consider this payment to be a withdrawal, but it is not an Excess Withdrawal and it is not subject to a withdrawal charge.
- For required annuitization, if on the maximum permitted Annuity Date you are receiving Lifetime Plus Payments, we guarantee to pay you the greater of your maximum Lifetime Plus Payment or Annuity Payments based on the Contract Value under Annuity Option 1 or Annuity Option 3. If you select any other Annuity Option, this guarantee does not apply. For more information, see section 9, The Annuity Phase.

AUTOMATIC ANNUAL LIFETIME PLUS PAYMENT INCREASES

We may change your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment on each Benefit Anniversary before the older Covered Person reaches age 91 as follows.

- If you took your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment during the last Benefit Year, we increase next year's annual maximum payment if the Contract Value is greater than the Contract Value on the prior Benefit Anniversary (or the Benefit Date if this is the first Benefit Anniversary). If either of these dates does not occur on a Business Day, we use Contract Values from the next Business Day. For the Benefit Date and each Benefit Anniversary, we exclude from that day's Contract Value any Daily Transactions. This increase is equal to the percentage of growth between these two Contract Values. For example, if the Contract Value increased by 5%, we also increase your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment by 5%.
- If the Payment Percentage determined by using the Covered Person's current age multiplied by the current Contract Value (excluding any Daily Transactions) results in a higher annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment. The Payment Percentages table for Income Protector is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement.

NOTE:

- Automatic annual Lifetime Plus Payment increases are not available once the older Covered Person reaches age 91, or on or after the Business Day your Contract Value reduces to zero.
- If we increased the Contract Value to equal the death benefit due to a spousal continuation of the Contract during the last Benefit Year, we also subtract the amount of this increase from the Contract Value on the next Benefit Anniversary when determining annual payment increases.

RATE SHEET SUPPLEMENT

As previously indicated, the Annual Increase Percentage, Guarantee Years, Payment Percentages table and the minimum exercise age that Lifetime Plus Payments can begin for the Income Protector rider are stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement that you receive at the time you select the benefit and that is in effect on your Rider Effective Date. We cannot change these values for your Contract while your benefit is in effect. We publish any new Rate Sheet Supplement seven calendar days before it takes effect on our website at www.allianzlife.com/visionprospectus. You should not select Income Protector without first obtaining the Rate Sheet Supplement. You can contact us to receive the Rate Sheet Supplement applicable to your Contract by calling our Service Center at the toll-free telephone number listed at the back of this prospectus. For previously available Income Protector riders issued before April 27, 2015, the Annual Increase Percentage, Guarantee Years, Payment Percentages table and the minimum exercise age are stated in Appendix G.

TAXATION OF LIFETIME PLUS PAYMENTS

We treat Lifetime Plus Payments as withdrawals for tax purposes as discussed in section 12, Taxes – Taxation of Lifetime Payments.

CHARGE LOCK OPTION

If we increase Income Protector's rider charge, you can reject this charge increase and all future rider charge changes by selecting the Charge Lock Option rider. You keep Income Protector at the current rider charge, but with reduced guaranteed values, reduced Lifetime Plus Payments, and no opportunity for future payment increases or future rider charge decreases.

We notify you in writing at least 30 days in advance of any increase to your rider charge. The notice will include information on the amount of increase to your rider charge, and the options available to you (accept the rider charge increase, remove Income Protector from your contract, or select the Charge Lock Option rider). If you are interested in the Charge Lock Option rider we ask you to either contact your Financial Professional or call us and we will send you the Charge Lock Option selection form and a copy of this prospectus.

After we receive your selection form in Good Order at our Service Center, the Charge Lock Option rider becomes effective on the Quarterly Anniversary that we are scheduled to increase the rider charge (or on the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day). To be in Good Order, we must receive your selection form no later than 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the last Business Day before the Quarterly Anniversary that we are to increase the rider charge. If we receive your selection form after this date and time we do not add the Charge Lock Option rider to your Contract and we increase your rider charge, but we make no other changes to your Contract. If we do not receive your selection form in time, you can either keep Income Protector at the increased rider charge, or you can make a separate request to remove it on the next Quarterly Anniversary and you will be subject to the increased rider charge until we remove Income Protector from your Contract. If you choose to keep Income Protector and we increase your rider charge in the future, the Charge Lock Option rider will again be available to you at that time, and will be based upon your then-current rider charges.

If you select the Charge Lock Option rider, Income Protector's rider charge does not change on or after the Charge Lock Date, the Quarterly Anniversary or the next Business Day if that day is not a Business Day, that we would have otherwise increased your rider charge.

If you select the Charge Lock Option rider, you do not receive any automatic increases to your guaranteed values and payments after the Last Increase Date. We determine the Last Increase Date as follows.

If the Charge Lock Date is... on or before the Benefit Date the Charge Lock Date

after the Benefit Date the Benefit Anniversary that occurs on or immediately after the Charge Lock Date

If your Last Increase Date is on or before the Benefit Date, we reduce Income Protector's benefits as follows.

Quarterly Anniversary Valu and Annual Increase	If your Last Increase Date is before the Benefit Date, the Annual Increase will receive a quarter of the Annual Increase Percentage and both your Annual Increase and Quarterly Anniversary Value will lock in any higher Contract Value for the last time on your Last Increase Date. After the Last Increase Date, these values only increase or decrease if you make an additional Purchase Payment or take a withdrawal.					
	the Last Increase Date, we only calculate the Annual Increase and Quarterly Anniversary Value on will not receive a quarter of the Annual Increase Percentage or lock in higher Contract Value on					
Benefit Base	Can only increase before the Benefit Date if you make an additional Purchase Payment, or on the Benefit Date if your current Contract Value is greater than both the Quarterly Anniversary Value and Annual Increase. It decreases with each withdrawal taken before the Benefit Date and each Excess Withdrawal taken after the Benefit Date.					
Payment Percentages	We subtract 1% from all the Payment Percentages. So if the Payment Percentage based on your current age is 4% and your Benefit Base is \$100,000, your available annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment would be \$4,000. If you select the Charge Lock Option rider, your new Payment Percentage would be 3% and your available annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment would be \$3,000, which is a loss in payment of \$1,000.					
Automatic annual Lifetime Plus Payment increases	Not available.					

Together, these reductions can significantly decrease the amount of Lifetime Plus Payments you receive. The Payment Percentages table for the Income Protector rider is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement that you receive at the time your select the benefit and that is in effect on your Rider Effective Date. The Payment Percentages table for previously available Income Protector riders issued before April 27, 2015 are stated in Appendix G.

If your Last Increase Date is after the Benefit Date, your Lifetime Plus Payments do not change until the next Benefit Anniversary. If your Contract Value is zero on the Last Increase Date, the Charge Lock Option rider ends and we make no change to Income Protector. If your Contract Value is positive on the Last Increase Date, we reduce your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payments as follows.

- First we calculate your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment as we do on each Benefit Anniversary making adjustments for any Excess Withdrawals you took during the prior year and applying any automatic payment increase.
- Then we reduce this annual maximum payment by 1% using this formula: current Benefit Base x [(current annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment ÷ the current Benefit Base) 1%].
- If your reduced annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment is \$100 or more, we verify that your annual actual Lifetime Plus Payment meets our minimum requirements (it must be either zero, or \$100 or more you cannot request an actual payment of \$50). If it is not, we ask you to change either the payment amount, or the frequency.

After the Last Increase Date your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment cannot increase, but it can decrease if you take an Excess Withdrawal.

A hypothetical example showing how Income Protector may be affected if you select the Charge Lock Option rider is provided in Appendix H.

The Charge Lock Option rider ends on the earlier of the Business Day Income Protector ends, or the Last Increase Date if your Contract Value equals zero.

- Your Contract Value will continue to fluctuate with Investment Option performance after the Charge Lock Date.
- The Charge Lock Option rider is not available in Illinois and may not be available through all broker dealers. For more information, please contact us or your Financial Professional.
- If you select the Charge Lock Option rider, the reduction to Income Protector's benefits may be significant, and you may be better off either accepting the rider charge increase, or removing Income Protector from your Contract. You should consult with your Financial Professional before selecting the Charge Lock Option rider.
- For Charge Lock Option riders issued in all states except Pennsylvania: Once you select the Charge Lock Option rider, you cannot later remove it from your Contract.
- For Charge Lock Option riders issued in Pennsylvania: If you change your mind about having the Charge Lock Option rider, you can return the rider within ten days after receiving it and we treat it as if it had never been issued. If you return the Charge Lock Option rider this means we will increase your rider charge, but we will not reduce your Annual Increase and/or Lifetime Plus Payments.
- If you select the Charge Lock Option rider and the reduction to your Payment Percentage causes your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment to be less than \$100, Income Protector ends. If this occurs on the Benefit Date, you will have paid for Income Protector without receiving any of its advantages.

INVESTMENT OPTION ALLOCATION AND TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS AND QUARTERLY REBALANCING

Under Income Protector, we restrict your Investment Option selection. By selecting this benefit, you agree to allow us to rebalance your Contract Value quarterly, as described here. We put these restrictions in place to support Income Protector's guarantees. To the extent these restrictions limit your investment flexibility, they may limit the upside potential to your Investment Option returns, which may limit your Contract Value and Benefit Base.

If you select Income Protector, we currently require you to allocate your Contract Value to the Investment Options listed below.

Income Protector available Investment Options						
AZL Enhanced Bond Index Fund	AZL Pyramis Total Bond Fund					
AZL Government Money Market Fund	Franklin Income VIP Fund					
AZL MetWest Total Return Bond Fund Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund						
AZL MVP Balanced Index Strategy Fund PIMCO VIT All Asset Portfolio						
AZL MVP BlackRock Global Allocation Fund	PIMCO VIT Global Advantage Strategy Bond Portfolio					
AZL MVP DFA Multi-Strategy Fund	PIMCO VIT Global Multi-Asset Managed Volatility Portfolio					
AZL MVP Franklin Templeton Founding Strategy Plus Fund	PIMCO VIT High Yield Portfolio					
AZL MVP Fusion Balanced Fund	PIMCO VIT Real Return Portfolio					
AZL MVP Fusion Conservative Fund	PIMCO VIT Total Return Portfolio					
AZL MVP Fusion Moderate Fund	PIMCO VIT Unconstrained Bond Portfolio					
AZL MVP Growth Index Strategy Fund	RCM Dynamic Multi-Asset Plus VIT Portfolio					
AZL MVP Invesco Equity and Income Fund Templeton Global Bond VIP Fund						
AZL MVP T. Rowe Price Capital Appreciation Fund						

We may add, remove or substitute Investment Options from this list. We secure all necessary SEC and other governmental approvals before removing or substituting an Investment Option. We send you written notice regarding additions, removals or substitutions. When an Investment Option within this list is removed or substituted, we send you written notice 30 days before the removal or substitution date.

While your benefit is in effect and your Contract Value is positive, we rebalance your Contract Value on each Quarterly Anniversary (or the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day) according to your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions if they comply with the restrictions stated here. Your Investment Options' performance may cause your chosen allocations to shift. Quarterly rebalancing helps you maintain your selected allocation mix. There are no fees for the quarterly rebalancing transfers we make, and we do not count them against the free transfers we allow. To change this quarterly rebalancing, you must change your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions. Any requested change to these instructions must comply with the restrictions stated here or we reject your change.

WHEN INCOME PROTECTOR ENDS

Income Protector ends on the earliest of the following.

- The Business Day we process your request to remove this benefit from your Contract (the rider termination date).
- For riders issued in all states except California, Connecticut, and New Jersey, the Business Day all original Covered Persons no longer have the required relationship (Owner, Annuitant or sole Beneficiary) as stated under "Covered Persons" in section 2.
- The older Covered Person's 91st birthday if it occurs before the Benefit Date.
- The Business Day before the Annuity Date.
- The Business Day we process your request for a full withdrawal, other than a full withdrawal caused by a Lifetime Plus Payment.
- The Benefit Date or a Benefit Anniversary if the annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment is less than \$100. However, this does not apply if you have the Charge Lock Option rider, your Last Increase Date is the Benefit Date or a Benefit Anniversary, and on the Last Increase Date your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment becomes less than \$100.
- Upon the death of an Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), the end of the Business Day we first
 receive a Valid Claim from any one Beneficiary. However, if a federally recognized spouse is a Covered Person and
 continues this Contract, Income Protector also continues. In New Jersey, if a surviving civil union partner is the sole
 Beneficiary and takes the additional death benefit payment option described in the Contract, Income Protector ends on
 the Business Day before the Annuity Date.
- The date of death of the last surviving Covered Person.
- The Business Day the Contract ends.

NOTE FOR RIDERS ISSUED IN CALIFORNIA, CONNECTICUT, AND NEW JERSEY: An assignment or change of ownership does not change the Covered Person(s). After an assignment or change of ownership, if a Covered Person who was previously an Owner or Annuitant no longer has that position, Income Protector ends on the earlier of the date of death of an individual Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), or last surviving Covered Person. Upon the death of an individual Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), if the deceased's spouse is a sole Beneficiary and continues the Contract, Income Protector ends on the earlier of the date of death of the surviving spouse or last surviving Covered Person. If a surviving spouse instead elects to receive payment of the death benefit, Income Protector ends on the Business Day we receive his or her Valid Claim. For riders issued in New Jersey involving civil union partners, Income Protector and Lifetime Plus Payments may end even earlier because Contract continuation is not allowed for a surviving civil union partner. This means that Lifetime Plus Payments may end even if a Covered Person is still alive.

11.b INVESTMENT PROTECTOR

Investment Protector provides, during the Accumulation Phase, a level of protection for your principal and a percentage (Guarantee Percentage) of any annual investment gains through the Target Value which is available at a future point you select, called the Target Value Date. The initial Target Value Date cannot occur before the Earliest Anniversary, and it must occur before age 91. Subsequent Target Value Dates will occur on every Future Anniversary. The Target Value is only guaranteed to be available to you on each Target Value Date. Beginning on the next Business Day, your Contract Value fluctuates based on your selected Investment Options' performance, and this is the value available to you upon withdrawal.

The Guarantee Percentage, Earliest Anniversary and Future Anniversary that are used to calculate your Target Value and determine your Target Value Dates are stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement.

There are several important points to consider before selecting Investment Protector.

- This benefit is subject to a rider charge, as described in the Fee Tables and section 7, Expenses Rider Charge.
- This benefit does not guarantee Investment Option performance.
- If you select this benefit, we restrict your selection of Investment Options and rebalance your Contract Value quarterly. We also restrict additional Purchase Payment and Contract Value allocations and transfers. These restrictions support the benefit's guarantees, and to the extent they limit your investment flexibility, they may limit the upside potential to your Contract Value and Target Value.
- The Target Value does not lock in any Contract Value gains that occur between Rider Anniversaries.
- The Target Value does not provide any guarantee to your Contract Value before the initial Target Value Date, or during the period between Target Value Dates.
- The Target Value Dates are the only days that we guarantee your Contract Value equals or exceeds the Target Value.

Please discuss Investment Protector's appropriateness with your Financial Professional.

SELECTING INVESTMENT PROTECTOR

You can select Investment Protector at issue or, if available as described in the Note below, on any Quarterly Anniversary during the Accumulation Phase once before the older Owner reaches age 81 (or the Annuitant reaches age 81 if the Owner is a non-individual).

You can select Investment Protector after the Issue Date by completing the appropriate form. We add this benefit to your Contract on the Quarterly Anniversary (or on the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day) after we receive your request in Good Order at our Service Center, and the Rider Effective Date is that Quarterly Anniversary. For the request to be in Good Order, we must receive this form no earlier than 30 days before a Quarterly Anniversary, and no later than 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the last Business Day before the Quarterly Anniversary. If we receive your request outside this time period, we ask you to resubmit it for the next Quarterly Anniversary. Your Contract Value on the Rider Effective Date must be at least \$10,000. You must reallocate your Contract Value and change your future allocation instructions to comply with the Investment Option allocation and transfer restrictions discussed later in this section before we add this benefit to your Contract.

NOTE:

- You cannot have Investment Protector and Income Protector or Income Focus at the same time. You can only
 have one of these benefits.
- For Contracts issued in Florida and Massachusetts: Investment Protector is only available at issue.
- You can only select Investment Protector one time. You cannot select Investment Protector, remove it from your Contract and then reselect it. If you have questions about whether Investment Protector is available to you, please contact our Service Center at (800) 624-0197.
- For an Investment Protector rider issued in Pennsylvania: If you change your mind about having Investment Protector, you can return the rider within ten days after receiving it and we treat it as if it had never been issued.

REMOVING INVESTMENT PROTECTOR

You can remove Investment Protector from your Contract while the Contract Value is positive. You cannot re-select this benefit in the future after you remove it from your Contract.

You can remove Investment Protector by completing the appropriate form. We remove this benefit from your Contract on the Quarterly Anniversary (or on the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day) that occurs immediately after we receive your request in Good Order at our Service Center, and the rider termination date is that Quarterly Anniversary.

If we increase this benefit's rider charge and you want to remove this benefit before the increase, we must receive this form within 30 days of the date of our letter notifying you of the rider charge increase. If we receive your form after this period, we increase your rider charge and ask you to resubmit the form for the next Quarterly Anniversary.

If you are removing this benefit for any other reason, your request is in Good Order if we receive this form no earlier than 30 days before a Quarterly Anniversary, and no later than 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the last Business Day before the Quarterly Anniversary. If we receive your request outside this time period, we ask you to resubmit it for the next Quarterly Anniversary.

On the rider termination date we deduct the final rider charge, and the restrictions on additional Purchase Payments and Contract Value allocations and transfers no longer apply.

TARGET VALUE DATES

Investment Protector guarantees that on each Target Value Date until the benefit ends, your Contract Value cannot be less than the Target Value (described next in this section). You select the initial Target Value Date when you select this benefit. The earliest available initial Target Value Date is the Earliest Anniversary, and the latest date is the Rider Anniversary before the older Owner reaches age 91 (or the Annuitant reaches age 91 if the Owner is a non-individual). Subsequent Target Value Dates occur on every Future Anniversary after the initial Target Value Date while this benefit is in effect. We establish your Contract's Earliest Anniversary and Future Anniversary on the Rider Effective Date and we cannot change them. The Earliest Anniversary and Future Anniversary for the Investment Protector rider are stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement.

For example, you purchase a Contract as the sole Owner on September 1, 2013 and you are age 70. You select Investment Protector on the first Quarterly Anniversary, December 1, 2013 when you are still age 70, the Earliest Anniversary is the tenth Rider Anniversary and the Future Anniversary is the fifth Rider Anniversary. The earliest available initial Target Value Date is December 1, 2023 and the latest date is December 1, 2033. If you select the earliest available initial date (December 1, 2023), subsequent Target Value Dates would occur on December 1st in 2028, 2033, 2038, etc.

On each Target Value Date (or on the next Business Day if the Target Value Date is not a Business Day) if your Contract Value excluding any Daily Transactions is less than the Target Value, we increase your Contract Value to equal the Target Value and your Target Value becomes the Contract Value. **The Target Value Dates are the only days that we guarantee your Contract Value equals or exceeds the Target Value.** After the Target Value Date, the Contract Value will fluctuate until the next Target Value Date. We notify you in writing at least 30 days in advance of each Target Value Date outlining the options available to you. On your Target Value Date you can continue your Contract or withdraw some or all of your Contract Value. You are not required to take a withdrawal on your Target Value Date. Any withdrawal you do take is subject to any applicable withdrawal charge and additional federal tax.

We allocate any Contract Value increase to your selected Investment Options based on the percentage of Contract Value in each Investment Option on the Target Value Date after we do quarterly Contract Value rebalancing. For tax purposes, we treat any Contract Value increase as earnings under the Contract. However, if the Contract Value on the Target Value Date is less than net Purchase Payments (total Purchase Payments less any payments withdrawn) then we treat some or all of the increase as a Purchase Payment when applying the withdrawal charge if you withdraw the total Contract Value.

Initial Target Value Date Resets

After the Rider Effective Date, you can reset the initial Target Value Date before the older Owner reaches age 81 (or the Annuitant reaches age 81 if the Owner is a non-individual). Resets are only available if the Contract Value excluding any Daily Transactions is at least equal to the Target Value on the Rider Anniversary that we process your reset request. The earliest new initial Target Value Date is the Earliest Anniversary after we process your request, and the latest available date is the Rider Anniversary before the older Owner reaches age 91 (or the Annuitant reaches age 91 if the Owner is a non-individual). You request a reset by completing the appropriate form. We process your request as of the immediately preceding Rider Anniversary (or on the next Business Day if the Rider Anniversary is not a Business Day) once we receive your request in Good Order at our Service Center. For the request to be in Good Order, we must receive this form within 30 days after a Rider Anniversary. If we receive your request outside this time period, we reject your request. The reset date is the Rider Anniversary that we process your request.

Initial Target Value Date resets may change the maximum amount you can allocate to your selected Investment Options, but a reset does not automatically change your allocations. To change your allocations on a reset, you must also change your future Purchase Payments allocation instructions and they must comply with the current maximum allowable allocations.

TARGET VALUE

The Target Value determines both your rider charge and if you receive a Contract Value increase on each Target Value Date. We only calculate the Target Value while the benefit is in effect.

On each Business Day, the Target Value is equal to the greater of the result of the Rider Anniversary Value multiplied by the Guarantee Percentage or one of the following. We establish your Contract's Guarantee Percentage on the Rider Effective Date and we cannot change it. **The Guarantee Percentage for the Investment Protector rider is stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement.**

- If you select the benefit at issue, total Purchase Payments reduced by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn, determined at the end of the Business Day we process each withdrawal.
- If you select the benefit after issue, the Contract Value on the Rider Effective Date, excluding any Daily Transactions, plus all Purchase Payments received on or after the Rider Effective Date, and reduced by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn determined at the end of the Business Day we process each withdrawal taken on or after the Rider Effective Date.
- If you reset the initial Target Value Date, the Contract Value on the reset date, excluding any Daily Transactions, plus all Purchase Payments received on or after the reset date, and reduced by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn determined at the end of the Business Day we process each withdrawal taken on or after the reset date.

Withdrawals include any withdrawal charges, but do not include amounts we withdraw for other Contract charges.

If the Rider Effective Date is the Issue Date, the Rider Anniversary Value is initially equal to the Purchase Payment received on the Issue Date. If the Rider Effective Date occurs after the Issue Date, the Rider Anniversary Value is initially equal to the Contract Value on the Rider Effective Date, excluding any Daily Transactions.

At the end of each Business Day, we adjust the Rider Anniversary Value as follows.

- We increase it by the amount of any additional Purchase Payments.
- We reduce it by the percentage of any Contract Value withdrawn. Withdrawals include any withdrawal charges, but do not include amounts we withdraw for other Contract charges.

On each Rider Anniversary (or on the next Business Day if the Rider Anniversary is not on a Business Day) the Rider Anniversary Value is equal to the greater of its current value, or the Contract Value excluding any Daily Transactions.

NOTE: For Contracts with the Bonus Option, unvested bonus amounts are not included in the Target Value or the Contract Value.

RATE SHEET SUPPLEMENT

As previously indicated, the Earliest Anniversary, Future Anniversary and Guarantee Percentage for the Investment Protector rider are stated in the Rate Sheet Supplement that you receive at the time you select the benefit and that is in effect on your Rider Effective Date. We cannot change these values for your Contract while your benefit is in effect. We publish any new Rate Sheet Supplement seven calendar days before it takes effect on our website at www.allianzlife.com/visionprospectus. **You should not select Investment Protector without first obtaining the Rate Sheet Supplement.** You can contact us to receive the Rate Sheet Supplement applicable to your Contract by calling our Service Center at the toll-free telephone number listed at the back of this prospectus. For previously available Investment Protector riders issued before April 27, 2015, the Earliest Anniversary, Future Anniversary and Guarantee Percentage are stated in Appendix G.

INVESTMENT OPTION ALLOCATION AND TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS AND QUARTERLY REBALANCING

Under Investment Protector, we restrict your Investment Option selection as discussed in this section. By selecting this benefit, you agree to allow us to rebalance your Contract Value quarterly, as described here. We put these restrictions in place to support Investment Protector's guarantees. The maximum amount of Contract Value allowed in the Equity Investment Option group decreases as the number of years until your initial Target Value Date declines, and if negative Investment Option performance reduces the Contract Value in comparison to the Target Value. To the extent these restrictions limit your investment flexibility, they may limit the upside potential to your Investment Option returns, which may limit your Contract Value and Target Value.

If you select Investment Protector, we establish your Contract's Investment Option allocation and transfer restrictions on the Rider Effective Date and we cannot change them. We may add, remove or substitute Investment Options from the groups discussed in this section. We secure all necessary SEC and other governmental approvals before removing or substituting an Investment Option. We may also move Investment Options from the Equity group to the Fixed Income group, but we cannot move Investment Options the other way. We send you written notice regarding additions, removals or substitutions. When an Investment Option in one of these groups is removed or substituted, we send you written notice 30 days before the removal or substitution date.

These are the current Investment Option groups.

TARIFALL (P. () L. (O. () O.						
TABLE 1: Investment Protector Investment Option Groups						
Equity Group						
AZL Balanced Index Strategy Fund	AZL MVP Balanced Index Strategy Fund					
AZL BlackRock Capital Appreciation Fund AZL MVP Fusion Balanced Fund						
AZL Boston Company Research Growth Fund AZL MVP Fusion Conservative Fund						
AZL DFA Multi-Strategy Fund	AZL MVP Fusion Growth Fund					
AZL Franklin Templeton Founding Strategy Plus Fund	AZL MVP Fusion Moderate Fund					
AZL Gateway Fund	AZL MVP Growth Index Strategy Fund					
AZL International Index Fund	AZL NFJ International Value Fund					
AZL Invesco Equity and Income Fund	AZL Russell 1000 Growth Index Fund					
AZL Invesco Growth and Income Fund	AZL Russell 1000 Value Index Fund					
AZL Invesco International Equity Fund	AZL S&P 500 Index Fund					
AZL JPMorgan International Opportunities Fund	AZL T. Rowe Price Capital Appreciation Fund					
AZL JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund	Allianz NFJ Dividend Value VIT Portfolio					
AZL MFS Investors Trust Fund BlackRock Global Allocation V.I. Fund						
AZL MFS Mid Cap Value Fund Fidelity VIP FundsManager 50% Portfolio						
AZL MFS Value Fund Fidelity VIP FundsManager 60% Portfolio						
AZL Mid Cap Index Fund Franklin Income VIP Fund						
AZL Multi-Manager Mid Cap Growth Fund	Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund					
	PIMCO VIT All Asset Portfolio					
	PIMCO VIT Global Dividend Portfolio					
	PIMCO VIT Global Multi-Asset Managed Allocation Portfolio					
	Templeton Growth VIP Fund					
Fixed	Income Group					
AZL Enhanced Bond Index Fund	PIMCO VIT Global Advantage Strategy Bond Portfolio					
AZL Government Money Market Fund	PIMCO VIT High Yield Portfolio					
AZL MetWest Total Return Bond Fund	PIMCO VIT Real Return Portfolio					
AZL Pyramis Total Bond Fund	PIMCO VIT Total Return Portfolio					
Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund	PIMCO VIT Uncontstrained Bond Portfolio					
JP Morgan Insurance Trust Core Bond Portfolio MFS VIT Total Return Bond Portfolio	Templeton Global Bond VIP Fund					

On the Rider Effective Date and subsequent Quarterly Anniversaries, Table 2 determines the maximum Contract Value you can allocate to Investment Options in the Equity group based on the number of Rider Years* until the initial Target Value Date and the comparison of Contract Value (CV) to Target Value (TV). We then subtract the Table 2 value from 100% to determine the minimum Contract Value required in the Fixed Income group. For example, on the Rider Effective Date if your initial Target Value Date is the 12th Rider Anniversary, you can allocate up to 70% of your Contract Value to Investment Options in the Equity group and you must have at least 30% in the Fixed Income group.

						TAB	LE 2: In	vestm	ent Pro	tector							
Number of		0).	0)/	01/	0) (0) /	CV	OV.	0) (0),	0),	0) (0) /	01/	01/	0)/	
Rider Years* to		CV = 88%	CV = 82%	CV = 76%	CV = 70%	CV = 64%	CV = 58%	CV = 52%	CV = 46%	CV = 40%	CV = 34%	CV = 28%	CV = 22%	CV = 16%	CV = 10%	CV = 4%	CV <
the Initial	CV =	to <	4%														
Target	94%+	94%	88%	82%	76%	70%	64%	58%	52%	46%	40%	34%	28%	22%	16%	10%	of
Value Date 33+	of TV 95%	TV 95%															
32	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%
31	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%
30	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%
29	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%
28	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%
27	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%
26	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%
25	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%
24	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%
23	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%
22	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%
21	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%
20	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%
19	95%	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%
18	95%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%
17	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%
16	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%
15	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%
14	80%	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%
13	75%	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%
12	70%	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
11	65%	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
10	60%	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
9	55%	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
8	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
7	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
6	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
5	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
4	30%	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
3	25%	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
2	20%	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
1	15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
Initial Target Value Date and beyond	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%

^{*} We round the number of years until the initial Target Value Date up to the next whole number. For example, when you are seven Rider Years and four months away from your initial Target Value Date, in this table you are eight Rider Years from the initial Target Value Date.

You can only make Investment Option transfers if they comply with these restrictions. Transfers do not change your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions or how we rebalance your Contract Value each quarter. To change this quarterly rebalancing, you must change your future allocation instructions. Any requested change to these instructions must comply with the restrictions stated here or we reject your change.

We automatically rebalance your Contract Value on each Quarterly Anniversary (or the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day) until this benefit ends. There are no fees for the quarterly rebalancing transfers we make, and we do not count them against the free transfers we allow. This rebalancing applies to your selected Investment Options in both the Equity and Fixed Income groups. If you are participating in the DCA program, quarterly rebalancing transfers do not apply to the Contract Value you apply to the AZL Government Money Market Fund under that program.

If your future allocation instructions allocate 10% or less to the Investment Options in the Equity group, we rebalance according to your future allocation instructions. Otherwise, we determine your required Investment Option allocations on each Quarterly Anniversary (or the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day) as follows.

- 1. We determine the new maximum allowed allocation for the Equity group. It is the lesser of the maximum allowed allocation from the prior Quarterly Anniversary, or as set out in Table 2 (which appears earlier in this section).
- 2. If your current future allocation instructions comply with this new maximum allowed allocation for the Equity group, there is no change to your future allocation instructions and we rebalance your Contract Value according to these instructions.
- 3. If your current future allocation instructions are greater than the new maximum allowed allocation for the Equity group we decrease the required allocation for the Equity group to this new lower amount. We then subtract this new percentage from 100% to determine the new required minimum allocation for the Fixed Income group. Lastly we rebalance your Investment Options' Contract Value using the formula: a x (b / c) where:
 - a = The new required group allocation on the current Quarterly Anniversary.
 - b = The required allocation for each Investment Option at the end of the prior Business Day.
 - c = The required group allocation at the end of the prior Business Day.

We round your required allocation to the nearest whole percentage. The current required Investment Option allocations then become your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions. These allocation instructions remain in place until the earlier of the next Quarterly Anniversary, or the Business Day we process any new future Purchase Payment allocation instructions.

- For Contracts with the Bonus Option, we rebalance the Bonus Value using the same percentages we use to rebalance your Contract Value.
- In any twelve-month period, we cannot reduce the maximum allowed Contract Value allocation in the Equity group by more than 15%.
- Unless the maximum allowed allocation for the Equity group changes, the minimum required allocation for the Fixed Income group does not change.
- We may move all of your Contract Value out of one or more of your selected Investment Options. However, we send you a transaction confirmation each time we move Contract Value between Investment Options.
- Unless you reset the initial Target Value Date, the maximum allowed in the Equity group never increases.
- The maximum allowed allocation to the Equity group reduces with negative Investment Option performance
 and as the time until the initial Target Value Date decreases. If you allocate less than the maximum allowed to
 the Equity group, you may be subject to fewer Investment Option reallocations resulting from negative
 Investment Option performance.

WHEN INVESTMENT PROTECTOR ENDS

Investment Protector ends upon the earliest of the following.

- The Business Day we process your request to remove this benefit from your Contract (the rider termination date).
- The date of death of any Owner (or Annuitant, if the Contract is owned by a non-individual), unless the surviving spouse (or civil union partner for riders issued in New Jersey) elects to continue the Contract. However, if an Owner (or Annuitant, if the Contract is owned by a non-individual) dies and the surviving spouse (or civil union partner for riders issued in New Jersey) elects to receive payout of the death benefit, then this benefit ends at the end of the Business Day we receive a Valid Claim.
- The Business Day before the Annuity Date.
- The Business Day we process your request for a full withdrawal.
- The Business Day the Contract ends.

11.c QUARTERLY VALUE DEATH BENEFIT

We designed the Quarterly Value Death Benefit to lock in any quarterly investment gains to provide an increased death benefit for Beneficiaries. You can select this benefit at issue if it is available in your state and once you select it you cannot remove it from your Contract. The Quarterly Value Death Benefit carries an additional M&E charge as described in the Fee Tables and section 7, Expenses – Mortality and Expense Risk (M&E) Charge.

The Quarterly Value Death Benefit is the greater of the Contract Value (after deduction of the final rider charge, if applicable), or the Quarterly Anniversary Value. The Quarterly Anniversary Value is initially equal to the Purchase Payment received on the Issue Date.

At the end of each Business Day, we adjust the Quarterly Anniversary Value as follows.

- We increase it by the amount of any additional Purchase Payments.
- We reduce it by the percentage of any Contract Value withdrawn. Withdrawals include Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments, Excess Withdrawals and any withdrawal charges; but do not include amounts we withdraw for other Contract charges.

On each Quarterly Anniversary before the end date (or on the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not on a Business Day) the Quarterly Anniversary Value is equal to the greater of its current value, or the Contract Value excluding any Daily Transactions. On and after the end date, we no longer make this comparison and you will no longer receive lock ins of any quarterly investment gains.

The end date occurs on the earliest of:

- the rider termination date if you remove an Additional Required Benefit and do not simultaneously replace it with another Additional Required Benefit;
- the older Determining Life's 91st birthday; or
- the end of the Business Day we receive the first Valid Claim from any one Beneficiary.

If you are the Determining Life, or if you and the Determining Life (Lives) are different individuals and die simultaneously as defined by applicable state law or regulation we determine the Quarterly Value Death Benefit at the end of the Business Day we receive a Valid Claim. For multiple Beneficiaries, each surviving Beneficiary receives the greater of their portion of the Quarterly Anniversary Value determined at the end of the Business Day we receive the first Valid Claim from any one Beneficiary, or their portion of the Contract Value determined at the end of the Business Day during which we receive his or her Valid Claim.

If you and the Determining Life (Lives) are different individuals and do not die simultaneously, the death benefit is as follows. *This can only occur if you change the Owner after the Issue Date.*

- If a Determining Life dies before you we do not pay a death benefit to the Beneficiary(s), but we may increase the Contract Value. We compare the Contract Value and Quarterly Anniversary Value determined at the end of Business Day we receive due proof of a Determining Life's death. If your Contract Value is less than the Quarterly Anniversary Value, we increase your Contract Value to equal the Quarterly Anniversary Value. The Quarterly Anniversary Value becomes the Contract Value, and the Quarterly Value Death Benefit ends. We allocate any Contract Value increase to the Investment Options according to future Purchase Payment allocation instructions.
- Upon your death your Beneficiary(s) receive the Contract Value determined at the end of the Business Day during which we receive each Beneficiary's Valid Claim.

The Quarterly Value Death Benefit ends upon the earliest of the following.

- The Business Day before the Annuity Date.
- The Business Day that the Quarterly Anniversary Value and Contract Value are both zero.
- Upon the death of a Determining Life, the end of the Business Day we receive a Valid Claim from all Beneficiaries if you and the Determining Life are the same individuals, or if you and the Determining Life (Lives) are different individuals and die simultaneously as defined by applicable state law or regulation.
- Upon the death of a Determining Life, the end of the Business Day we receive due proof of the Determining Life's death if you and the Determining Life (Lives) are different individuals and do not die simultaneously.
- Upon the death of an Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), the end of the Business Day we receive the first Valid Claim from any one Beneficiary, if the Owner (or Annuitant) is no longer a Determining Life.
- The Business Day the Contract ends.

- Requires selection of an Additional Required Benefit. If you remove the Additional Required Benefit without simultaneously replacing it with another Additional Required Benefit, you keep any prior lock ins of quarterly investment gains to your death benefit but you will not receive any future lock ins and we no longer assess the additional 0.30% M&E charge for the Quarterly Value Death Benefit.
- The Quarterly Value Death Benefit is a first-to-die benefit based on the Determining Life (Lives). This means that upon the death of an Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), if a surviving spouse continues the Contract the Quarterly Value Death Benefit is no longer available and we no longer assess the additional 0.30% M&E charge for this benefit. Also, if you and the Determining Life (Lives) are different individuals and you die first, the Quarterly Value Death Benefit is not available to your Beneficiary(s).
- The Quarterly Value Death Benefit cannot be less than the Traditional Death Benefit, but they may be equal. Please discuss this benefit's appropriateness with your Financial Professional.
- If you select Income Protector or have Income Focus, your Contract Value decreases with each Lifetime Plus Payment, Income Focus Payment, Excess Withdrawal, and rider charge deduction, which reduces the likelihood of locking in investment gains. Lifetime Plus Payments, Income Focus Payments, and Excess Withdrawals also directly reduce the Quarterly Anniversary Value.
- For Contracts with the Bonus Option, bonus amounts are not included in the parts of the Quarterly Anniversary Value based on Purchase Payments, and are also not included in the parts of this value that are based on Contract Value until they are vested.

11.d BONUS OPTION

We designed the Bonus Option for Owners who believe the bonus' returns are offset by this benefit's additional costs. This benefit provides a 6% bonus on each Purchase Payment received before the older Owner reaches age 81(or the Annuitant reaches age 81 if Owner is a non-individual), subject to a three-year vesting schedule. You can select the Bonus Option at issue and once you select it you cannot remove it from your Contract. This benefit ends when your Contract ends. The Bonus Option carries an additional M&E charge and is subject to a higher and longer withdrawal charge schedule as described in the Fee Tables and section 7, Expenses.

The bonus is subject to the following terms.

 Bonus amounts are available to you as they vest. We include the bonus in any part of a guaranteed value based on Contract Value, but only as it vests. We do not include the bonus in any part of a guaranteed value based on Purchase Payments. The vesting schedule is as follows.

Number of Complete Years Since Purchase Payment Receipt	Vesting Percentage
0	0%
1	35%
2	70%
3+	100%

- We treat all bonus amounts and their gains or losses as Contract earnings for both tax purposes and the withdrawal charge.
- All bonus gains and losses are part of your Contract Value and are always 100% vested.

We pay all bonus amounts from the general account assets of Allianz Life.

We deduct Contract charges other than the M&E charge from the Bonus Value, which is your Contract Value plus any unvested bonus. If you cancel your Contract during the free look/right-to-examine period, or if you take a withdrawal* or annuitization, or if a death benefit is payable in the first three years after we receive a Purchase Payment, you lose all or some of your bonus. We expect to profit from the Bonus Option's additional M&E charge and withdrawal charge.

* Including Lifetime Plus Payments, Income Focus Payments and Excess Withdrawals.

- Not available in Connecticut or Oregon.
- The bonus may be more than offset by the Bonus Option's additional M&E charge and withdrawal charge, especially during periods of poor Investment Option performance.
- The IRS has not reviewed the Contract for qualification as an IRA and has not issued a ruling as to whether a bonus benefit with a vesting schedule complies with IRA requirements. Please discuss this benefit's appropriateness with your Financial Professional and tax adviser.

12. TAXES

This section provides a summary explanation of the tax ramifications of purchasing a Contract. More detailed information about product taxation is contained in the Statement of Additional Information, which is available by calling the toll-free telephone number at the back of this prospectus. We do not provide individual tax advice. You should contact your tax adviser to discuss this Contract's effects on your personal tax situation.

QUALIFIED AND NON-QUALIFIED CONTRACTS

You can purchase either a Qualified Contract or a Non-Qualified Contract. A Qualified Contract is purchased pursuant to a specialized provision of the Internal Revenue Code (Code). For example, a Contract may be purchased pursuant to Section 408 of the Code as an Individual Retirement Annuity (IRA).

Qualified Contracts are subject to certain restrictions, including restrictions on the amount of annual contributions, restrictions on how much you can earn and still be able to contribute to a Qualified Contract, and specialized restrictions on withdrawals. Qualified Contracts must be purchased from earned income from the relevant year or years, or from a rollover or transfer from a qualified contract. An IRA to IRA indirect rollover can occur only once in any twelve month period from all of the IRAs you currently own. Purchase Payments to Qualified Contracts other than from a qualified transfer may be restricted once the Owner reaches age 70½.

Currently, we offer the following types of Qualified Contracts.

Type of Contract	Persons and Entities that can buy the Contract				
IRA	Must have the same individual as Owner and Annuitant.				
Roth IRA	Must have the same individual as Owner and Annuitant.				
Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) IRA	Must have the same individual as Owner and Annuitant.				
Certain Code Section 401 Plans	A qualified retirement plan is the Owner and the Annuitant must be an individual. We may determine which types of qualified retirement plans are eligible to purchase this Contract.				

If you purchase a Qualified Contract, you already receive the benefit of tax deferral through the qualified plan, and so you should purchase this Contract for purposes other than tax deferral.

You can instead purchase a Non-Qualified Contract, which is not qualified pursuant to a specialized provision of the Code. There are no Code restrictions on annual contributions to a Non-Qualified Contract or how much you can earn and still contribute to a Contract.

TAXATION OF ANNUITY CONTRACTS

The Contract has the following tax characteristics.

- Taxes on earnings are deferred until you take money out. Non-Qualified Contracts owned by corporations or partnerships do not receive income tax deferral on earnings.
- When you take money out of a Non-Qualified Contract, earnings are generally subject to federal income tax and
 applicable state income tax. All pre-tax money distributed from Qualified Contracts are subject to federal and state
 income tax, but qualified distributions from Roth IRA Contracts are not subject to federal income tax. This prospectus
 does not address specific state tax laws. You should discuss state taxation with your tax adviser.
- Taxable distributions are subject to an ordinary income tax rate, rather than a capital gains rate.
- Distributions from Non-Qualified Contracts are considered investment income for purposes of the Medicare tax on investment income. Thus, in certain circumstances, a 3.8% tax may apply to some or all of the taxable portion of distributions (e.g. earnings) to individuals whose income exceeds certain threshold amounts (\$200,000 for filing single, \$250,000 for married filing jointly and \$125,000 for married filing separately.) Please consult a tax advisor for more information.
- If you take partial withdrawals from your Non-Qualified Contract, the withdrawals are generally taxed as though you were paid taxable earnings first, and then as a non-taxable return of Purchase Payments.
- If you annuitize your Non-Qualified Contract and receive a stream of Annuity Payments, you receive the benefit of the exclusion ratio, and each Annuity Payment you receive is treated partly as taxable earnings and partly as a non-taxable return of Purchase Payments.

- If you take partial withdrawals or annuitize a Qualified Contract, you will be responsible for determining what portion, if any, of the distribution consists of after-tax money.
- Lifetime Plus Payments and Income Focus Payments are taxed as partial withdrawals.
- If you take out earnings before age 59½, you may be subject to a 10% additional federal tax, unless you take a lifetime annuitization of your Contract or you take money out in a stream of substantially equal payments over your expected life in accordance with the requirements of the Code.
- A pledge or assignment of a Contract may be treated as a taxable event. You should discuss any pledge or assignment of a Contract with your tax adviser.
- If you purchase multiple non-qualified deferred annuity contracts from an affiliated group of companies in one calendar year, these contracts are treated as one contract for purposes of determining the tax consequences of any distribution.
- Death benefit proceeds from Non-Qualified Contracts are taxable to the beneficiary as ordinary income to the extent of any earnings. Death benefit proceeds must be paid out in accordance with the requirements of the Code.
- Depending upon the type of Qualified Contract you own, required minimum distributions (RMDs) must be satisfied when you reach a certain age. If you enroll in our minimum distribution program, we make RMD payments to you that are designed to meet this Contract's RMD requirements.
- When you take money out of a Contract, we may deduct premium tax that we pay on your Contract. This tax varies from 0% to 3.5%, depending on your state. Currently, we pay this tax and do not pass it on to you.

TAXATION OF LIFETIME PAYMENTS

We treat Lifetime Plus Payments and Income Focus Payments (lifetime payments) as withdrawals for tax purposes. This means that, for Non-Qualified Contracts, **gains from the entire Contract are considered to be distributed first and are subject to ordinary income tax.** Purchase Payments are distributed after gains have been paid out and are generally considered to be a return of your investment and are not subject to income tax. For Qualified Contracts, the total lifetime payment is most likely subject to ordinary income tax. If you are taking withdrawals from the Contract to satisfy the requirements for substantially equal periodic payments under Section 72(t) or 72(q) of the Internal Revenue Code and you begin lifetime payments before the required series of withdrawals is complete, you may incur additional penalties, including a 10% additional federal tax.

TAX-FREE SECTION 1035 EXCHANGES

Subject to certain restrictions, you can make a "tax-free" exchange under Section 1035 of the Internal Revenue Code for all or a portion of one annuity contract for another, or all of a life insurance policy for an annuity contract. Before making an exchange, you should compare both contracts carefully. Remember that if you exchange a life insurance policy or annuity contract for the Contract described in this prospectus:

- you might have to pay a withdrawal charge on your previous contract,
- there is a new withdrawal charge period for this Contract,
- other charges under this Contract may be higher (or lower),
- the benefits may be different, and
- you no longer have access to any benefits from your previous contract.

If the exchange does not qualify for Section 1035 treatment, you also may have to pay federal income tax, including a possible additional federal tax, on the exchange. You should not exchange an existing life insurance policy or another annuity contract for this Contract unless you determine the exchange is in your best interest and not just better for the person selling you the Contract who generally earns a commission on each sale. You should consult a tax adviser to discuss the potential tax effects before making a 1035 exchange.

13. OTHER INFORMATION

ALLIANZ LIFE

Allianz Life is a stock life insurance company organized under the laws of the state of Minnesota in 1896. Our address is 5701 Golden Hills Drive, Minneapolis, MN 55416. We currently offer fixed, fixed index, and variable annuities, individual life insurance, and registered index-linked annuities. We are licensed to do direct business in 49 states and the District of Columbia. We are a subsidiary of Allianz SE, a provider of integrated financial services.

THE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

We established Allianz Life Variable Account B (the Separate Account) as a separate account under Minnesota insurance law on May 31, 1985. The Separate Account is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The SEC does not supervise our management of the Separate Account.

The Separate Account holds the assets that underlie the Contracts, except assets allocated to our general account. We keep the Separate Account assets separate from the assets of our general account and other separate accounts. The Separate Account is divided into subaccounts, each of which invests exclusively in a single Investment Option.

We own the assets of the Separate Account. We credit gains to or charge losses against the Separate Account, whether or not realized, without regard to the performance of other investment accounts. The Separate Account's assets may not be used to pay any of our liabilities, other than those arising from the Contracts.

If the Separate Account's assets exceed the required reserves and other liabilities, we may transfer the excess to our general account, to the extent of seed money invested by us or earned fees and charges. The obligations under the Contracts are obligations of Allianz Life.

DISTRIBUTION

Allianz Life Financial Services, LLC (Allianz Life Financial), a wholly owned subsidiary of Allianz Life Insurance Company of North America, serves as principal underwriter for the Contracts. Allianz Life Financial is a limited liability company organized in Minnesota, and is located at 5701 Golden Hills Drive, Minneapolis, MN 55416. Allianz Life Financial is registered as a broker/dealer with the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as well as with the securities commissions in the states in which it operates, and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). Allianz Life Financial is not a member of Securities Investors Protection Corporation. More information about Allianz Life Financial is available at www.finra.org or by calling 1-800-289-9999. You also can obtain an investor brochure from FINRA describing its Public Disclosure Program.

We have entered into a distribution agreement with Allianz Life Financial for the distribution of the Contracts. Allianz Life Financial also may perform various administrative services on our behalf.

We may fund Allianz Life Financial's operating and other expenses, including: overhead; legal and accounting fees; Financial Professional training; compensation for the Allianz Life Financial management team; and other expenses associated with the Contracts. Financial Professionals and their managers are also eligible for various benefits, such as production incentive bonuses, insurance benefits, and non-cash compensation items that we may provide jointly with Allianz Life Financial. Non-cash items include conferences, seminars and trips (including travel, lodging and meals in connection therewith), entertainment, awards, merchandise and other similar items.

Allianz Life Financial does not itself sell the Contracts on a retail basis. Rather, Allianz Life Financial enters into selling agreements with other broker/dealers registered under the 1934 Act (selling firms) for the sale of the Contracts. These selling firms include third party broker/dealers and Questar Capital Corporation, an affiliated broker/dealer. We pay sales commissions to the selling firms and their Financial Professionals. The maximum commission payable to the selling firms for Contract sales is expected to not exceed 7% of Purchase Payments. Sometimes, we enter into an agreement with a selling firm to pay commissions as a combination of a certain amount of the commission at the time of sale and a trail commission which, when totaled, could exceed 7% of Purchase Payments.

We and/or Allianz Life Financial may make bonus payments to certain selling firms based on aggregate sales of our variable insurance contracts (including this Contract) or persistency standards, or as part of a special promotion. These additional payments are not offered to all selling firms, and the terms of any particular agreement governing the payments may vary among selling firms. In some instances, the amount paid may be significant.

A portion of the payments made to selling firms may be passed on to their Financial Professionals. Financial Professionals may receive cash and non-cash compensation and other benefits. Ask your Financial Professional for further information about what they and their firm may receive in connection with your purchase of a Contract.

We intend to recover commissions and other expenses through fees and charges imposed under the Contract. Commissions paid on the Contract, including other incentives or payments, are not charged directly to the Owners or the Separate Account.

Broker-dealers and their Financial Professionals and managers involved in sales of the Contracts may receive payments from us for administrative and other services that do not directly involve the sale of the Contracts, including payments made for recordkeeping, the recruitment and training of personnel, production of promotional literature and similar services. In addition, certain firms and their Financial Professionals may receive compensation for distribution and administrative services when acting in a wholesaling capacity and working with retail firms.

In certain instances, we and/or Allianz Life Financial may make payments to a broker/dealer for inclusion of this Contract in its list of products that it offers for sale.

We and/or Allianz Life Financial may pay certain selling firms additional marketing support allowances for:

- marketing services and increased access to their Financial Professionals;
- sales promotions relating to the Contracts;
- costs associated with sales conferences and educational seminars;
- the cost of client meetings and presentations; and
- other sales expenses incurred by them.

We retain substantial discretion in determining whether to grant a marketing support payment to a particular broker/dealer firm and the amount of any such payment.

We may also make payments for marketing and wholesaling support to broker/dealer affiliates of Investment Options that are available through the variable annuities we offer.

Additional information regarding marketing support payments can be found in the Distributor section of the Statement of Additional Information.

The Investment Options may assess a Rule 12b-1 fee. These fees are paid to Allianz Life Financial as consideration for providing certain services and incurring certain expenses permitted under the Investment Option's plan. These fees typically equal 0.25% of an Investment Option's average daily net assets for the most recent calendar year.

In certain instances, an investment adviser and/or subadviser (and/or their affiliates) of an Investment Option may make payments for administrative services to Allianz Life Financial or its affiliates.

We offer the Contracts to the public on a continuous basis. We anticipate continuing to offer the Contracts but reserve the right to discontinue the offering.

ADDITIONAL CREDITS FOR CERTAIN GROUPS

We may credit additional amounts to a Contract instead of modifying charges because of special circumstances that result in lower sales or administrative expenses or better than expected mortality or persistency experience.

ADMINISTRATION/ALLIANZ SERVICE CENTER

The Allianz Service Center performs certain administrative services regarding the Contracts and is located at 5701 Golden Hills Drive, Minneapolis, Minnesota. The Service Center mailing address and telephone number are listed at the back of this prospectus. The administrative and routine customer services performed by our Service Center include processing and mailing of account statements and other mailings to Owners, responding to Owner correspondence and inquiries. Allianz Life also contracts with Tata Consultancy Services (Tata) located at #42(P) & 45(P), Think Campus, Electronic City, Phase II, Bangalore, Karnataka 560100, India, to perform certain administrative services including:

- issuance and maintenance of the Contracts,
- maintenance of Owner records, and
- routine customer service including:
 - processing of Contract changes,
 - processing withdrawal requests (both partial and total) and
 - processing requests for fixed annuity payments.

Services performed by Tata are overseen and quality control checked by our Service Center.

To reduce expenses, only one copy of most financial reports and prospectuses, including reports and prospectuses for the Investment Options, may be mailed to your household, even if you or other persons in your household have more than one contract issued by us or our affiliate. Call our Service Center at the toll-free telephone number listed at the back of this prospectus if you need additional copies of financial reports, prospectuses, or annual and semiannual reports, or if you would like to receive one copy for each contract in future mailings.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We and our subsidiaries, like other life insurance companies, from time to time are involved in legal proceedings of various kinds, including regulatory proceedings and individual and class action lawsuits. In some legal proceedings involving insurers, substantial damages have been sought and/or material settlement payments have been made. Although the outcome of any such proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, we believe that, at the present time, there are no pending or threatened legal proceedings to which we, the Separate Account, or Allianz Life Financial is a party that are reasonably likely to materially affect the Separate Account, our ability to meet our obligations under the Contracts, or Allianz Life Financial's ability to perform its obligations.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements of Allianz Life and the financial statements of the Separate Account have been included in Part C of the Registration Statement.

STATUS PURSUANT TO SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Allianz Life hereby relies on the exemption provided by Rule 12h-7 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 from the requirement to file reports pursuant to Section 15(d) of that Act.

14. PRIVACY NOTICE

2016

Your privacy is a high priority for Allianz ("we" or "our"). Our pledge to protect your privacy is reflected in our Privacy Notice. This notice outlines our principles for collecting, using and protecting information that we maintain about you.

This notice applies to Allianz and its affiliated companies listed at the end of this notice. The law allows us to share your information among our affiliates. The law does not allow you to prevent these disclosures.

Information about you that Allianz collects

We collect information about you so that we can process the insurance transactions you request. We limit the amount of your information collected to what we feel is needed to maintain your account. We may collect your information from the following sources:

- From you, either directly or through your agent. This
 may include information on your insurance
 application or other forms you may complete. The
 information we collect includes, but is not limited to,
 your name, social security number, address and
 telephone number.
- From others, through the process of handling a claim. This may include information from medical or accident reports.
- From your doctor or during a home visit by a health assessment professional. This may include medical information about you gathered with your written authorization.
- From your relationship with us, such as the number of years you have been a customer or the types of insurance products you purchased.
- From a consumer reporting agency such as a medical, credit, or motor vehicle report. The information in these reports may be kept by the agency and shared with others.

Information about you that Allianz shares

We do not share information about current or former customers with anyone, except as allowed by law. "Allowed by law" means that we may share your information, such as your name, address, and policy information, as follows:

- With affiliates and other third parties in order to administer or service your policy.
- With consumer reporting agencies to obtain a medical report, credit report, or motor vehicle report. These reports are used to determine eligibility for coverage or to process your requested transactions.
- With your insurance agent so that they can perform services for you.

- With medical professionals in order to process your claim.
- With a state Department of Insurance in order to examine our records or business practices.
- With state or federal law enforcement agency, as required by law or to report suspected fraud activities.
- With research groups to conduct studies on claims results. No individual is identified in any study or report.

We advise the vendors with whom we legally share your information of our privacy policy. We make every effort to use vendors whose privacy policy reflects our own.

Allianz does not sell your information to anyone

We do not sell your information to anyone for their own marketing purposes. For this reason, we are not required to obtain an "opt-in election," an "opt-out election" or an authorization from you.

Allianz policies and practices regarding security of your information

We limit access to your information to those employees, affiliates, and service providers who need it to administer or service your policy. We use computer hardware and software tools to maintain physical and electronic safeguards. These safeguards comply with applicable federal and state regulations. We use state of the art technology to secure our websites and protect the information that may be shared over these sites. We restrict access to information about you to those employees who need the information to service your policy.

If you visit one of our websites, we may use "cookies" (small text files sent from our site to your hard drive). These cookies help us to recognize repeat visitors and allow easy access to and use of the site. We do not use cookies to gather your information. The cookies only enable you to use our website more easily.

Your ability to access and correct your information

You have the right to access and obtain a copy of your information. You may write to us and also ask for a record of any disclosure of your medical information made within the last three (3) years. This does not include the right to access and copy your information related to a claim or civil or criminal proceeding. If you wish to review your information, please write us at the address below. Provide your full name, address and policy number(s). For your protection, please have your request notarized.

Within 30 working days of our receipt of your written request, you may see and get a copy of your information in person. If you prefer, we will send you a copy of your information. If medical information is contained in your file, we may request that you name a medical professional to whom we will send your information.

If you believe any of your information is incorrect, notify us in writing at the address below. Within 30 working days, we will let you know if our review has resulted in a correction of your information. If we do not agree there is an error, you may file a statement disputing our finding. We will attach the statement to your file. We will send any corrections we make, or your statement, to anyone we shared your information with over the past two years, and to anyone who may receive your information from us in the future. We do

not control the information about you obtained from a consumer reporting agency or a Department of Motor Vehicles. We will provide you with the names and addresses of these agencies so that you can contact them directly.

Montana residents: You may write to us and also ask for a record of any disclosure of your medical information made within the last three years.

Notification of change

Your trust is one of our most important assets. If we revise our privacy practices in the future, we will notify you prior to introducing any changes. This Privacy Notice is also displayed on our website at www.allianzlife.com.

For more information or if you have questions

If you have any questions or concerns about our privacy policies or procedures, please call the Corporate Compliance Privacy Office at 800.328.5600, write us at the following address or contact us via the secured website.

Allianz Life Insurance Company of North America 5701 Golden Hills Drive Minneapolis, MN 55416-1297 800.328.5600 www.allianzlife.com Allianz and its affiliated companies:

- Allianz Life Insurance Company of North America
- Allianz Life Insurance Company of New York
- Allianz Investment Management LLC
- Allianz Life Financial Services, LLC
- Questar Asset Management, Inc.
- Questar Capital Corporation

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APPENDIX A - ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES FOR EACH INVESTMENT OPTION

This table describes, in detail, the annual expenses for each of the Investment Options. We show the expenses as a percentage of an Investment Option's average daily net assets for the most recent calendar year. Except for the AZL Funds and the PIMCO VIT portfolios, neither the Investment Options nor their advisers are affiliated with us. Expenses may vary in current and future years. The investment advisers for the Investment Options provided the fee and expense information and we did not independently verify it. See the Investment Options' prospectuses for further information regarding the expenses you may expect to pay. Some of the Investment Options or their affiliates may also pay service fees to us or our affiliates. If these fees are deducted from Investment Option assets, they are reflected in the table below.

Investment Option	Management fees	Rule 12b-1 fees	Service fees	Other expenses	Acquired fund fees and expenses	Total annual fund operating expenses before fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements
ALLIANZ						
RCM Dynamic Multi-Asset Plus VIT Portfolio	.70	.25	_	.86	.05	1.86
BLACKROCK						
AZL BlackRock Capital Appreciation Fund	.80	.25	_	.05	_	1.10
AZL Enhanced Bond Index Fund	.35	.25	-	.06	_	.66
AZL Government Money Market Fund	.35	.25	-	.05	-	.65
AZL International Index Fund	.35	.25	-	.15	-	.75
AZL Mid Cap Index Fund	.25	.25	-	.07	-	.57
AZL Russell 1000 Growth Index Fund	.44	.25	-	.09	-	.78
AZL Russell 1000 Value Index Fund	.44	.25	-	.08	-	.77
AZL S&P 500 Index Fund – Class 2	.17	.25	-	.07	-	.49
AZL Small Cap Stock Index Fund	.26	.25	-	.08	-	.59
BlackRock Global Allocation V.I. Fund – Class 3	.62	.25	-	.25	-	1.12
BOSTON COMPANY						
AZL Boston Company Research Growth Fund	.76	.25	-	.05	-	1.06
DAVIS						
Davis VA Financial Portfolio	.55	-	-	.13	-	.68
FEDERATED						
AZL Federated Clover Small Value Fund	.75	.25	-	.05	_	1.05
FIDELITY						
Fidelity VIP FundsManager 50% Portfolio – Service Class 2	.25	.25	-	-	.57	1.07
Fidelity VIP FundsManager 60% Portfolio – Service Class 2	.25	.25	-	-	.63	1.13
FRANKLIN TEMPLETON						
AZL Franklin Templeton Founding Strategy Plus Fund	.70	.25	-	.09	-	1.04
Franklin Founding Funds Allocation VIP Fund – Class 2	.00	.25	-	.11	.67	1.03
Franklin High Income VIP Fund – Class 2	.53	.25	-	.06	-	.84
Franklin Income VIP Fund – Class 2	.45	.25	-	.01	-	.71
Franklin Mutual Shares VIP Fund – Class 2	.69	.25	-	.04	-	.98
Franklin U.S. Government Securities VIP Fund – Class 2	.47	.25	-	.03	-	.75
Templeton Global Bond VIP Fund – Class 2	.46	.25	-	.06	-	.77
Templeton Growth VIP Fund – Class 2	.77	.25	_	.03	-	1.05
GATEWAY						
AZL Gateway Fund	.80	.25	_	.05	-	1.10
INVESCO						
AZL Invesco Equity and Income Fund	.75	.25	-	.05	-	1.05
AZL Invesco Growth and Income Fund	.75	.25	-	.06	-	1.06
AZL Invesco International Equity Fund	.90	.25	_	.08	_	1.23
J.P. MORGAN						
AZL JPMorgan International Opportunities Fund	.95	.25	-	.07	-	1.27
AZL JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund – Class 2	.80	.25	-	.06	-	1.11
JPMorgan Insurance Trust Core Bond Portfolio – Class 2	.40	.25	_	.23	.01	.89
METWEST						
AZL MetWest Total Return Bond Fund	.60	.25	-	.04	-	.89

Investment Option	Management fees	Rule 12b-1 fees	Service fees	Other expenses	Acquired fund fees and expenses	Total annual fund operating expenses before fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements
MFS						
AZL MFS Investors Trust Fund	.75	.25	-	.05	-	1.05
AZL MFS Mid Cap Value Fund	.75	.25	_	.07	-	1.07
AZL MFS Value Fund	.74	.25	-	.06	-	1.05
MFS VIT Total Return Bond Portfolio – Service Class	.50	.25	_	.04	-	.79
MORGAN STANLEY						
AZL Morgan Stanley Global Real Estate Fund	.90	.25	-	.14	-	1.29
MORGAN STANLEY and J.P. MORGAN						
AZL Multi-Manager Mid Cap Growth Fund	.80	.25	-	.05	-	1.10
NFJ						
AZL NFJ International Value Fund	.90	.25	-	.09	-	1.24
Allianz NFJ Dividend Value VIT Portfolio	.70	.25	_	.22	-	1.17
OPPENHEIMERFUNDS						
AZL Oppenheimer Discovery Fund	.85	.25	-	.06	-	1.16
PIMCO						
PIMCO VIT All Asset Portfolio – Admin. Class	.425	-	.15	-	.83	1.405
PIMCO VIT CommodityRealReturn Strategy Portfolio – Admin. Class	.74	_	.15	.17	.11	1.17
PIMCO VIT Emerging Markets Bond Portfolio – Admin. Class	.85	-	.15	-	-	1.00
PIMCO VIT Global Advantage Strategy Bond Portfolio – Admin. Class	.75	_	.15	-	-	.90
PIMCO VIT Global Bond Portfolio (Unhedged) – Admin. Class	.75	-	.15	-	-	.90
PIMCO VIT Global Dividend Portfolio – Advisor Class	1.04	.25	-	.02	-	1.31
PIMCO VIT Global Multi-Asset Managed Allocation Portfolio – Admin. Class	.95	-	.15	.05	.30	1.45
PIMCO VIT Global Multi-Asset Managed Volatility Portfolio – Admin. Class	1.05	_	.15	.02	.25	1.47
PIMCO VIT High Yield Portfolio – Admin. Class	.60	_	.15	.01	_	.76
PIMCO VIT Real Return Portfolio – Admin. Class	.50	_	.15	.13	_	.78
PIMCO VIT Total Return Portfolio – Admin. Class	.50	_	.15	.01	_	.66
PIMCO VIT Unconstrained Bond Portfolio – Admin Class	.90	_	.15	.01	_	1.06
PYRAMIS						
AZL Pyramis Total Bond Fund	.50	.25	_	.07	_	.82
SCHRODER						
AZL Schroder Emerging Markets Equity Fund	1.23	.25	_	.26	_	1.74
T. ROWE PRICE						
AZL T. Rowe Price Capital Appreciation Fund	.75	.25	_	.05	_	1.05

This table describes, in detail, the annual expenses for each of the Allianz Fund of Funds. We show the expenses as a percentage of an Investment Option's average daily net assets. The underlying funds may pay 12b-1 fees to the distributor of the Contracts for distribution and/or administrative services. The underlying funds do not pay service fees or 12b-1 fees to the Allianz Fund of Funds and the Allianz Fund of Funds do not pay service fees or 12b-1 fees. The underlying funds of the Allianz Fund of Funds may pay service fees to the insurance companies issuing variable contracts, or their affiliates, for providing customer service and other administrative services to contract purchasers. The amount of such service fees may vary depending on the underlying fund.

Investment Option	Management fees	Rule 12b-1 fees	Other expenses	Total	Acquired fund fees and expenses	Total annual fund operating expenses before fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements
ALLIANZ FUND OF FUNDS						
AZL Balanced Index Strategy Fund	.05	-	.03	.08	.62	.70
AZL DFA Multi-Strategy Fund	.05	-	.02	.07	.92	.99
AZL MVP Fusion Balanced Fund	.20	-	.02	.22	.88	1.10
AZL MVP Fusion Conservative Fund	.20	-	.04	.24	.82	1.06
AZL MVP Fusion Growth Fund	.20	-	.02	.22	.99	1.21
AZL MVP Fusion Moderate Fund	.20	-	.02	.22	.94	1.16
AZL MVP Balanced Index Strategy Fund	.10	-	.04	.14	.59	.73
AZL MVP BlackRock Global Allocation Fund	.10	-	1.08	1.18	.01	1.19
AZL MVP DFA Multi-Strategy Fund	.20	-	.32	.52	1.02	1.54
AZL MVP Franklin Templeton Founding Strategy Plus Fund	.10	-	.05	.15	.99	1.14
AZL MVP Growth Index Strategy Fund	.10	-	.02	.12	.57	.69
AZL MVP Invesco Equity and Income Fund	.10	-	.03	.13	1.00	1.13
AZL MVP T. Rowe Price Capital Appreciation Fund	.10		.03	.13	1.00	1.13

APPENDIX B - CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The consolidated financial statements of Allianz Life Insurance Company of North America and the financial statements of Allianz Life Variable Account B are included in Part C of the Registration Statement.

Accumulation unit value (AUV) information corresponding to the lowest and highest combination of M&E charges for the Contract offered by this prospectus, as of the end of December 31, 2015, is listed in the tables below. A separate rider charge may also apply to your Contract if you select Income Protector or Investment Protector, or have Income Focus, which is not reflected in the table below. See the Fee Tables for further information regarding the rider charge. You can find AUV information corresponding to the additional combinations of charges in the appendix to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI), which is available without charge by contacting us at the telephone number or address listed at the back of this prospectus.

This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes of the Separate Account included in Part C of the Registration Statement.

Lowest and Highest Combination of Benefit Options	M&E Charge
Base Contract without optional benefits	1.40%
Base Contract with the Bonus Option and Quarterly Value Death Benefit	2.00%

(Number of Accumulation Units in thousands)

M&E Charge 1.40%				M&E Charge 2.00%				
Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period	Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period	
Allianz NFJ Divid	end Value VIT Por	rtfolio						
12/31/2014	N/A	14.205	55	12/31/2014	N/A	14.008	0	
12/31/2015	14.205	12.768	71	12/31/2015	14.008	12.517	1	
AZL Balanced Inc	dex Strategy Fund							
12/31/2013	N/A	13.374	146	12/31/2013	N/A	13.043	1	
12/31/2014	13.374	13.996	267	12/31/2014	13.043	13.569	2	
12/31/2015	13.996	13.804	333	12/31/2015	13.569	13.304	2	
AZL BlackRock C	Capital Appreciatio	n Fund						
12/31/2013	N/A	17.081	706	12/31/2013	N/A	16.216	10	
12/31/2014	17.081	18.381	885	12/31/2014	16.216	17.347	10	
12/31/2015	18.381	19.257	862	12/31/2015	17.347	18.067	10	
AZL Boston Com	pany Research G	rowth Fund						
12/31/2013	N/A	15.886	229	12/31/2013	N/A	14.768	6	
12/31/2014	15.886	16.990	351	12/31/2014	14.768	15.702	7	
12/31/2015	16.990	17.680	368	12/31/2015	15.702	16.244	7	
AZL DFA Multi-St	trategy Fund							
12/31/2013	N/A	14.815	345	12/31/2013	N/A	14.449	5	
12/31/2014	14.815	15.564	426	12/31/2014	14.449	15.090	7	
12/31/2015	15.564	15.247	455	12/31/2015	15.090	14.695	8	
AZL Enhanced Bo	ond Index Fund							
12/31/2014	N/A	11.290	46	12/31/2014	N/A	10.925	0	
12/31/2015	11.290	11.160	191	12/31/2015	10.925	10.736	6	
AZL Federated C	lover Small Value	Fund		,				
12/31/2013	N/A	25.645	24	12/31/2013	N/A	24.056	0	
12/31/2014	25.645	27.197	24	12/31/2014	24.056	25.362	0	
12/31/2015	27.197	25.186	31	12/31/2015	25.362	23.348	0	
AZL Franklin Ten	npleton Founding	Strategy Plus Fund						
12/31/2013	N/A	14.148	245	12/31/2013	N/A	13.798	5	
12/31/2014	14.148	14.251	320	12/31/2014	13.798	13.817	7	
12/31/2015	14.251	13.287	341	12/31/2015	13.817	12.806	8	

	M&	RE Charge 1.40%		M&E Charge 2.00%					
Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period	Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period		
AZL Gateway Fu	nd								
12/31/2013	N/A	11.276	56	12/31/2013	N/A	11.031	0		
12/31/2014	11.276	11.464	67	12/31/2014	11.031	11.149	0		
12/31/2015	11.464	11.529	100	12/31/2015	11.149	11.146	1		
AZL Government	Money Market Fu	ınd							
12/31/2013	N/A	10.503	4159	12/31/2013	N/A	9.662	381		
12/31/2014	10.503	10.359	3190	12/31/2014	9.662	9.473	333		
12/31/2015	10.359	10.216	3814	12/31/2015	9.473	9.288	403		
AZL International				,					
12/31/2013	N/A	12.353	455	12/31/2013	N/A	12.047	6		
12/31/2014	12.353	11.429	614	12/31/2014	12.047	11.080	8		
12/31/2015	11.429	11.115	755	12/31/2015	11.080	10.712	7		
	ity and Income Fu		700	12/01/2010	11.000	10.712	,		
12/31/2013	N/A	16.816	216	12/31/2013	N/A	15.869	9		
12/31/2013	16.816	17.994	336	12/31/2013	15.869	16.880	14		
12/31/2014	17.994								
		17.307	328	12/31/2015	16.880	16.141	11		
	wth and Income F		000	40/04/0040	N/A	17.029	F		
12/31/2013	N/A	18.373	280	12/31/2013			5		
12/31/2014	18.373	19.931	447	12/31/2014	17.029	18.364	9		
12/31/2015	19.931	19.015	456	12/31/2015	18.364	17.417	10		
	rnational Equity Fo			1					
12/31/2013	N/A	20.508	185	12/31/2013	N/A	19.122	4		
12/31/2014	20.508	20.276	298	12/31/2014	19.122	18.794	4		
12/31/2015	20.276	19.448	331	12/31/2015	18.794	17.921	6		
AZL JPMorgan Ir	nternational Oppor	tunities Fund							
12/31/2013	N/A	21.389	154	12/31/2013	N/A	20.064	6		
12/31/2014	21.389	19.534	247	12/31/2014	20.064	18.216	7		
12/31/2015	19.534	19.414	285	12/31/2015	18.216	17.997	8		
AZL JPMorgan U	I.S. Equity Fund								
12/31/2013	N/A	17.283	174	12/31/2013	N/A	16.310	9		
12/31/2014	17.283	19.461	265	12/31/2014	16.310	18.257	12		
12/31/2015	19.461	19.216	272	12/31/2015	18.257	17.921	17		
AZL MetWest To	tal Return Bond F	und		,					
12/31/2015	N/A	9.894	135	12/31/2015	N/A	9.843	9		
AZL MFS Investo				1					
12/31/2013	N/A	21.151	119	12/31/2013	N/A	20.080	3		
12/31/2014	21.151	23.102	165	12/31/2014	20.080	21.803	3		
12/31/2015	23.102	22.782	150	12/31/2015	21.803	21.375	3		
AZL MFS Mid Ca		22.702	100	12/01/2010	21.000	21.070			
12/31/2013	N/A	11.121	537	12/31/2013	N/A	10.622	27		
12/31/2013	11.121	12.163	698	12/31/2013	10.622	11.548	39		
12/31/2015	12.163	11.694	704	12/31/2015	11.548	11.037	38		
AZL MFS Value		45.040	000	40/04/0040	N1/A	44400	4.4		
12/31/2013	N/A	15.246	298	12/31/2013	N/A	14.130	14		
12/31/2014	15.246	16.578	470	12/31/2014	14.130	15.275	13		
12/31/2015	16.578	16.214	461	12/31/2015	15.275	14.851	11		
AZL Mid Cap Ind		/= -·-		1 4			_		
12/31/2013	N/A	15.248	546	12/31/2013	N/A	15.211	5		
12/31/2014	15.248	16.746	799	12/31/2014	15.211	16.286	8		
12/31/2015	16.746	16.073	861	12/31/2015	16.286	15.540	11		
AZL Morgan Star	nley Global Real E	state Fund							
12/31/2013	N/A	11.033	0	12/31/2013	N/A	10.537	0		
12/31/2014	11.033	12.379	2	12/31/2014	10.537	11.753	0		
12/3 1/20 17									

M&E Charge 1.40%				M&E Charge 2.00%					
Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period	Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period		
AZL Multi-Mana	ger Mid Cap Growt	h Fund							
12/31/2013	N/A	22.525	282	12/31/2013	N/A	20.877	1		
12/31/2014	22.525	22.396	383	12/31/2014	20.877	20.635	5		
12/31/2015	22.396	20.715	386	12/31/2015	20.635	18.974	5		
AZL MVP Balan	ced Index Strategy	Fund							
12/31/2013	N/A	11.880	2172	12/31/2013	N/A	11.742	60		
12/31/2014	11.880	12.430	3994	12/31/2014	11.742	12.213	158		
12/31/2015	12.430	12.231	5618	12/31/2015	12.213	11.946	236		
AZL MVP Black	Rock Global Alloca								
12/31/2013	N/A	11.843	9487	12/31/2013	N/A	11.704	190		
12/31/2014	11.843	11.914	16698	12/31/2014	11.704	11.706	451		
12/31/2015	11.914	11.574	19653	12/31/2015	11.706	11.305	524		
AZL MVP DFA	Multi-Strategy Fund								
12/31/2015	N/A	9.410	1160	12/31/2015	N/A	9.371	27		
AZL MVP Frank	lin Templeton Four	iding Strategy Plus	Fund						
12/31/2013	N/A	12.297	4403	12/31/2013	N/A	12.175	74		
12/31/2014	12.297	12.411	8476	12/31/2014	12.175	12.215	221		
12/31/2015	12.411	11.479	10166	12/31/2015	12.215	11.231	242		
AZL MVP Fusion	n Balanced Fund								
12/31/2013	N/A	14.002	1935	12/31/2013	N/A	13.293	91		
12/31/2014	14.002	14.442	3396	12/31/2014	13.293	13.630	186		
12/31/2015	14.442	13.993	4439	12/31/2015	13.630	13.129	287		
AZL MVP Fusion	n Conservative Fur	nd		,					
12/31/2013	N/A	12.881	719	12/31/2013	N/A	12.562	40		
12/31/2014	12.881	13.314	1368	12/31/2014	12.562	12.908	63		
12/31/2015	13.314	13.028	1779	12/31/2015	12.908	12.557	70		
AZL MVP Fusion	n Growth Fund								
12/31/2013	N/A	13.846	309	12/31/2013	N/A	13.144	10		
12/31/2014	13.846	14.250	570	12/31/2014	13.144	13.449	10		
12/31/2015	14.250	13.740	700	12/31/2015	13.449	12.891	17		
AZL MVP Fusion	n Moderate Fund			-					
12/31/2013	N/A	13.958	5515	12/31/2013	N/A	13.251	214		
12/31/2014	13.958	14.348	9336	12/31/2014	13.251	13.541	382		
12/31/2015	14.348	13.851	11738	12/31/2015	13.541	12.995	455		
AZL MVP Growt	th Index Strategy F			-					
12/31/2013	N/A	13.047	12638	12/31/2013	N/A	12.895	319		
12/31/2014	13.047	13.700	24616	12/31/2014	12.895	13.460	634		
12/31/2015	13.700	13.402	33261	12/31/2015	13.460	13.091	644		
	co Equity and Incor								
12/31/2013	N/A	13.123	5051	12/31/2013	N/A	12.969	152		
12/31/2014	13.123	14.031	10239	12/31/2014	12.969	13.785	349		
12/31/2015	14.031	13.392	13411	12/31/2015	13.785	13.081	374		
	we Price Capital Ap								
12/31/2014	N/A	10.970	6433	12/31/2014	N/A	10.907	183		
12/31/2015	10.970	11.267	15466	12/31/2015	10.907	11.137	419		
	ational Value Fund	,		12.01.2010					
12/31/2014	N/A	15.780	19	12/31/2014	N/A	15.253	0		
12/31/2015	15.780	13.606	32	12/31/2015	15.253	13.074	0		
	ner Discovery Fund		V <u>L</u>	1 12/01/2010	10.200	10.017			
12/31/2013	N/A	18.083	7	12/31/2013	N/A	17.167	0		
12/31/2013	18.083	17.424	29	12/31/2013	17.167	16.444	0		
12/31/2014	17.424	17.424	53	12/31/2014	16.444	16.474	0		
AZL Pyramis To		11.558	JJ	12/3/1/2013	10.444	10.474	U		
12/31/2013	N/A	9.660	260	12/31/2013	N/A	9.585	17		
12/31/2013	9.660	9.000 10.038	605	12/31/2013	9.585	9.565 9.902	52		
			848						
12/31/2015	10.038	9.812	040	12/31/2015	9.902	9.621	25		

M&E Charge 1.40%			M&E Charge 2.00%				
Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period	Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period
AZL Russell 100	0 Growth Index Fu	ınd					
12/31/2014	N/A	17.777	56	12/31/2014	N/A	17.287	0
12/31/2015	17.777	18.384	183	12/31/2015	17.287	17.772	5
AZL Russell 100	0 Russell Value Fu			,			
12/31/2014	N/A	16.928	36	12/31/2014	N/A	16.461	0
12/31/2015	16.928	15.955	92	12/31/2015	16.461	15.424	0
AZL S&P 500 Inc		.0.000	<u> </u>	12/01/2010			•
12/31/2013	N/A	12.562	1229	12/31/2013	N/A	12.070	17
12/31/2014	12.562	14.014	1586	12/31/2014	12.070	13.386	22
12/31/2015	14.014	13.952	1840	12/31/2015	13.386	13.248	38
	merging Markets E		1040	12/01/2010	10.000	10.240	30
12/31/2013	N/A	11.267	0	12/31/2013	N/A	10.760	0
12/31/2013	11.267	10.532	0	12/31/2013	10.760	9.999	0
12/31/2014	10.532	9.048	2	12/31/2014	9.999	9.999 8.540	
		9.048	۷	12/31/2015	9.999	0.340	0
•	Stock Index Fund	45.450	40	40/04/0040	NI/A	44.540	^
12/31/2013	N/A	15.158	46	12/31/2013	N/A	14.546	0
12/31/2014	15.158	15.731	99	12/31/2014	14.546	15.026	0
12/31/2015	15.731	15.127	111	12/31/2015	15.026	14.364	0
	ice Capital Appreci			,			
12/31/2013	N/A	15.315	368	12/31/2013	N/A	14.238	9
12/31/2014	15.315	16.882	460	12/31/2014	14.238	15.603	17
12/31/2015	16.882	17.493	563	12/31/2015	15.603	16.072	22
BlackRock Globa	al Allocation V.I. Fu	und					
12/31/2013	N/A	11.882	1165	12/31/2013	N/A	11.486	18
12/31/2014	11.882	11.945	1358	12/31/2014	11.486	11.478	23
12/31/2015	11.945	11.662	1332	12/31/2015	11.478	11.140	24
Davis VA Financ							
12/31/2013	N/A	17.582	0	12/31/2013	N/A	16.174	0
12/31/2014	17.582	19.567	0	12/31/2014	16.174	17.894	0
12/31/2015	19.567	19.683	0	12/31/2015	17.894	17.895	0
	dsManager 50% Po			12/01/2010	17.004	17.000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
12/31/2013	N/A	13.236	71	12/31/2013	N/A	12.638	3
12/31/2014	13.236	13.700	83	12/31/2014	12.638	13.004	2
12/31/2014	13.700	13.508	81	12/31/2014	13.004	12.746	2
	dsManager 60% Po		01	12/31/2013	13.004	12.740	2
•	-		04	40/24/2042	NI/A	44.074	40
12/31/2013	N/A	12.436	91	12/31/2013	N/A	11.971	40
12/31/2014	12.436	12.909	116	12/31/2014	11.971	12.354	36
12/31/2015	12.909	12.765	127	12/31/2015	12.354	12.144	32
	ng Funds Allocation			1 40/01/2010		10 = 2 :	_
12/31/2013	N/A	11.004	0	12/31/2013	N/A	10.584	0
12/31/2014	11.004	11.161	7	12/31/2014	10.584	10.672	0
12/31/2015	11.161	10.323	12	12/31/2015	10.672	9.813	0
Franklin High Inc	come VIP Fund						
12/31/2013	N/A	37.659	3	12/31/2013	N/A	32.426	0
12/31/2014	37.659	37.130	3	12/31/2014	32.426	31.782	0
12/31/2015	37.130	33.277	9	12/31/2015	31.782	28.316	0
Franklin Income	VIP Fund						
12/31/2013	N/A	62.969	961	12/31/2013	N/A	54.218	41
12/31/2014	62.969	64.966	2191	12/31/2014	54.218	55.608	70
12/31/2015	64.966	59.549	2855	12/31/2015	55.608	50.672	77
	Shares VIP Fund					22.0.2	
12/31/2013	N/A	28.379	279	12/31/2013	N/A	25.605	2
12/31/2013	28.379	29.981	342	12/31/2014	25.605	26.891	3
12/31/2014	29.981	28.107	353	12/31/2014	26.891	25.062	7
12/31/2013	23.30 I	20.107	333	12/31/2013	۷۵.03۱	ZJ.UUZ	ı

	M&E Charge 1.40%			M&E Charge 2.00%					
Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period	Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period		
	vernment Securitie			1			0.1.0		
12/31/2013	N/A	29.618	136	12/31/2013	N/A	25.522	6		
12/31/2014	29.618	30.197	334	12/31/2014	25.522	25.868	10		
12/31/2015	30.197	29.922	512	12/31/2015	25.868	25.482	15		
	ance Trust Core Bo								
12/31/2014	N/A	13.502	83	12/31/2014	N/A	12.841	0		
12/31/2015	13.502	13.431	215	12/31/2015	12.841	12.698	0		
MFS VIT Total R	Return Bond Portfol	io		,					
12/31/2014	N/A	17.753	44	12/31/2014	N/A	16.256	25		
12/31/2015	17.753	17.406	120	12/31/2015	16.256	15.845	13		
PIMCO VIT All A	sset Portfolio			·					
12/31/2013	N/A	16.193	1259	12/31/2013	N/A	15.281	29		
12/31/2014	16.193	16.045	1821	12/31/2014	15.281	15.053	56		
12/31/2015	16.045	14.402	1922	12/31/2015	15.053	13.431	64		
PIMCO VIT Com	nmodityRealReturn	Strategy Portfolio							
12/31/2013	N/A	9.700	0	12/31/2013	N/A	9.209	0		
12/31/2014	9.700	7.804	1	12/31/2014	9.209	7.365	0		
12/31/2015	7.804	5.718	1	12/31/2015	7.365	5.364	0		
PIMCO VIT Eme	erging Markets Bon	d Portfolio							
12/31/2013	N/A	16.487	0	12/31/2013	N/A	15.652	0		
12/31/2014	16.487	16.504	0	12/31/2014	15.652	15.576	0		
12/31/2015	16.504	15.911	0	12/31/2015	15.576	14.928	0		
PIMCO VIT Glob	al Advantage Stra	tegy Bond Portfolio							
12/31/2013	N/A	9.815	601	12/31/2013	N/A	9.660	32		
12/31/2014	9.815	9.535	969	12/31/2014	9.660	9.329	53		
12/31/2015	9.535	8.931	1302	12/31/2015	9.329	8.686	77		
PIMCO VIT Glob	al Bond Portfolio (Unhedged)							
12/31/2013	N/A	13.078	0	12/31/2013	N/A	12.416	0		
12/31/2014	13.078	13.190	0	12/31/2014	12.416	12.448	0		
12/31/2015	13.190	12.483	0	12/31/2015	12.448	11.712	0		
PIMCO VIT Glob	al Dividend Portfo	lio							
12/31/2013	N/A	12.358	95	12/31/2013	N/A	12.090	0		
12/31/2014	12.358	12.298	140	12/31/2014	12.090	11.960	0		
12/31/2015	12.298	11.036	174	12/31/2015	11.960	10.669	0		
PIMCO VIT Glob	al Multi-Asset Mar	naged Allocation Po	rtfolio						
12/31/2013	N/A	10.390	224	12/31/2013	N/A	10.133	5		
12/31/2014	10.390	10.728	209	12/31/2014	10.133	10.401	6		
12/31/2015	10.728	10.565	192	12/31/2015	10.401	10.182	4		
PIMCO VIT Glob	oal Multi-Asset Mar	naged Volatility Port	folio						
12/31/2013	N/A	9.478	1426	12/31/2013	N/A	9.384	63		
12/31/2014	9.478	9.804	2187	12/31/2014	9.384	9.649	143		
12/31/2015	9.804	9.566	2979	12/31/2015	9.649	9.360	162		
PIMCO VIT High	Yield Portfolio								
12/31/2013	N/A	20.195	1681	12/31/2013	N/A	18.578	31		
12/31/2014	20.195	20.581	2882	12/31/2014	18.578	18.822	74		
12/31/2015	20.581	19.963	3519	12/31/2015	18.822	18.149	114		
PIMCO VIT Rea	I Return Portfolio								
12/31/2013	N/A	14.865	887	12/31/2013	N/A	13.944	40		
12/31/2014	14.865	15.113	1370	12/31/2014	13.944	14.093	66		
12/31/2015	15.113	14.501	1649	12/31/2015	14.093	13.433	74		
PIMCO VIT Tota	l Return Portfolio								
12/31/2013	N/A	19.827	1429	12/31/2013	N/A	18.240	73		
12/31/2014	19.827	20.390	2148	12/31/2014	18.240	18.647	127		
12/31/2015	20.390	20.199	2644	12/31/2015	18.647	18.363	135		

M&E Charge 1.40%				M&E Charge 2.00%				
Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period	Period or Year Ended	AUV at Beginning of Period	AUV at End of Period	Number of Accumulation Units Outstanding at End of Period	
PIMCO VIT Uno	onstrained Bond P	ortfolio						
12/31/2013	N/A	10.155	1792	12/31/2013	N/A	9.995	82	
12/31/2014	10.155	10.320	2805	12/31/2014	9.995	10.097	106	
12/31/2015	10.320	10.006	3275	12/31/2015	10.097	9.732	130	
RCM Dynamic M	//ulti-Asset Plus VI	ΓPortfolio						
12/31/2015	N/A	9.202	243	12/31/2015	N/A	9.164	0	
Templeton Globa	al Bond VIP Fund			·				
12/31/2013	N/A	49.781	799	12/31/2013	N/A	43.040	12	
12/31/2014	49.781	49.994	1249	12/31/2014	43.040	42.969	24	
12/31/2015	49.994	47.181	1513	12/31/2015	42.969	40.313	30	
Templeton Grow	th VIP Fund			,				
12/31/2013	N/A	32.495	232	12/31/2013	N/A	28.856	5	
12/31/2014	32.495	31.144	322	12/31/2014	28.856	27.493	8	
12/31/2015	31.144	28.722	295	12/31/2015	27.493	25.206	8	

APPENDIX C – EFFECTS OF PARTIAL WITHDRAWALS AND LIFETIME PAYMENTS ON THE VALUES AVAILABLE UNDER THE CONTRACT

These calculations show the effects of partial withdrawals and lifetime payments on the Contract's values. All fractional numbers in these examples have been rounded up to the next whole number.

Partial withdrawals (including any withdrawal charges, but not amounts we withdraw for other Contract charges) reduce the Contract Value on a dollar for dollar basis, and reduce all of the guaranteed values by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn.

The following example shows the effect on the available guaranteed values assuming a Contract with a \$90,000 initial Purchase Payment and a \$5,000 free partial withdrawal (before beginning any Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments) when the Contract Value and Rider Anniversary Value are \$100,000, Benefit Base is \$104,040, and Quarterly Anniversary Value is \$102,000. The Traditional Death Benefit guaranteed value is total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals.

Partial Withdrawal	Contract Value	Total Income Value (Income Focus) and Traditional Death Benefit guaranteed value	Benefit Base (Income Protector)	Rider Anniversary Value (Investment Protector)	Quarterly Anniversary Value (Quarterly Value Death Benefit)
Prior to withdrawal \$5,000 withdrawal	\$ 100,000 - \$5,000	\$ 90,000 -[(\$5,000/ 100,000) x x 90,000)] \$4,500	\$104,040 -[(\$5,000/ 100,000) x 104,040)] =- \$5,202	\$100,000 <u>-[(\$5,000/ 100,000) x</u> <u>x 100,000)]</u> =- \$5,000	\$102,000 -[(\$5,000/ 100,000) X 102,000)] =- \$5,100
After withdrawal	\$ 95,000	\$ 85,500	\$ 98,838	\$ 95,000	\$ 96,900

Lifetime Plus Payments under Income Protector and Income Focus Payments under Income Focus reduce the Contract Value on a dollar for dollar basis and reduce other benefits guaranteed values by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn. However, Lifetime Plus Payments do not reduce the Benefit Base and Income Focus Payments do not reduce Income Values.

The following example shows the effect of taking the annual maximum payment on your Contract under Income Protector or Income Focus if you are the sole Covered Person. For Income Protector, assume you begin payments at age 62 when the Contract Value is \$97,000, the Benefit Base is \$120,000, and the annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment is \$4,800 (4% of the \$120,000 Benefit Base). For Income Focus, assume you begin payments when your Income Value Percentage is 6.25% and the annual maximum Income Focus Payment is \$5,344 (6.25% of the \$85,500 Income Value).

		Traditional Death				Traditional Death	
Lifetime Plus Payment	Contract Value	Benefit guaranteed value	Benefit Base	Income Focus Payment	Contract Value	Benefit guaranteed value	Income Value
Before payment \$4,800 payment	\$ 97,000	\$ 85,500 -[(\$4,800/ 97,000) x 85,500)] =	\$ 120,000	Before payment \$5,344 payment	\$ 97,000	\$ 85,500 -[(\$5,344/ 97,000) x 85,500)] =	\$ 85,500
	<u>- \$4,800</u>	<u> \$4,231 </u>	no change		<u> \$5,344 </u>	<u> </u>	no change
After payment	\$ 92,200	\$ 81,269	\$ 120,000	After payment	\$ 91,656	\$ 80,790	\$ 85,500

An Excess Withdrawal is a withdrawal you take while you are receiving Lifetime Plus Payments or Income Focus Payments, that when added to any other withdrawals taken during the Benefit Year and your annual actual payment, is greater than your current annual maximum lifetime payment. Partial Excess Withdrawals (including withdrawal charges, but not amounts we withdraw for other Contract charges) immediately reduce the Contract Value on a dollar for dollar basis, and reduce all of the guaranteed values by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn. Partial Excess Withdrawals also reduce the annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment or annual maximum Income Focus Payment on the next Benefit Anniversary.

Continuing from the annual maximum payment example, assume you take a \$5,000 partial Excess Withdrawal later in the first Benefit Year when the Contract Value is \$92,000.

Excess Withdrawal	Contract Value	Traditional Death Benefit guaranteed value	Benefit Base	Next anniverary's annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment	Income Value	Next anniverary's annual maximum Income Focus Payment
Prior to withdrawal \$5,000 withdrawal	\$ 92,000 - \$5,000	\$ 81,269 -[(\$5,000/ 92,000) x 81,269)] =- \$4,417	\$ 120,000 -[(\$5,000/ 92,000) x 120,000)] =- \$6,522	\$ 4,800 -[(\$5,000/ 92,000) x 4,800)] =- \$261	\$ 85,500 -[(\$5,000/ 92,000) x 85,500 =- \$4,647	\$ 5,344 -[(\$5,000/ 92,000) x 5,344)] =- \$290
After withdrawal	\$ 87,000	\$ 76,852	\$ 113,478	\$ 4,539	\$ 80,853	\$ 5,054

APPENDIX D - ORIGINAL TRADITIONAL DEATH BENEFIT

The original Traditional Death Benefit was available from November 20, 2012 through April 26, 2013 in most states. However, the original Traditional Death Benefit continued to be available in the following states until July 19, 2013: Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Kentucky, Maryland, Minnesota, Montana, Virginia, and Wyoming. The original Traditional Death Benefit also continued to be available in California until October 11, 2013. The only differences between this benefit and the benefit discussed in section 10, Death Benefit is that the original Traditional Death Benefit is not a first-to-die death benefit based on the Determining Life (Lives). As a result, the original Traditional Death Benefit ends upon the earliest of the following.

- The Business Day before the Annuity Date.
- The Business Day that total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals and Contract Value are both zero.
- The Business Day the Contract ends.

Also, upon the death of the Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), if a surviving spouse continues the Contract the original Traditional Death Benefit continues.

APPENDIX E – ORIGINAL QUARTERLY VALUE DEATH BENEFIT

The original Quarterly Value Death Benefit was available from November 20, 2012 through April 26, 2013 in some states. However, the original Quarterly Value Death Benefit continued to be available in the following states until July 19, 2013: Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Kentucky, Maryland, Minnesota, Montana, Virginia, and Wyoming. The original Quarterly Value Death Benefit also continued to be available in California until October 11, 2013. The only difference between this benefit and the benefit discussed in section 11.c, Quarterly Value Death Benefit is that the original Quarterly Value Death Benefit is not a first-to-die death benefit based on the Determining Life (Lives). As a result, the original Quarterly Value Death Benefit ends upon the earliest of the following.

- The Business Day before the Annuity Date.
- The Business Day that the Quarterly Anniversary Value and Contract Value are both zero.
- The Business Day the Contract ends.

Also, upon the death of the Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), if a surviving spouse continues the Contract the original Quarterly Value Death Benefit continues.

APPENDIX F - INCOME FOCUS

Income Focus was available from April 29, 2013 through April 24, 2015. Income Focus has a rider charge that we deduct from your Contract Value (and Bonus Value, if applicable) during the Accumulation Phase while your benefit is in effect and your Contract Value is positive. The rider charge is an annualized rate that is calculated and accrued on a daily basis as a percentage of the Total Income Value. For information on how we calculate and deduct the rider charge, and when we deduct the final rider charge, see section 7, Expenses – Rider Charge.

	Rider Charge			
	Maximum	Minimum	Current	
Income Focus ⁽¹⁾				
Single Income Focus Payments (as a percentage of the Total Income Value)	2.75%	0.50%	1.30%	
Joint Income Focus Payments (as a percentage of the Total Income Value)	2.95%	0.50%	1.30%	

Diday Charge

We reserve the right to increase or decrease the rider charge on each Quarterly Anniversary, subject to the maximum and minimum. However, in any twelve-month period we cannot increase or decrease the rider charge more than 0.50%. If we increase your rider charge, we notify you in writing at least 30 days in advance to allow you the option of accepting the charge increase, or removing your benefit before the charge increases. Alternatively, you can instead reject this charge increase and all future rider charge changes by selecting the Charge Lock Option rider. The Charge Lock Option rider allows you to keep your benefit at the current rider charge, but with reduced guaranteed values and payments, and no opportunity for future payment increases or future rider charge decreases. For information on how we deduct the rider charge from your Contract, please see section 7, Expenses – Rider Charge.

We designed Income Focus Payments to last for the lifetime of the Covered Person(s). If you do not begin Income Focus Payments before all Covered Persons die or are removed from the Contract, Income Focus ends and you will not receive any payments. Income Focus Payments are available once the younger Covered Person reaches age 60 and before the older Covered Person reaches age 91. You choose your payment frequency and amount subject to an annual maximum. Once established, the annual maximum Income Focus Payment can increase, but it cannot decrease unless you take an Excess Withdrawal.

REMOVING INCOME FOCUS

You can remove Income Focus from your Contract while the Contract Value is positive.

You can remove Income Focus by completing the appropriate form. We remove this benefit from your Contract on the Quarterly Anniversary (or on the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day) that occurs immediately after we receive your request in Good Order at our Service Center, and the rider termination date is that Quarterly Anniversary.

⁽¹⁾ If you select the Charge Lock Option rider, the rider charge for Income Focus is fixed at the rate in effect on the Charge Lock Date. You will continue to pay the rider charge after the Charge Lock Date as long as Income Focus is in effect and your Contract Value is positive.

If we increase this benefit's rider charge and you want to remove this benefit before the increase, we must receive this form within 30 days of the date of our letter notifying you of the rider charge increase. If we receive your form after this period, we increase your rider charge and ask you to resubmit the form for the next Quarterly Anniversary.

If you are removing this benefit for any other reason, your request is in Good Order if we receive this form no earlier than 30 days before a Quarterly Anniversary, and no later than 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the last Business Day before the Quarterly Anniversary. If we receive your request outside this time period, we ask you to resubmit it for the next Quarterly Anniversary.

You must transfer your Contract Value out of Income Focus' Investment Options and remove these Investment Options from your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions for your removal request to be in Good Order.

On the rider termination date Income Focus Payments (if applicable) stop, we deduct the final rider charge, and the restrictions on additional Purchase Payments and Contract Value allocations and transfers no longer apply.

INCOME FOCUS PAYMENT OVERVIEW

Your annual maximum Income Focus Payment is equal to the sum of all Income Values multiplied by their associated Income Value Percentages. Each Income Value is equal to one or more of your Purchase Payments received in a Rider Year, adjusted for any partial withdrawals as discussed under "Income Values." Each Income Value has an associated Income Value Percentage. Each Income Value Percentage is initially based on the Covered Person's age at the time you selected Income Focus as set out in the following table.

Initial Income Value Percentage Table						
Age of the Covered Person on the Rider Effective Date for single Income Focus Payments	Initial Income Value Percentage	Age of the younger Covered Person on the Rider Effective Date for joint Income Focus Payments	Initial Income Value Percentage			
45 – 64	3.25%	45 – 64	2.75%			
65 – 79	3.75%	65 – 79	3.25%			
80+	4.75%	80+	4.25%			

Income Value Percentages can increase by 1% annually based on positive Contract Value performance from one Rider Anniversary or Benefit Anniversary to the next as discussed under "Income Value Percentages and Performance Increases." A Benefit Anniversary is a twelve-month anniversary of the Benefit Date that Income Focus Payments begin. You can receive the 1% Performance Increases both before and after you begin receiving Income Focus Payments. Before payments begin, the first Income Value is eligible for a Performance Increase on the first Rider Anniversary and any subsequent Income Values are eligible for Performance Increases on the second Rider Anniversary after they are established.

The annual maximum Income Focus Payment is the amount you are entitled to receive each year, but you can choose to take an actual payment that is less than your annual maximum Income Focus Payment. If you take less than 100% of your annual maximum Income Focus Payment in a Benefit Year, you are not eligible to receive a Performance **Increase in the next Benefit Year.** For more information, see "Income Value Percentages and Performance Increases."

Assume you purchase a Contract with Income Focus at age 60 with a \$100,000 initial Purchase Payment, and you are the sole Covered Person. Your first Income Value is this initial Purchase Payment and its associated Income Value Percentage based on the table is 3.75%. At this time your annual maximum Income Focus Payment would be \$3,750 (3.75% x \$100,000).

On the first Rider Anniversary (which is also the first Contract Anniversary) if your Contract Value after deduction of all fees and expenses is greater than your initial Purchase Payment, we apply a 1% Performance Increase to your first Income Value Percentage, so it is now 4.75%. At this time your annual maximum Income Focus Payment would be \$4,750 (4.75% x \$100,000).

If you make a series of additional Purchase Payments in the second Rider Year totaling \$5,000, we establish a second Income Value equal to these payments, and a second Income Value Percentage which is initially equal to 3.75%. This second Income Value is not eligible for a Performance Increase until the third Rider Anniversary. At this time your annual maximum Income Focus Payment would be \$4,937.50 [(4.75% x \$100,000) + (3.75% x \$5,000)].

TOTAL INCOME VALUE

The Total Income Value determines your rider charge and is equal to the sum of all Income Values.

INCOME VALUES

Income Values help determine both your rider charge and your annual maximum Income Focus Payment. The greater the total Income Values, the greater the annual maximum Income Focus Payment.

For each period, we establish a new Income Value on the Business Day we first receive a Purchase Payment. We establish Income Values during the first Rider Year as follows.

- If the Rider Effective Date is the Issue Date, the first Income Value is equal to all Purchase Payments received before the first Quarterly Anniversary. If you make any additional Purchase Payments on or after the first Quarterly Anniversary and before the first Rider Anniversary we add them together and establish a new Income Value.
- If the Rider Effective Date occurs after the Issue Date, the first Income Value is initially equal to the Contract Value at the end of the prior Business Day. If you make any additional Purchase Payments during the first Rider Year we add them together and establish a new Income Value.

If you make additional Purchase Payments in subsequent Rider Years, we establish a new Income Value each Rider Year. We establish each Income Value on the Business Day we receive the first Purchase Payment in a Rider Year; we add any additional Purchase Payments we receive during the same Rider Year to the existing Income Value.

Each Business Day before the Benefit Date, if you take a withdrawal, we reduce each Income Value by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn. Each Business Day on or after the Benefit Date, if you take an Excess Withdrawal we reduce each Income Value by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn. Withdrawals include any withdrawal charges, but do not include Income Focus Payments or amounts we withdraw for other Contract charges.

NOTE: For Contracts with the Bonus Option, bonus amounts are not included in the Income Values or Total Income Value. However, vested bonus amounts are included in the Performance Increase calculation.

INCOME VALUE PERCENTAGES AND PERFORMANCE INCREASES

Income Value Percentages help determine your annual maximum Income Focus Payment. The higher the Income Value Percentage, the greater the annual maximum Income Focus Payment.

Each Income Value has an associated Income Value Percentage. We determine your initial Income Value Percentage for each Income Value by using the Initial Income Value Percentage Table as discussed in "Income Focus Payment Overview."

On each Rider Anniversary before the Benefit Date, and on each Benefit Anniversary after the Benefit Date if you took the entire annual maximum Income Focus Payment during the prior year, you receive a Performance Increase of 1% to each Income Value Percentage associated with an eligible Income Value if the Contract Value (or Bonus Value if you select the Bonus Option) increases as discussed next in this section. Before the Benefit Date, each Income Value is eligible for a Performance Increase on the second Rider Anniversary that occurs after we establish it. On the first Rider Anniversary, only the first Income Value is eligible for a Performance Increase. Performance Increases are not available once the older Covered Person reaches age 91.

Performance Increases On or Before the Benefit Date

On each Rider Anniversary you receive a 1% Performance Increase if the Contract Value is greater than the Contract Value on the prior Rider Anniversary (or Rider Effective Date if this is the first Rider Anniversary). If a Rider Anniversary does not occur on a Business Day, we use Contract Values from the next Business Day. For the Rider Effective Date and each Rider Anniversary we exclude from that day's Contract Value any Daily Transactions. Before we make this comparison, if we received any Purchase Payments during the last Rider Year we subtract these payments from the current Contract Value.

However, if you selected Income Focus at issue and this is the first Rider Anniversary, you receive a Performance Increase if the Contract Value excluding any Daily Transactions and any Purchase Payments received on or after the first Quarterly Anniversary is greater than the total Purchase Payments received before the first Quarterly Anniversary.

Performance Increases After the Benefit Date

On each Benefit Anniversary you receive a Performance Increase if the Contract Value is greater than the Contract Value on the prior Benefit Anniversary (or Benefit Date if this is the first Benefit Anniversary). If either of these dates does not occur on a Business Day, we use Contract Values from the next Business Day. For the Benefit Date and each Benefit Anniversary we exclude from that day's Contract Value any Daily Transactions.

NOTE:

- Performance Increases are not available once the older Covered Person reaches age 91.
- After the Benefit Date Performance Increases are only available while your Contract Value is positive and if you took your annual maximum Income Focus Payment during the last Benefit Year.
- If we increased the Contract Value to equal the death benefit due to a spousal continuation of the Contract during the last Rider Year or Benefit Year, we also subtract the amount of this increase from the Contract Value on the next Rider Anniversary or Benefit Anniversary when determining Performance Increases.
- For Contracts with the Bonus Option, we include any unvested Bonus amounts when determining Performance Increases. So when we compute a Performance Increase, each Purchase Payment includes its associated bonus and we use Bonus Values instead of Contract Values.

REQUESTING INCOME FOCUS PAYMENTS

You request Income Focus Payments by completing a payment election form. Income Focus Payments begin on the Benefit Date. The Benefit Date can be either the 1st or 15th of a calendar month, or any other day that you request and we agree to. However, we do not allow the Benefit Date to be later than the 28th of a calendar month. At least one Covered Person must be alive on the Benefit Date in order for Income Focus Payments to begin. You cannot submit this form until the younger Covered Person reaches age 60, or once the older Covered Person reaches age 91.

We will begin making payments to you automatically without your request if your Contract Value reduces to zero for any reason other than a withdrawal or annuitization while this benefit is in effect and before the Benefit Date. In this instance we calculate your annual maximum Income Focus Payment and begin making annual payments to you on the next available Benefit Date.

If the Benefit Date has not occurred six months before the older Covered Person reaches age 91, we send you written notice that the benefit is about to end. If the benefit ends before Income Focus Payments begin, you will have paid for the benefit without receiving any of its advantages.

Once Income Focus Payments begin:

- You cannot make additional Purchase Payments, therefore total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals under the Traditional Death Benefit (if applicable) no longer increases.
- Any active automatic investment plan and/or systematic withdrawal program ends.
- The free withdrawal privilege is not available.
- You can only remove Income Focus while the Contract Value is positive. If you remove this benefit, the restrictions listed above do not apply on or after the rider termination date.
- In most states, you can only change the Owner if you selected joint Income Focus Payments and an Owner dies and the spouse continues the Contract. In Florida, Ohio, Oregon, or Wisconsin we cannot restrict assignments or changes of ownership and if you assign or change ownership and the Covered Persons no longer have the required relationship as stated in section 2, Income Focus ends.
- The rider charge continues until the benefit ends, or the Business Day the Contract Value reduces to zero.
- If you have the Quarterly Value Death Benefit, its additional M&E charge continues as indicated in section 7, Expenses Mortality and Expense Risk (M&E) Charge.
- If you annuitize the Contract, Income Focus Payments stop and Income Focus ends.
- The Contract Value continues to fluctuate as a result of Investment Option performance. It decreases on a dollar for dollar basis with each Income Focus Payment, Excess Withdrawal, and any Contract charges we deduct.
- Income Focus Payments do not reduce your Income Values, but Excess Withdrawals reduce the annual maximum Income Focus Payment and each Income Value by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn (including any withdrawal charge). If you take an Excess Withdrawal of your total Contract Value, Income Focus Payments stop and Income Focus ends.

- Each Income Focus Payment and any Excess Withdrawal reduces total Purchase Payments adjusted for withdrawals under the Traditional Death Benefit (or the Quarterly Anniversary Value under the Quarterly Value Death Benefit, if applicable) by the percentage of Contract Value withdrawn (including any withdrawal charge).
- Any part of your annual maximum Income Focus Payment that you do not withdraw in a given Benefit Year remains in your Contract for the remainder of that year, but is not added to the annual maximum payment available next year.
- You may receive a Performance Increase to Income Value Percentages on every Benefit Anniversary before the older Covered Person reaches age 91. Performance Increases increase your annual maximum Income Focus Payment.

CALCULATING YOUR INCOME FOCUS PAYMENTS

The annual maximum Income Focus Payment is the amount you are entitled to receive each Benefit Year. On the Benefit Date and each subsequent Benefit Anniversary, your annual maximum Income Focus Payment is equal to the sum of all Income Values multiplied by their associated Income Value Percentages. On the Benefit Date, if your initial annual maximum Income Focus Payment is less than \$100, the benefit ends and you will have paid for the benefit without receiving any of its advantages. For example, assuming a single Income Value and an Income Value Percentage of 6.25%, if you take withdrawals that reduce the Income Value to less than \$1,600, this would result in an initial Income Focus Payment of less than \$100.

You can receive Income Focus Payments monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually. If the scheduled payment date does not fall on a Business Day, we make the payment on the next Business Day.

You can change your payment frequency once each Benefit Year while your Contract Value is positive. You must provide notice of any requested payment frequency change to our Service Center at least 30 days before the Benefit Anniversary. If the change is available, we implement it on the Benefit Anniversary and it remains in effect until the benefit ends or you request another change. We do not accept payment frequency changes that would cause us to make payments of \$0.01 to \$99.99.

The annual maximum Income Focus Payment is the amount you are entitled to, but you can choose to take less. The annual actual Income Focus Payment is the total amount you choose to receive each year. Any part of your annual maximum payment that you do not withdraw in a given Benefit Year is not added to the annual maximum payment available next year. Each Income Focus Payment you receive is equal to the annual actual Income Focus Payment divided by the number of payments you chose to receive during the Benefit Year. Each actual Income Focus Payment must either be zero, or \$100 or more. For example, you cannot request an annual payment of \$50.

If you would like to take less than the maximum available payment, you can change your payment amount once each Benefit Year while your Contract Value is positive by providing notice to our Service Center at least 30 days before the Benefit Anniversary. If the change is available, we implement it on the Benefit Anniversary and it remains in effect until the benefit ends or you request another change.

Once Income Focus Payments have begun, if your Contract Value reduces to zero for any reason other than an Excess Withdrawal or annuitization, you will continue to receive your maximum Income Focus Payment at the previous selected payment frequency until the earlier of the death of the Owner or last surviving Covered Person.

We deduct each Income Focus Payment, Excess Withdrawal, and any additional payment resulting from a required minimum distribution, proportionately from the Investment Options. We continue to rebalance the Contract Value quarterly among the Investment Options according to your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions while this benefit is in effect. You can also continue to make transfers between the Investment Options while your benefit is in effect, subject to the restrictions set out in section 5, Investment Options — Transfers Between Investment Options, and the "Investment Option Allocation and Transfer Restrictions" discussion later in this section.

Excess Withdrawals

Your annual maximum Income Focus Payment only decreases if you take an Excess Withdrawal. An Excess Withdrawal is a withdrawal you take while you are receiving Income Focus Payments, that when added to any other withdrawals taken during the Benefit Year and your annual actual payment, is greater than your current annual maximum payment. If your actual Income Focus Payment is less than your annual maximum payment, you can withdraw the difference and we consider that withdrawal to be an additional actual Income Focus Payment, and not an Excess Withdrawal. Excess Withdrawals include any applicable withdrawal charge, but do not include amounts we withdraw for other Contract charges.

For example, assume your annual maximum Income Focus Payment is \$2,000 and you take an annual actual Income Focus Payment of \$1,000. Within a Benefit Year, you can take an additional withdrawal of up to \$1,000 and we consider that to be an additional actual Income Focus Payment. If you withdraw \$1,200, we consider the first \$1,000 to be an additional actual Income Focus Payment and the next \$200 to be an Excess Withdrawal.

Any partial Excess Withdrawal must comply with the restrictions in section 8, Access to Your Money and the following provisions. If your Contract Value is less than \$2,000, you can only withdraw the total remaining Contract Value (less any rider charge). Also, if at the end of the Business Day that we process your Excess Withdrawal your Contract Value is less than \$2,000, you must withdraw the total remaining Contract Value (less any rider charge). If you take an Excess Withdrawal of the total remaining Contract Value your entire Contract ends.

Excess Withdrawals reduce each Income Value on the Business Day we process the withdrawal, but they do not reduce your annual maximum Income Focus Payment until the next Benefit Anniversary after the withdrawal. If partial Excess Withdrawals reduce your annual maximum Income Focus Payment to less than \$100, we send you the total remaining Contract Value (less any rider charge) and your Contract ends.

NOTE:

- For Qualified Contracts, if we calculate a required minimum distribution (RMD) based on this Contract, after making all Income Focus Payments for the calendar year, we determine whether this calendar year's total RMD has been satisfied by these payments and any Excess Withdrawals. If the RMD amount has not been satisfied, we send you this remaining amount as one RMD payment by the end of the calendar year. We consider this payment to be a withdrawal, but it is not an Excess Withdrawal and it is not subject to a withdrawal charge.
- For required annuitization, if on the maximum permitted Annuity Date you are receiving Income Focus Payments, we guarantee to pay you the greater of your maximum Income Focus Payment or Annuity Payments based on the Contract Value under Annuity Option 1 or Annuity Option 3. If you select any other Annuity Option, this guarantee does not apply. For more information, see section 9, The Annuity Phase.

TAXATION OF INCOME FOCUS PAYMENTS

We treat Income Focus Payments as withdrawals for tax purposes as discussed in section 12, Taxes – Taxation of Lifetime Payments.

CHARGE LOCK OPTION

If we increase Income Focus' rider charge, you can reject this charge increase and all future rider charge changes by selecting the Charge Lock Option rider. You keep Income Focus at the current rider charge, but we subtract 1% from all your Income Value Percentages, and you have no opportunity for future Performance Increases or future rider charge decreases.

We notify you in writing at least 30 days in advance of any increase to your rider charge. The notice will include information on the amount of increase to your rider charge, and the options available to you (accept the rider charge increase, remove Income Focus from your contract, or select the Charge Lock Option rider). If you are interested in the Charge Lock Option rider we ask you to either contact your Financial Professional or call us and we will send you the Charge Lock Option selection form and a copy of this prospectus. After we receive your selection form in Good Order at our Service Center, the Charge Lock Option becomes effective on the Quarterly Anniversary that we are scheduled to increase the rider charge (or on the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day). To be in Good Order, we must receive your selection form no later than 4 p.m. Eastern Time on the last Business Day before the Quarterly Anniversary that we are to increase the rider charge. If we receive your selection form after this date and time we do not add the Charge Lock Option rider to your Contract and we increase your rider charge, but we make no other changes to your Contract. If we do not receive your selection form in time, you can either keep Income Focus at the increased rider charge, or you can make a separate request to remove it on the next Quarterly Anniversary and you will be subject to the increased rider charge until you remove Income Focus from your Contract. If you choose to keep Income Focus and we increase your rider charge in the future, the Charge Lock Option rider will again be available to you at that time, and will be based upon your then-current rider charges.

If you select the Charge Lock Option rider, Income Focus's rider charge does not change on or after the Charge Lock Date, the Quarterly Anniversary or the next Business Day if that day is not a Business Day, that we would have otherwise increased your rider charge.

If you select the Charge Lock Option rider, you do not receive any Performance Increases after the Last Performance Increase Date. We determine the Last Performance Increase Date as follows.

If the Charge Lock Date is... the Last Performance Increase Date is...

before the Benefit Date the earlier of the Benefit Date, or the Rider Anniversary on or immediately after the Charge Lock Date

the Benefit Date the Benefit Date

after the Benefit Date the Benefit Anniversary that occurs on or immediately after the Charge Lock Date

If your Contract Value is zero on the Last Performance Increase Date, the Charge Lock Option rider ends and we make no change to Income Focus or your Income Focus Payments. If your Contract Value is positive on the Last Performance Increase Date, we reduce your benefits as follows.

If the Last Performance Increase Date is on or before the Benefit Date

- If the Last Performance Increase Date is a Rider Anniversary before the Benefit Date, we first apply a Performance Increase to each eligible Income Value Percentage if your Contract Value (or Bonus Value, if applicable) has increased.
- Next we subtract 1% from each Income Value Percentage, including the initial Income Value Percentage for any new Income Values you establish in the future. *After this date your Income Value Percentages will not increase.*
- Then on the Benefit Date we calculate your annual maximum Income Focus Payment using these reduced Income Value Percentages. *Your annual maximum Income Focus Payments will not increase after this date.*

If the Last Performance Increase Date is a Benefit Anniversary

- We first apply Performance Increases to each Income Value Percentage if your Contract Value (or Bonus Value, if applicable) has increased, and then we subtract 1% from each Income Value Percentage.
- Next we calculate your annual maximum Income Focus Payment using these reduced Income Value Percentages. Your annual maximum Income Focus Payments will not increase after this date.
- If your reduced annual maximum Income Focus Payment is \$100 or more, we verify that your annual actual Income Focus Payment meets our minimum requirements (it must be either zero, or \$100 or more you cannot request an actual payment of \$50). If it is not, we ask you to change either the payment amount, or the frequency.

A hypothetical example showing how Income Focus may be affected if you select the Charge Lock Option rider is provided in Appendix H.

The Charge Lock Option rider ends on the earlier of the Business Day Income Focus ends, or the Last Performance Increase Date if you Contract Value equals zero.

NOTE:

- Your Contract Value will continue to fluctuate with Investment Option performance after the Charge Lock Date.
- The Charge Lock Option rider is not available in Illinois and may not be available through all broker dealers. For more information, please contact us or your Financial Professional.
- If you select the Charge Lock Option rider, the reduction to Income Focus' benefits may be significant, and you may be better off either accepting the rider charge increase, or removing Income Focus from your Contract. You should consult with your Financial Professional before selecting the Charge Lock Option rider.
- For Charge Lock Option riders issued in all states except Pennsylvania: Once you select the Charge Lock Option rider, you cannot later remove it from your Contract.
- For Charge Lock Option riders issued in Pennsylvania: If you change your mind about having the Charge Lock Option rider, you can return the rider within ten days after receiving it and we treat it as if it had never been issued. If you return the Charge Lock Option rider this means we will increase your rider charge, but we will not reduce your Income Value Percentages.
- If you select the Charge Lock Option rider before Income Focus Payments begin, then request to begin payments before the Last Performance Increase Date, you give up the opportunity to receive one last Performance Increase, which may further reduce your Income Focus Payments.
- If you select the Charge Lock Option rider and the reduction to your Income Value Percentages causes your annual maximum Income Focus Payment to be less than \$100, Income Focus ends. If this occurs on the Benefit Date, you will have paid for Income Focus without receiving any of its advantages.

INVESTMENT OPTION ALLOCATION AND TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS AND QUARTERLY REBALANCING

Under Income Focus, we restrict your Investment Option selection and require you to allocate your Contract Value to the Investment Options listed below. By selecting this benefit, you agreed to allow us to rebalance your Contract Value quarterly, as described here. We put these restrictions in place to support Income Focus's guarantees. To the extent these restrictions limit your investment flexibility, they may limit the upside potential to your Investment Option returns, which may limit your Contract Value and Performance Increases.

Income Focus available Investment Options					
AZL MVP Balanced Index Strategy Fund	AZL MVP Growth Index Strategy Fund				
AZL MVP BlackRock Global Allocation Fund	AZL MVP Invesco Equity and Income Fund				
AZL MVP Franklin Templeton Founding Strategy Plus Fund	AZL MVP T. Rowe Price Capital Appreciation Fund				
AZL MVP Fusion Balanced Fund	PIMCO VIT Global Multi-Asset Managed Volatility Portfolio				
AZL MVP Fusion Conservative Fund	•				
AZL MVP Fusion Moderate Fund					

We may add, remove or substitute Investment Options from this list. We secure all necessary SEC and other governmental approvals before removing or substituting an Investment Option. We send you written notice regarding additions, removals or substitutions. When an Investment Option within this list is removed or substituted, we send you written notice 30 days before the removal or substitution date.

While your benefit is in effect and your Contract Value is positive, we rebalance your Contract Value on each Quarterly Anniversary (or the next Business Day if the Quarterly Anniversary is not a Business Day) according to your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions if they comply with the restrictions stated here. Your Investment Options' performance may cause your chosen allocations to shift. Quarterly rebalancing helps you maintain your selected allocation mix. There are no fees for the quarterly rebalancing transfers we make, and we do not count them against the free transfers we allow. To change this quarterly rebalancing, you must change your future Purchase Payment allocation instructions. Any requested change to these instructions must comply with the restrictions stated here or we reject your change.

WHEN INCOME FOCUS ENDS

Income Focus ends on the earliest of the following.

- The Business Day we process your request to remove this benefit from your Contract (the rider termination date).
- For riders issued in all states except California, Connecticut, and New Jersey, the Business Day all original Covered Persons no longer have the required relationship (Owner, Annuitant or sole Beneficiary) as stated under "Covered Persons" in section 2.
- The older Covered Person's 91st birthday if it occurs before the Benefit Date.
- The Business Day before the Annuity Date.
- The Business Day we process your request for a full withdrawal, other than a full withdrawal caused by an Income Focus Payment.
- The Benefit Date or a Benefit Anniversary if the annual maximum Income Focus Payment is less than \$100. However, this does not apply if you have the Charge Lock Option rider, your Last Performance Increase Date is the Benefit Date or a Benefit Anniversary, and on the Last Performance Increase Date your annual maximum Income Focus Payment becomes less than \$100.
- Upon the death of an Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), the end of the Business Day we first receive a Valid Claim from any one Beneficiary. However, if a federally recognized spouse is a Covered Person and continues this Contract, Income Focus also continues. In New Jersey, if a surviving civil union partner is the sole Beneficiary and takes the additional death benefit payment option described in the Contract, Income Focus ends on the Business Day before the Annuity Date.
- The date of death of the last surviving Covered Person.
- The Business Day the Contract ends.

NOTE FOR RIDERS ISSUED IN CALIFORNIA, CONNECTICUT, AND NEW JERSEY: An assignment or change of ownership does not change the Covered Person(s). After an assignment or change of ownership, if a Covered Person who was previously an Owner or Annuitant no longer has that position, Income Focus ends on the earlier of the date of death of an individual Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), or last surviving Covered Person. Upon the death of an individual Owner (or Annuitant if the Owner is a non-individual), if the deceased's spouse is a sole Beneficiary and continues the Contract, Income Focus ends on the earlier of the date of death of the surviving spouse or last surviving Covered Person. If a surviving spouse instead elects to receive payment of the death benefit, Income Focus ends on the Business Day we receive his or her Valid Claim. For riders issued in New Jersey involving civil union partners, Income Focus and Income Focus Payments may end even earlier because Contract continuation is not allowed for a surviving civil union partner. This means that Income Focus Payments may end even if a Covered Person is still alive.

APPENDIX G – PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF INCOME PROTECTOR AND INVESTMENT PROTECTOR

The benefit version identifier (for example, (07.12)) is located in your rider.

INCOME PROTECTOR

Benefit Version	Current rider charge	Annual Increase Percentage used to calculate the Annual Increase	Number of Guarantee Years used to calculate the Annual Increase		ayment Percentag nual maximum Lif		
Income Protector (04.15)	1.40% for single	6%,	30	Covered Person	n's age for single	Younger Covere	ed Person's age
available from April 27, 2015	and joint	which is 1.5%		Lifetime Plu	us Payments	for joint Lifetime	Plus Payments
through April 22, 2016	Lifetime Plus	applied		60 – 64	4.0%	60 – 64	3.5%
	Payments	quarterly		65 – 79	4.5%	65 – 79	4.0%
				80+	5.5%	80+	5.0%
Income Protector (10.12)	1.20% for single	6%,	30	Covered Person	n's age for single	Younger Covere	ed Person's age
available from April 29, 2013	and joint	which is 1.5%		Lifetime Plu	us Payments	for joint Lifetime	Plus Payments
through April 24, 2015	Lifetime Plus	applied		60 – 64	4.0%	60 – 64	3.5%
	Payments	quarterly		65 – 79	4.5%	65 – 79	4.0%
				80+	5.5%	80+	5.0%

NOTE:

- The minimum exercise age that Lifetime Plus Payments can begin is the youngest age listed in this Payment Percentages table.
- On the Rider Effective Date we establish your Contract's Annual Increase Percentage, Guarantee Years, and Payment Percentages and we cannot change these values while your benefit is in effect.

INVESTMENT PROTECTOR

Benefit Version	Current rider charge	Earliest Anniversary used to determine the initial Target Value Date	Future Anniversary used to determine subsequent Target Value Dates	Guarantee Percentage used to calculate the Target Value
Investment Protector (04.15) available from April 27, 2015 through April 22, 2016	1.30%	Tenth Rider Anniversary	Fifth Rider Anniversary	80%
Investment Protector (07.13) available from July 22, 2013 through April 24, 2015	1.30%	Tenth Rider Anniversary	Fifth Rider Anniversary	80%
Investment Protector (07.12) available from April 29, 2013 through July 19, 2013	1.30%	Tenth Rider Anniversary	Fifth Rider Anniversary	100%

NOTE: On the Rider Effective Date we establish your Contract's Earliest Anniversary, Future Anniversary, and Guarantee Percentage, and we cannot change these values while your benefit is in effect.

APPENDIX H - CHARGE LOCK OPTION EXAMPLES

These hypothetical examples show how Income Protector and Income Focus may be affected if you select the Charge Lock Option rider. These examples are intended to help you understand the Charge Lock Option rider and are not intended to display values specific to any Contract.

INCOME PROTECTOR

This hypothetical example assumes you have yet not begun Lifetime Plus Payments, and do not choose to do so on the Charge Lock Date. Your Benefit Base on the Charge Lock Date (which is also your Last Increase Date) is \$100,000, and the simple interest on your Annual Increase is 6%. Your current Income Protector rider charge is 1.20%, and we notify you that we intend to increase your rider charge to 1.45%. Assuming your Contract Value is never greater than your Annual Increase, the amount you would pay for the rider charge for one year would be \$1,227 based on a 1.20% rider charge and a 6% simple interest increase to the Benefit Base. You are the only Covered Person, your current age is 66, and the current payment percentage for ages 65-79 is 4.5%.

If you accept the rider charge increase, your Annual Increase continues receiving 6% annual simple interest, 1.5% each quarter. Assuming your Contract Value is never greater than your Annual Increase, your Benefit Base on the next rider anniversary will be \$106,000 and the available annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment at that time would be \$4,770 (4.5% x \$106,000). The amount you pay for the annual rider charge for this next year will increase to \$1,483 based on the 6% simple interest increase to your Benefit Base and the increase to the rider charge.

If instead you select the Charge Lock Option rider, we subtract 1% from the current payment percentage, so the new payment percentage for ages 65-79 will be 3.5%. Your Annual Increase will not receive simple interest after the Charge Lock Date. If you were to exercise Income Protector your annual maximum Lifetime Plus Payment will be \$3,500 (3.5% x \$100,000). *This is a loss in payment of \$1,270, and these Lifetime Plus Payments can never increase.* Finally, the amount you pay for the annual rider charge will be \$1,200 (1.20% x \$100,000) and your rider charge percentage will never change.

In this example, if you select the Charge Lock Option rider instead of accepting the rider charge increase, your rider charge does not increase (\$283 savings). However, your Lifetime Plus Payment decreases by \$1,270.

INCOME FOCUS

This hypothetical example assumes you are the sole Covered Person, and you have already begun taking Income Focus Payments. On the Last Performance Increase Date you have one Income Value of \$100,000 and its Income Value Percentage after application of the Performance Increase is 5.75%, so your annual maximum Income Focus Payment is \$5,750 (5.75% x \$100,000). Your current Income Focus rider charge is 1.30%, and we notify you that we intend to increase your rider charge to 1.55%. The amount you are currently paying for the annual rider charge before the increase is \$1,300 (1.30% x \$100,000).

If you accept the rider charge increase, your Income Value Percentage continues to be eligible for future Performance Increases and, assuming you take no Excess Withdrawals, you continue to be eligible to receive an annual maximum Income Focus Payment of at least $$5,750 (5.75\% \times 100,000)$ for the rest of your life. The amount you pay for the annual rider charge will increase to $$1,550 (1.55\% \times 100,000)$.

If instead you select the Charge Lock Option rider, we reduce your Income Value Percentage to 4.75%, which reduces your annual maximum Income Focus to \$4,750 (4.75% x \$100,000). *This is a loss in payment of \$1,000, and these Income Focus Payments can never increase*. The amount you pay for the annual rider charge remains \$1,300 and your rider charge percentage will never change.

In this example, if you select the Charge Lock Option rider instead of accepting the rider charge increase, your rider charge does not increase (\$250 savings). However, your Income Focus Payment decreases by \$1,000.

APPENDIX I - ADDITIONAL EXPENSE EXAMPLES

1.86% (the maximum Investment Option operating expense)

0.49% (the minimum Investment Option operating expense)

3) If

The expense examples contained in the Fee Tables reflect the most expensive combination of benefits that are available to a current purchaser. However, for Contracts issued before April 27, 2015, in example 1 (if you surrender your Contract) and example 3 (if you do not surrender your Contract), the most expensive combination of benefits in Year 1 are for the Base Contract with Bonus Option, Quarterly Value Death Benefit, and Income Focus with joint payments (8.5% declining withdrawal charge, 2.00% M&E charge and a maximum rider charge of 2.95%). Here are additional example 1 and example 3 figures for these Contracts.

1) If you surrender your Contract (take a full withdrawal) at the end of each time period.

Total annual Investment Option operating expenses before any fee waivers or expense reimbursements of:	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
1.86% (the maximum Investment Option operating expense)	\$1,596	\$3,063	\$4,345	\$7,064
0.49% (the minimum Investment Option operating expense)	\$1,457	\$2,665	\$3,714	\$5,972
f you do not surrender your Contract.				
Total annual Investment Option operating expenses before any fee waivers or expense reimbursements of:	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years

\$2,213

\$1,815

\$3,645

\$3,014

\$7,064

\$5,972

\$746

\$607

FOR SERVICE OR MORE INFORMATION

You can review and copy information about us, the Separate Account, the prospectus and the SAI at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. You may obtain information about the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling (202) 551-8090.

The SEC also maintains a website (www.sec.gov). The prospectus, the SAI and other information about the Contract are available on the EDGAR database on the SEC's website. If you do not have access to the website, you can get copies of information from the website upon payment of a duplication fee by writing to:

Public Reference Section of the Commission

100 F Street, NE

Washington, DC 20549

OUR SERVICE CENTER

If you need customer service (for Contract changes, information on Contract Values, requesting a withdrawal or transfer, changing your allocation instructions, etc.) please contact our Service Center at (800) 624-0197.

To send an application, a check for an additional Purchase Payment, or for general customer service, please mail to the appropriate address as follows:

Send an application or additional Purchase Payment with a check:	Send an application or general customer service without a check:
REGULAR MAIL	REGULAR MAIL
Allianz Life Insurance Company of North America	Allianz Life Insurance Company of North America
NW5989	P.O. Box 561
P.O. Box 1450	Minneapolis, MN 55440-0561
Minneapolis, MN 55485-5989	•
OVERNIGHT, CERTIFIED, OR REGISTERED MAIL	OVERNIGHT, CERTIFIED, OR REGISTERED MAIL
Allianz Life Insurance Company of North America	Allianz Life Insurance Company of North America
NW5989	5701 Golden Hills Drive
1801 Parkview Drive	Golden Valley, MN 55416-1297
Shoreview, MN 55126	•

NOTE: Checks sent to the wrong address for applications or additional Purchase Payments are forwarded to the 1801 Parkview Drive address listed above, which may delay processing.

To send information by email, please use this address: variableannuity@send.allianzlife.com. To send information over the web, please upload to your account on our website at: www.allianzlife.com. If you have questions about whether you can submit certain information by email or over the web, please contact our Service Center.

Allianz Life Insurance Company of North America PO Box 561 Minneapolis, MN 55440-0561

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